

BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY  
SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REPORT  
for Calendar Year 1997

R.J. LEE, J.R. NAIDU, G.L. SCHROEDER, D.E. PAQUETTE, S. SCARPITTA  
R. HOWE, W. DORSCH, A. BOU and W. GUNTHER

February, 1999

Environment, Safety and Health Services Division  
and Environmental Restoration Division

Brookhaven National Laboratory  
Brookhaven Science Associates  
Upton, Long Island, New York 11973

Under Contract No. DE-AC02-98CH10886 with the United States Department of Energy

#### DISCLAIMER

This report was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States Government. Neither the United States Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, nor any of their contractors, subcontractors, or their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency, contractor or subcontractor thereof. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency, contractor or subcontractor thereof.

## PREFACE

The U.S. Department of Energy Order 5400.1, "General Environmental Protection Program", establishes the requirement for environmental protection programs. These programs ensure that the Department of Energy's operations comply with applicable federal, state, and local environmental laws and regulations, executive orders, and departmental policies. Brookhaven National Laboratory established a plan for implementing this Order, which is described in the Environmental Monitoring Plan. This plan is updated annually.

The Brookhaven National Laboratory's Site Environmental Report is prepared annually pursuant to Department of Energy Order 5400.1 to summarize environmental data, characterize the Brookhaven National Laboratory Site, demonstrate compliance status, assess the impact of Brookhaven National Laboratory's operations on the environment, and document the efforts made by Brookhaven National Laboratory's Management to mitigate environmental impacts. More detailed environmental compliance, monitoring, surveillance, and study reports may be of value; therefore, to the extent practical, these additional reports are referred to in the text.

This report is prepared for the Department of Energy by the Environment, Safety and Health Services Division at Brookhaven National Laboratory; the document is the responsibility of the Environmental Protection Office of the Division. This Office is responsible for preparing the sampling plan, collecting environmental and facility samples, interpreting the results, performing impact analysis of the emissions and effluents from Brookhaven National Laboratory, and compiling the information presented here.

Although this report is written to meet Department of Energy requirements and guidelines, it is also intended to meet the needs of the public. The Executive Summary was written with a minimum of technical jargon, and a condensed version of this Site Environmental Report, titled the Summary Report, also has been prepared for public distribution. The Appendices give a list of acronyms, abbreviations, and other useful information.

Inquiries about this report and the Summary Report may be sent to the Public Affairs Office, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, New York 11973 (516 344-2345).

## ABSTRACT

This report documents the results of the Environmental Monitoring Program at Brookhaven National Laboratory and summarizes information about environmental compliance for 1997. To evaluate the effect of Brookhaven National Laboratory's operations on the local environment, measurements of direct radiation, and of a variety of radionuclides and chemical compounds in the ambient air, soil, sewage effluent, surface water, groundwater, fauna, and vegetation were made at the Brookhaven National Laboratory site and at adjacent sites. The report also evaluates the Laboratory's compliance with all applicable guides, standards, and limits for radiological and non-radiological emissions and effluents to the environment.

Areas of known contamination are subject to Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Studies under the Inter Agency Agreement established by the Department of Energy, Environmental Protection Agency and the New York Department of Environmental Conservation. Except for identified areas of soil and groundwater contamination, the environmental monitoring data have continued to demonstrate that compliance was achieved with the applicable environmental laws and regulations governing emission and discharge of materials to the environment. Also, these data show that the environmental impacts at Brookhaven National Laboratory are minimal, and do not pose a threat to the public or to the environment.

This report meets the requirements of Department of Energy Order 5400.1, General Environmental Protection Programs.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Many individuals assisted in collecting data, and preparing this report. The editors express their gratitude to all these individuals. However, the following individual efforts require special acknowledgment.

Monitoring and surveillance data were obtained through the combined efforts of the Environmental Protection Office and the Analytical Services Laboratory. Special recognition is reserved for the dedication and professionalism of the Sampling Staff: M. Bero, R. Lagattolla, and L. Lettieri and W. Rizzitello; and the Analytical Services Laboratory Staff: C. Decker, R. Gaschott, P. Hayde, E. Klug, A. Meier, L. Muench, J. Odin-McCabe, and R. Wang.

The editors further extend their appreciation to the following additional contributors of the main sections of this report, which included review of data and preparation of text. These individuals are:

Environment, Safety and Health Services Division

G. Goode, *Waste Minimization and Pollution Prevention Program*

T. Sperry, *Compliance - National Environmental Policy Act*

Other ES&HS Contributors:

R. Selvey, *Asbestos*

J. Pearsall, *Data Base and Data Reports*

R. Thompson, *Thermoluminescent Dosimeter Assays*

A. Caplan, *Summer Student - Fish Radiological Analysis*

Contributors from other Departments:

J. Meersman and Staff of the Environmental Restoration Division; in particular M. Daum, T. Burke, V. Racaniello, M. Hauptmann, and W. Medeiros; M. Clancy and T. Grieve of the Waste Management Division; P. Yalden and M. Kahanda of Graphic Arts and V. Cassella of the Meteorology Group, Department of Applied Science.

Contributions from other Agencies

The Laboratory acknowledges the continued support of the: New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, Fisheries Bureau, in the collection of fish samples from the Peconic River and adjacent fresh water bodies; and the Suffolk County Department of Health Services for the collection of potable water samples for adjoining communities, collection of vegetation and fruit samples from local farms.

Finally, the authors would like to extend a special thanks to Rosemary Taylor for her infinite patience and quality of work in typing, reviewing, and finalizing this report.

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Brookhaven National Laboratory's (BNL) Environmental Monitoring Program is designed to determine whether BNL facility operations have met the requirements of applicable environmental and effluent control standards. The program is also used to assess the impact of past and present BNL operations on the environment. This report summarizes the data generated by that program.

The mission of the Environmental Restoration Program is to identify, characterize, mitigate, and eliminate, as appropriate, areas of soil and groundwater contamination that resulted from past chemical and radiological spills, discharges, and waste handling activities. This report also summarizes the data collected during Environmental Restoration activities in 1997 including those related to soil, groundwater, surface water, and private potable water quality.

### Radiological Monitoring and Surveillance

Airborne emissions of radioactive material from BNL facilities were monitored in 1997. Radioactive airborne effluents originated primarily with the Brookhaven LINAC Isotope Producer (BLIP), the Brookhaven Medical Research Reactor (BMRR), and the High Flux Beam Reactor (HFBR). Argon-41, oxygen-15 and tritium were the predominant radionuclides released. A member of the public residing at the site boundary is projected to have received a radiation dose of 0.07 mrem (0.7  $\mu$ Sv) from all 1997 airborne emissions. The typical annual dose from natural background radiation sources to an individual living in the U.S. is approximately 300 mrem (3 mSv).

Air sampling was performed throughout the year to monitor airborne radionuclide concentrations. All annual average airborne tritium concentrations were below detectable levels. Gross alpha and gross beta activity levels were consistent with expected background levels; no site related elevations were observed. All measured values were comparable to those measured in Albany, NY (a location used as a control area by the NY State Department of Health in their statewide environmental radiation monitoring program).

An array of thermoluminescent dosimeters was used to monitor gamma radiation levels at 24 on-site and 25 off-site locations. The average annual on-site integrated dose for 1997 was  $70 \pm 6$  mrem ( $0.70 \pm 0.06$  mSv), while the off-site integrated dose was  $67 \pm 5$  mrem ( $0.67 \pm 0.05$  mSv). These levels are typical of those measured throughout the northeastern part of the United States and verify that airborne emissions from the Laboratory had no impact on the external radiation levels of the surrounding area.

All liquid discharges to the Peconic River and on-site recharge basins met the radiological limits specified by the DOE in Order 5400.5, "Radiation Protection of the Public and the Environment." The principal radionuclide detected at the Peconic River Outfall was tritium. The annual average tritium concentration was equal to 7% of the limit specified by the Safe Drinking Water Act. Other radionuclides were detected on an infrequent basis throughout the year at concentrations that were less than 2% of the applicable limits.

Due to past tritium discharges from the Sewage Treatment Plant, potable wells in a few homes near the Laboratory's eastern boundary continue to show the presence of tritium. Concentrations ranged from 2% to 11% of the Safe Drinking Water Act standard. The maximum individual dose resulting from the consumption of this drinking water is equal to 0.1 mrem (1  $\mu$ Sv). The typical annual dose to an individual from the ingestion of naturally-occurring radionuclides is 39 mrem (0.39 mSv).

Samples of regional soils, river sediments, vegetation, fish and deer were collected. Important conclusions drawn from the analysis of these samples are:

- Deer inhabiting BNL property contain Cesium-137 concentrations at levels that are above those in off-site deer. A committed effective dose equivalent of 9 mrem (0.09 mSv) would be received by an individual consuming deer meat from on-site animals at the highest observed concentration and an annual consumption rate of 67 lbs. per year.

- All radionuclides detected in soil and vegetation samples were either of natural origin, were deposited from the application of fertilizers, or were fallout-related. No radionuclides attributable to BNL operations were detected.
- Man-made radionuclides detected beyond the site boundary in the sediments of the Peconic River, the Carmans River, Peconic Bay, Flanders Bay, and Lloyd Harbor are consistent with global fallout patterns; no BNL contribution was indicated. No man-made radionuclides were observed in shellfish collected from local water bodies.
- Present day Cesium-137 concentrations in fish from the Peconic appear to be within the range of variability seen in fish from local waters which have never received discharges from BNL.

Potential radiological doses were less than specified limits for each exposure pathway and equal to a fraction of the dose received annually from natural background sources (approximately 300 mrem [3 mSv]). All measurements and dose calculations demonstrate that in 1997, BNL's radiological effluents had no impact on the health of the public or environment in the surrounding area.

#### Non-Radiological Monitoring

Liquid discharge limits for non-radiological parameters are subject to conditions listed in BNL's State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) Permit (No. NY-0005835), issued by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC). Administrative controls are used to maintain all liquid discharges at or below concentrations prescribed by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) and DOE Orders. The compliance rate for Sewage Treatment Plant effluents exceeded 99% for the year. The SPDES permit also requires monthly and quarterly monitoring of discharges to the BNL recharge basins. Except for a single pH excursion at one recharge basin (Outfall 003), all discharges complied with the SPDES limitations.

For collected surface water samples, all water quality parameters were consistent with off-site control locations and with historical data. Except for iron, analytical data for metals showed all parameters to be consistent with historical data. All concentrations were below the NY State Drinking Water Standard (NYS DWS). Except for zinc and iron, all analytical data for metals were consistent with the New York State Ambient Water Quality Standards (NYS AWQS). The presence of iron and zinc is due to the natural sediment.

#### Groundwater Surveillance

During 1997, over 400 groundwater surveillance wells were monitored by the ERD and ES&HS Division. Groundwater samples were collected for non-radiological and radiological analyses, with greater than 1,500 individual sampling events taking place. Groundwater surveillance data are compared to New York State Ambient Water Quality Standards (NYS AWQS), NYS DWS and DOE Derived Concentration Guides (DCGs) (for radionuclides). Comparison of surveillance well data to Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), NYSDEC, and NYSDOH reference levels provides a mechanism to evaluate the radiological and non-radiological levels of contamination relative to current standards.

Water-quality analyses conducted on groundwater samples collected site wide show that the pH of groundwater typically ranges from 5.5 to 7.2, which is below the lower limit of the NYS AWQS of 6.5 to 8.5. Chloride, sulfate, and nitrate concentrations in most areas of the site were typically below the NYS AWQS. However, metals and VOCs in groundwater exceed NYS AWQS in several locations on-site.

Several areas of known surface radiological contamination have introduced man-made radionuclides into the groundwater underlying the Laboratory. The most common radionuclides which have been introduced include tritium, Cesium-137, Strontium-90, and Sodium-22. Often these radionuclides are below applicable drinking water standards, but concentrations have been found above these standards downgradient of the HWMF (Strontium-90 and Tritium), "Current" and "Former" Landfills (Strontium-90), HFBR (Tritium), WCF (Strontium-90), and Building 650 sump outfall (Strontium-90).

During 1997, Well Nos. 10, 11, and 12 were used to supply drinking water at BNL. Water samples collected from these wells were analyzed for radioactivity, metals, organic material, and water quality

parameters. In 1997, the BNL potable water system was found to be in full compliance with the requirements of the SDWA and NY State DWS.

#### Environmental Restoration

During 1997, the BNL Environmental Restoration Program made significant progress in its ongoing efforts to characterize and remediate contaminated soil and groundwater resulting from past spills, releases and disposal practices. The highlights of accomplishments in 1997 include:

- Completion of the free public water hookups to approximately 1,500 homes in North Shirley and East Yaphank;
- Characterization of the HFBR tritium plume and the construction of an interim pump and recharge system;
- Construction and operation of a groundwater cleanup system at the BNL southern boundary that pumps and treats groundwater contaminated with chemical solvents;
- Construction and operation of an air sparging/soil vapor extraction treatment system that treats soil and groundwater contamination at the Central Steam Facility;
- Excavation, characterization, and back filling of fifty-five unlined chemical/animal/glass holes at the Former Landfill area; and
- Capping of the Interim Landfill.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

PREFACE .....	iii
ABSTRACT .....	v
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS .....	vii
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY .....	ix
TABLE OF CONTENTS .....	xiii
Chapter 1 INTRODUCTION .....	1-1
1.1 Brookhaven National Laboratory's Mission .....	1-1
1.2 Site Characteristics .....	1-1
1.3 Existing Facilities .....	1-8
Chapter 2 COMPLIANCE SUMMARY .....	2-1
2.1 Environmental Permits .....	2-1
2.2 Groundwater Compliance Monitoring .....	2-1
2.3 Clean Water Act .....	2-1
2.3.1 SPDES Permit .....	2-1
2.3.2 Recharge Basins, SPDES Outfalls 002, 003, 004, 005, 006A, 006B, 007, 008, and 010 .....	2-4
2.3.2.1 STP Effluent, SPDES Outfall 001 .....	2-8
2.3.2.2 SPDES Inspections and Audits .....	2-11
2.3.2.3 National Pollution Discharges Elimination System (NPDES) Analytical Quality Assurance .....	2-11
2.3.3 Major Petroleum Facility (MPF) .....	2-12
2.3.3.1 Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasures Plan and Facility Response Plans .....	2-13
2.3.4 Oil and Chemical Spills .....	2-13
2.4 Clean Air Act .....	2-14
2.4.1 Conventional Air Pollutants .....	2-14
2.4.2 Employee Trip-Reduction Plan .....	2-20
2.4.3 Reasonable Available Control Technology (RACT) Requirements .....	2-20
2.4.4 Phaseout of Halon Fire-Suppression Systems .....	2-20
2.4.5 Ozone Depleting Refrigerants .....	2-20
2.4.6 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPS) .....	2-21
2.4.6.1 Radioactive Airborne Emissions Governed by NESHAPS .....	2-21
2.4.6.2 Asbestos .....	2-21
2.4.6.3 Maximum Available Control Technology (MACT) Requirements .....	2-22
2.4.7 Facility Audits .....	2-22

2.4.8 Title V Permit Application .....	2-23
<b>2.5 Suffolk County Sanitary Codes</b> .....	<b>2-23</b>
Month Status/Comments .....	2-24
February .....	2-24
March .....	2-24
August .....	2-24
September .....	2-24
October .....	2-24
November .....	2-24
December .....	2-24
<b>2.6 Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)</b> .....	<b>2-25</b>
2.6.1 Applicability to Brookhaven National Laboratory .....	2-25
2.6.2 Potable Water Monitoring Requirements .....	2-25
2.6.3 Cross-connection Control .....	2-26
2.6.4 Underground-Injection Control .....	2-26
<b>2.7 Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)</b> .....	<b>2-30</b>
2.7.1 TSCA Program at BNL .....	2-30
<b>2.8 NYSDEC Bulk Chemical Storage Registration</b> .....	<b>2-30</b>
<b>2.9 Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)</b> .....	<b>2-31</b>
2.9.1 Facility Upgrades .....	2-31
2.9.2 RCRA Part B Permit (6 NYCRR Part 373 Permit) and RCRA Closure .....	2-31
2.9.3 90-Day Accumulation Areas and Satellite Areas .....	2-31
2.9.4 Facility Audits .....	2-32
2.9.5 RCRA/TSCA Waste Moratorium .....	2-32
2.9.6 Pollution Prevention Program .....	2-32
2.9.7 Liquid Waste Management .....	2-32
2.9.8 Waste Disposal .....	2-33
2.9.9 Federal Facilities Compliance Act (FFCA) Mixed Waste Site Treatment Plan .....	2-33
2.9.10 Mixed-Waste Inventory Report .....	2-33
2.9.11 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) .....	2-33
<b>2.10 Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986</b> .....	<b>2-37</b>
<b>2.11 National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)</b> .....	<b>2-38</b>
<b>2.12 Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act</b> .....	<b>2-38</b>
<b>2.13 Endangered Species Act</b> .....	<b>2-38</b>
<b>2.14 National Historic Preservation Act</b> .....	<b>2-38</b>
<b>2.15 Floodplain Management</b> .....	<b>2-38</b>
<b>2.16 New York Wild, Scenic, and Recreational River Systems Act</b> .....	<b>2-38</b>
<b>2.17 Protection of Wetlands</b> .....	<b>2-38</b>
<b>2.18 Environmental Compliance Audits</b> .....	<b>2-38</b>
2.18.1 Integrated Safety Management Evaluation (ISME) .....	2-38

2.18.2 EPA Multimedia Audit .....	2-39
2.18.3 Gilbert Hill Associates Audit of the Analytical Laboratory.....	2-39
 Chapter 3 ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAM INFORMATION .....	3-1
<b>3.1 Environmental Program Elements .....</b>	<b>3-1</b>
3.1.1 Environmental Regulations.....	3-1
3.1.2 Program Objectives.....	3-1
<b>3.2 Program Organization.....</b>	<b>3-2</b>
3.2.1 Environmental Restoration Division.....	3-2
3.2.2 Environment, Safety and Health Services Division - Environmental Protection Office .....	3-2
3.2.3 Waste Management Division.....	3-3
3.2.4 Supporting Groups .....	3-3
<b>3.3 Regulatory Agency Monitoring Program .....</b>	<b>3-3</b>
<b>3.4 Environmental Programmatic Changes in 1997 .....</b>	<b>3-3</b>
<b>3.5 Special Projects .....</b>	<b>3-4</b>
3.5.1 High Flux Beam Reactor Tritium Investigation .....	3-4
3.5.2 Facility Review Project .....	3-4
<b>3.6 Waste Minimization and Pollution Prevention Programs .....</b>	<b>3-5</b>
<b>3.7 Public Outreach .....</b>	<b>3-6</b>
<b>3.8 Environmental Audits .....</b>	<b>3-7</b>
<b>3.9 Site Environmental Performance Measures Program .....</b>	<b>3-8</b>
3.9.1 Waste Generation Reports .....	3-8
3.9.2 SPDES Compliance.....	3-9
3.9.3 Solid Waste Sent to Landfill .....	3-9
 Chapter 4 RADIOACTIVITY .....	4-1
<b>4.1 Types of Radiation .....</b>	<b>4-1</b>
<b>4.2 Nomenclature .....</b>	<b>4-1</b>
<b>4.3 Sources of Radiation .....</b>	<b>4-2</b>
<b>4.4 Dose Units .....</b>	<b>4-3</b>
<b>4.5 Types of Radiological Analyses .....</b>	<b>4-4</b>
<b>4.6 Statistics .....</b>	<b>4-4</b>
4.6.1 Uncertainty .....	4-4
4.6.2 Average Values .....	4-4
4.6.3 Negative values.....	4-5
<b>4.7 Scientific Notation .....</b>	<b>4-5</b>
<b>4.8 Prefixes .....</b>	<b>4-5</b>
<b>4.9 Radionuclides of Environmental Interest .....</b>	<b>4-6</b>
4.9.1 Strontium-90 .....	4-6
4.9.2 Tritium .....	4-6

4.9.3 Cesium-137 .....	4-7
<b>4.10 Definition of Radiological Terms .....</b>	<b>4-7</b>
 Chapter 5 AIRBORNE EFFLUENTS .....	5-1
<b>5.1 Airborne Effluent Emissions - Radioactive .....</b>	<b>5-1</b>
5.1.1 BMRR .....	5-1
5.1.2 HFBR .....	5-1
5.1.3 BLIP .....	5-4
5.1.4 Tritium Evaporator Facility.....	5-5
5.1.5 Building 801 .....	5-5
5.1.6 New Sources Evaluated in 1997 .....	5-5
5.1.6.1 Removal Action V Recharge Basin .....	5-5
5.1.6.2 Building 830 Kinetic Mixer .....	5-6
5.1.6.3 HFBR Spent Fuel Pool Dewatering Operation .....	5-6
5.1.6.4 BGRR Deep Drain Sump Pumping Operation.....	5-6
5.1.7 Fugitive Emissions .....	5-6
5.1.8 Additional Minor Sources .....	5-7
<b>5.2 Airborne Effluent Emissions - Nonradioactive .....</b>	<b>5-7</b>
5.2.1 Central Steam Facility (CSF) .....	5-7
5.2.2 Asbestos Test Facility .....	5-8
5.2.3 Spray Paint Booth .....	5-8
5.2.4 Gasoline Refueling Facilities .....	5-8
 Chapter 6 LIQUID EFFLUENTS .....	6-1
<b>6.1 Policy .....</b>	<b>6-1</b>
<b>6.2. Sanitary System Effluents .....</b>	<b>6-1</b>
6.2.1 Sanitary System Effluent - Radiological .....	6-2
6.2.2 Tritium Concentration Increase in July, 1997 .....	6-7
6.2.3 Sanitary System Effluent - Non-radiological .....	6-8
6.2.4 Assessments of Process-Specific Waste Water .....	6-12
6.2.5 Recharge Basins .....	6-12
6.2.5.1 Recharge Basins - Radiological Analyses .....	6-13
6.2.5.2 Recharge Basins - Non-radiological Analyses .....	6-13
 Chapter 7 ENVIRONMENTAL SURVEILLANCE .....	7-1
<b>7.1 Policy .....</b>	<b>7-1</b>
<b>7.2 External Radiation Monitoring .....</b>	<b>7-1</b>
7.2.1 Building 650 Sump Outfall Monitoring .....	7-1
<b>7.3 Atmospheric Radiological Monitoring .....</b>	<b>7-6</b>
7.3.1 Airborne Tritium Monitoring .....	7-7
7.3.2 RA V Recharge Basin .....	7-11

<b>7.4 Precipitation Sampling .....</b>	<b>7-12</b>
<b>7.5 Terrestrial and Ecological Radioactivity Studies .....</b>	<b>7-13</b>
7.5.1 Radiological Analysis of Deer .....	7-13
7.5.2 Radiological Analysis of Vegetation .....	7-13
7.5.3 Radiological Analysis of Soils and Sediments .....	7-15
<b>7.6 Peconic River Surveillance .....</b>	<b>7-15</b>
7.6.1 Peconic River Surveillance - Non-radiological Analyses .....	7-15
7.6.2 Peconic River Surveillance - Radiological Analyses .....	7-17
7.6.2 Aquatic Biological Surveillance .....	7-23
7.6.3 Radiological Analysis of Local Fish .....	7-23
7.6.4 Radiological Analysis of Shellfish .....	7-25
7.6.5 Chronic Toxicity Tests .....	7-25
7.6.6 OU V Remedial Investigation Bioaccumulation Study .....	7-26
 Chapter 8 GROUNDWATER PROTECTION .....	8-1
<b>8.1 Groundwater Surveillance .....</b>	<b>8-2</b>
8.1.1 Potable Water and Process Supply Wells .....	8-2
8.1.1.1 Non-radiological Analyses .....	8-2
8.1.1.2 Radiological Analyses .....	8-18
8.1.2 Environmental Restoration (CERCLA) Groundwater Monitoring .....	8-21
8.1.2.1 Non-radiological Analyses .....	8-21
8.1.2.1.1 Site Background .....	8-22
8.1.2.1.2 Operable Unit I .....	8-22
8.1.2.1.3 Operable Unit III .....	8-28
8.1.2.1.4 Operable Unit IV .....	8-37
8.1.2.1.5 Operable Unit V .....	8-37
8.1.2.1.6 Operable Unit VI .....	8-40
8.1.2.2 Radiological Analyses .....	8-40
8.1.2.2.1 Site Background .....	8-40
8.1.2.2.2 Operable Unit I .....	8-46
8.1.2.2.3 Operable Unit III .....	8-47
8.1.2.2.4 Operable Unit IV .....	8-54
8.1.2.2.5 Operable Unit V .....	8-54
8.1.2.3 CERCLA Groundwater Treatment Systems Operational in 1997 .....	8-54
8.1.3 Facility Surveillance (NON-CERCLA) Groundwater Monitoring .....	8-61
8.1.3.1 Non-Radiological Analyses .....	8-61
8.1.3.1.1 Research Facilities .....	8-61
8.1.3.1.2 Support Facilities .....	8-62
8.1.3.2 Radiological Analyses .....	8-66
8.1.3.2.1 Research Facilities .....	8-66
8.1.3.2.2 Support Facilities .....	8-68
8.1.4 Surveillance of Private Supply Wells .....	8-68
8.1.4.1 Radiological Analyses .....	8-68

8.1.4.2 Non-Radiological Analyses .....	8-71
8.1.5 Surveillance of SCWA Municipal Supply Wells .....	8-72
 Chapter 9 RADIOLOGICAL DOSE ASSESSMENT .....	9-1
<b>9.1 Effective Dose Equivalent Calculations - Airborne Pathway .....</b>	<b>9-1</b>
9.1.1 Air Dispersion Model .....	9-1
9.1.2 Fugitive Sources .....	9-1
9.1.3 Total Dose from the Airborne Pathway .....	9-2
<b>9.2 Effective Dose Equivalent Calculations - Water Pathway .....</b>	<b>9-2</b>
<b>9.3 Effective Dose Equivalent Calculations - Fish Consumption .....</b>	<b>9-3</b>
<b>9.4 Effective Dose Equivalent Calculations - Meat Consumption .....</b>	<b>9-4</b>
<b>9.5 Collective Dose Equivalent .....</b>	<b>9-4</b>
<b>9.6 Summary and Conclusion .....</b>	<b>9-5</b>
 Chapter 10 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM .....	10-1
<b>10.1 Environmental Surveillance Program .....</b>	<b>10-1</b>
10.1.1 Radiological Analyses .....	10-2
10.1.2 Analytical Chemistry .....	10-6
10.1.3 Contractor Laboratories .....	10-11
<b>10.2 The HFBR Tritium Plume Characterization Project .....</b>	<b>10-14</b>
Contractor Lab Tritium Analysis Accuracy .....	10-16
Audit of the ASL .....	10-16
Gross Alpha/Beta Analyses .....	10-19
<b>10.3 Quality Assurance Program for CERCLA Groundwater Monitoring Activities .....</b>	<b>10-19</b>
 Appendix A — List of Acronyms .....	A-1
Appendix B — Methodologies .....	B-1
Appendix C — Instrumentation and Analytical Methods .....	C-1
Appendix D — CY 1997 SER— Groundwater Monitoring Wells List .....	D-1
Appendix E — References .....	E-1
Distribution	

## LIST OF FIGURES

1-1	1997 Resident Population within an 80-km Radius .....	1-2
1-2	Brookhaven National Laboratory 1997 Local and On-Site Population Distribution .....	1-3
1-3	Brookhaven National Laboratory — Surrounding Communities .....	1-4
1-4	Brookhaven National Laboratory — Major Facilities .....	1-5
1-5	Annual Wind Rose for Calendar Year 1997 .....	1-6
1-6	Monthly Mean Temperature Trend .....	1-7
1-7	Monthly Precipitation .....	1-7
1-8	10 Year Precipitation Trend .....	1-7
1-9	Groundwater Elevation at BNL March, 1997 (ft AMSL) .....	1-9
1-10	Groundwater Elevation at BNL August, 1997 (ft AMSL) .....	1-10
2-1	Locations of SPDES Regulated Outfalls .....	2-5
2-2	Effluent Concentration of Iron and Suspended Solids Discharge from BNL STP 1997 .....	2-10
3-1	Annual Hazardous Waste Generation .....	3-10
3-2	Annual TCA Use .....	3-10
3-3	Annual Radioactive Waste Generation .....	3-10
3-4	Annual Mixed Waste Generation .....	3-10
3-5	Annual Photographic Waste Generation .....	3-10
4-1	Typical Annual Dose Due To Natural Sources (mrem) .....	4-3
5-1	Brookhaven National Laboratory Effluent Release Points and On-site Environmental Monitoring Stations .....	5-2
5-2	HFBR Airborne Tritium Emissions, 10 Year Trend .....	5-4
6-1	Sewage Treatment Plant- Sampling Stations .....	6-2
6-2	Cs-137 Trend in STP Influent and Effluent .....	6-6
6-3	Tritium Concentrations in STP Effluent, 1997 .....	6-6
6-4	Tritium Released to Peconic River, 15 Year Trend .....	6-7
6-5	STP/Peconic River Annual Average Tritium Concentrations, 10 Year Trend .....	6-7
6-6	STP and Peconic River Tritium Levels, July 22 to July 31, 1997 .....	6-8
6-7	Maximum Concentration of Silver Discharged from STP, 1993 -1997 .....	6-10
6-8	Maximum Concentration of Copper Discharged from STP, 1993 - 1997 .....	6-10
6-9	Maximum Concentration of Iron Discharged from STP, 1993 - 1997 .....	6-10
6-10	Maximum Concentration of Nickel Discharged fro STP, 1993 - 1997 .....	6-11
6-11	Maximum Concentration of Lead Discharged from STP, 1993 - 1997 .....	6-11
6-12	Maximum Concentration of Zinc Discharged from STP, 1993 - 1997 .....	6-11
6-13	On-Site: Potable and supply wells and recharge sumps .....	6-14
6-14	Brookhaven National Laboratory Schematic of Water Use and Flow for 1997 .....	6-15

7-1	On-Site Air Monitoring Stations .....	7-2
7-2	Off-Site Air Monitoring Stations .....	7-3
7-3	Environmental TLD Measurement, 5 Year Trend .....	7-4
7-4	TLD Network at the Building 650 Sump Outfall .....	7-5
7-5	Gross beta trend data for air particulate samples at Stations S5 and S6. ....	7-8
7-6	Gross beta trend data for air particulate samples at Stations P2 and P4. ....	7-9
7-7	Gross beta trend data for air particulate samples at Stations P7 and P9. ....	7-10
7-8	Distribution of Cs-137 in On-site Deer Collection Since 1992 .....	7-14
7-9	River Sampling Stations - Peconic River, Peconic Bay, and Carmans River .....	7-20
7-10	Cesium-137 Concentrations in Fish Collected From Peconic River, Bluegill Species.....	7-25
7-11	Fish Tissue Bioaccumulation Study .....	7-32
7-12	Fish Tissue Bioaccumulation Study .....	7-33
7-13	Fish Tissue Bioaccumulation Study .....	7-34
8-1	Contaminant Plumes and Reference Grid to Wells Maps .....	8-3
8-2	Wells located along the North Boundary - Upgradient/ Background Wells for BNL Site .....	8-4
8-3	North Boundary - Upgradient/ Background Wells for BNL Site and Sewage Treatment Plant area (northern portion) .....	8-5
8-4	Western Supply Well Area (northern portion), AGS Experimental Areas, Waste Concentration Facility, Recharge Basin HT, Water Treatment Plant, Eastern Supply Well Area (western portion) .....	8-6
8-5	Sewage Treatment Plant and Peconic River Area, Eastern Supply Well Area, Building 830 Spill Site, Recharge Basin HO, Building 650 Outfall, Upland Recharge Experimental area .....	8-7
8-6	Peconic River Area, Upland Recharge Experimental Area .....	8-8
8-7	Western Supply Well (southern portion), Water Treatment Plant, Building T-111, Supply and Materiel Area (northern portion), Building 479, Recharge Basin HP, Ash Repository Area .....	8-9
8-8	Building 650 Area, Central Steam Facility/Major Petroleum Facility Area, Biology Fields, Meadow Marsh Area, Hazardous Waste Management Facility, Current Landfill, Former Landfill Area including Interim Landfill and Chemical/Animal Disposal Areas, Supply and Material Area (southern portion) .....	8-10
8-9	Biology Fields, Meadow Marsh Area, Hazardous Waste Management Facility (downgradient areas) .....	8-11
8-10	Southwestern Boundary Area .....	8-12
8-11	Southeast boundary - Downgradient of Former Landfill and Current Landfill .....	8-13
8-12	Wells located north of Brookhaven National Laboratory .....	8-14
8-13	Wells located east of Brookhaven National Laboratory .....	8-15
8-14	Wells located south of Brookhaven National Laboratory .....	8-16
8-15	Former Landfill, Animal/Chemical Pits, and Glass Holes areas - TVOC Plume Cross Section C-C(ug/L) .....	8-24
8-16	Former Landfill, Animal/Chemical Pits, and Glass Holes areas TVOC Plume Cross Section C-C (ug/L) .....	8-25

8-17	Time-vs.-VOC concentration trend plots for selected off-site wells in the Former Landfill Plume: well 000-108 located on North Street approximately 900 m south of Long Island Expressway; and well 000-154 located on Sleepy Hollow Drive approximately 900 m south of the Long Island Expressway .....	8-27
8-18	Hazardous Waste Management Facility and Current Landfill (RA V) (TVOCs, ppb) .....	8-29
8-19	Current Landfill/HWMF-TVOC Plume Cross Section D-D (ug/L) .....	8-30
8-20	Time-vs. VOC concentration trend plots for selected wells in the Current Landfill/ HWMF TVOC plume: well 88-109 located directly downgradient of landfill; well 88-22 located 120m downgradient of landfill; well 115-36 located approximately 900m downgradient of landfill near the southern boundary; and well 000-124 located off-site approximately 500m south of the Long Island Expressway .....	8-31
8-21	OU III and OU IV (TVOCs, ppb) .....	8-33
8-22	OU III TVOC Plume Cross Section A-A (ug/L) .....	8-34
8-23	Time-vs.-VOC concentration trend plots for selected wells in the OU III Plume (Central Area): well 64-03 located within the AGS area; well 65-03 located downgradient of the AGS area; well 96-07 located downgradient of Supply and Materiel Building 208; and well 105-23 located near East Princeton Avenue .....	8-35
8-24	Time-vs.-VOC concentration trend plots for selected wells in the OU III Plume (south boundary and off-site): wells 121-10 and 121-14 located near the southern boundary; off-site well 000-112 located 400 m south of the Long Island Expressway in the Brookhaven Industrial Complex; and off-site well 000-108 located on Carleton Drive .....	8-36
8-25	OU IV TVOC Plume Cross Section B-B'(ug/L) .....	8-38
8-26	Time-vs.-VOC concentration trend plots for selected OU IV South Boundary Monitoring Wells .....	8-39
8-27	OU V TVOC Plume Map (ug/L) .....	8-41
8-28	OU V TVOC Plume Cross Section F-F (ug/L) .....	8-42
8-29	Time-vs.-VOC concentration trend plots for selected wells in the OU V Plume: Wells 50-01 and 61-05 located near the eastern boundary; and off-site well 000-122 located just north of the Long Island Expressway .....	8-43
8-30	OU VI EDB Plume Map (ug/L) .....	8-44
8-31	OU VI EDB Plume Cross Section E-E (ug/L) .....	8-45
8-32	Time-vs.-EDB concentration trend plots for selected wells in the OU VI EDB Plume: Well 89-14 located immediately downgradient of the Biology Fields; well cluster 100-13/100-14 located at the southeastern boundary; and off-site well 000-110 located on South Street .....	8-46
8-33	Map showing tritium concentrations in wells located in the Current Landfill/HWMF Area (pCi/L) .....	8-49
8-34	Time-vs.-tritium concentration trend plots for well 88-26 located in the HWMF area .....	8-50
8-35	Time-vs.-strontium-90 concentration trend plots for well 106-16 located in Former Landfill area .....	8-50
8-36	High Flux Beam Reactor (tritium, (pCi/L) .....	8-51
8-37	HFBR Tritium Plume Cross Section G-G (pCi/L) .....	8-52
8-38	BGRR Geoprobe Locations .....	8-53
8-39	OU IV AOC 6 Radionuclide Results <i>Results are reported in pCi/L MDA= Minimum Detectable Activity</i> .....	8-55
8-40	Sewage Treatment Plant (OU V) Tritium Sampling Results .....	8-56

8-41	Time-vs.- tritium concentration trend plots for well cluster 50-01/50-02 located in the OU V Plume near the eastern site boundary .....	8-57
8-42	Groundwater Elevation at BNL, June, 1997 (ft AMSL) .....	8-58
8-43	Annual average tritium concentration trend plots for selected wells located in the STP Filter Bed area .....	8-70
8-44	Area of Residential Well Sampling .....	8-73
8-45	Private supply well sampling program for CY 1995 and CY 1996 - Tritium Data .....	8-74
8-46	Private supply well sampling program for CY 1995 and CY 1996 - Strontium-90, Gross Alpha and Gross Beta Data .....	8-74
8-47	Gross activity in private wells sampled in 1997 (number of homes vs. concentrations) .....	8-75
8-48	Tritium in private wells sampled in 1997 (number of homes vs. concentrations) .....	8-75
8-49	Private supply well sampling program for CY 1995 and CY 1996 - VOC Data .....	8-76
8-50	Private supply well sampling program for CY 1997 - VOC Data .....	8-76
8-51	Suffolk County Water Authority Public Supply Wells.....	8-77
9-1	Dose Summary, Maximum BNL Contribution and Federal Limits .....	9-4
10-1	Instrument Efficiency Summary for 1997 .....	10-5
10-2.	Instrument Background Summary for 1997 .....	10-5
10-3.	Cesium-137 Energy Calibration Summary for 1997 .....	10-6
10-4	Strontium-90 Instrument Efficiency Summary for 1997.....	10-6
10-5	Reference Check Summary for 1997 Inorganic Analyses .....	10-11
10-6	Summary of Spike Recoveries for 1997 Inorganic Analyses .....	10-11
10-7	Reference Check Summary for Organic Analyses in 1997 .....	10-12
10-8	Surrogate and Spike Recovery Summaries for 1997 Organic Analyses.....	10-12
10-9	Matrix Spike Duplicate Summary for Organic Analyses in 1997 .....	10-12
10-10	Comparison of BNL vs. U.S. EPA Tritium Results on 48 HFBR Geoprobe Water Samples: January 1997 .....	10-15
10-11	ASL Tritium Precision .....	10-18
10-12	ASL Gross Alpha/Beta Precision .....	10-18

## LIST OF TABLES

2-1	BNL Environmental Permits .....	2-2
2-2	Summary of Analytical Results for Waste Water Discharges to Outfalls 002-010 .....	2-6
2-3	Summary of Analytical Results for Waste Water Discharges to Outfall 001 .....	2-8
2-4	Summary of Chemical and Oil Spill Reporting Record .....	2-15
2-5	Potable Water Wells and Potable Distribution System, Bacteriological, Inorganic Chemical, and Radiological Analytical Data <sup>(1)</sup> .....	2-27
2-6	Potable Water Wells, Analytical Data for Principal Organic Compounds, Synthetic Organic Compounds, Pesticides & Micro-Extractables .....	2-28
4-1	Common Measurement Unit Prefixes .....	4-5
5-1	Airborne Radionuclide Releases from Monitored Facilities .....	5-3
6-1	Gross Activity and Tritium Results at STP Clarifier Influent .....	6-3
6-2	Gross Activity and Tritium Results at STP at Peconic River Outfall .....	6-4
6-3	Gamma-Emitting Radionuclides and Srontium-90 Detected at STP Clarifier and Peconic River Outfall .....	6-5
6-4	Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) <sup>(a)</sup> Average Water Quality and Metals Data .....	6-9
6-5	Gross Activity and Tritium in Recharge Basin Water .....	6-16
6-6	Gross Activity and Tritium in Recharge Basin Water .....	6-17
6-7	Recharge Basin Gamma-Emitting Radionuclide Analysis .....	6-18
6-8	Water Quality Data for On-Site Recharge Basins .....	6-19
6-9	Metals Data for On-Site Recharge Basins .....	6-20
7-1	On-Site Annual Exposure Measurements .....	7-4
7-2	Bldg. 650 Sump Outfall TLD Network Data .....	7-6
7-3	Gross Activity Detected in Air Particulates Filters .....	7-7
7-4	Ambient Airborne Tritium Measurements .....	7-11
7-5	Ambient Tritium Monitoring Results at RA V Recharge Basin .....	7-12
7-6	Radiological Analysis of Precipitation .....	7-12
7-7	Radiological Analysis of Deer Meat .....	7-14
7-8	Radiological Analysis of Vegetation Samples .....	7-15
7-9	Radiological Analysis of Soils and Sediment .....	7-16
7-10	Water Quality Data for Surface Water Samples Collected Along the Peconic and Carmans Rivers .....	7-18
7-11	Metals Concentration Data for Surface Water Samples Collected Along the Peconic and Carmans Rivers .....	7-19
7-12	Gross Activity and Tritium Analysis of the Peconic River .....	7-21
7-13	Gamma-Emitting Radionuclides and Sr-90 Analysis of Peconic River .....	7-22
7-14	Radiological Analysis of Fish .....	7-24
7-15	Radiological Analysis of Local Mussels and Clams .....	7-26

7-16	OU V Fish Tissue Bioaccumulation Data, Metals .....	7-29
7-17	OU V Fish Bioaccumulation Data, Pesticides and PCBs .....	7-30
7-18	OU V Fish Tissue Bioaccumulation Data, Radionuclides .....	7-31
8-1	Potable and Process Supply Wells Volatile Organic Compound Data.....	8-18
8-2	Potable Water and Process Supply Wells Water Quality Data .....	8-19
8-3	Potable and Process Supply Wells Metals Data .....	8-20
8-4	Potable Water and Process Well Gross Activity and Tritium Results .....	8-21
8-5	OU III South Boundary Groundwater Remediation System Comparison of Monthly Average Influent and Effluent VOC Concentrations.....	8-59
8-6	Removal Action V Groundwater Remediation System Comparisons of Monthly Average Influent and Effluent VOC Concentrations <sup>(a)</sup> .....	8-60
8-7	Sewage Treatment Plant/Peconic River Area Groundwater Surveillance Wells, Water Quality Data .....	8-64
8-8	Sewage Treatment Plant/Peconic River Area Groundwater Surveillance Wells, Metals Data .....	8-65
8-9	Radiological Data for Groundwater Wells near AGS, BLIP and LINAC Areas .....	8-67
8-10	Gross Activity and Tritium Results at STP and Peconic River Area .....	8-69
8-11	Gross Activity and Tritium Results at New Waste Management Facility .....	8-71
8-12	SCWA Supply Well Radiological Analysis Data .....	8-78
9-1	Radiological Dose due to Airborne Effluents as Calculated by CAP88-PC .....	9-3
9-2	Summary of Dose from all Environmental Pathways.....	9-5
10-1	BNL Quality Assessment Program Results Environmental Measurements Laboratory .....	10-3
10-2	BNL Quality Assessment Program Results National Exposure Research Laboratory (NERL-LV) .....	10-4
10-3	BNL Potable Water Radiochemistry Proficiency Test Results Environmental Laboratory Approval Program.....	10-4
10-4	BNL Non-Potable Water Chemistry Proficiency Test Results Environmental Laboratory Approval Program.....	10-8
10-5	BNL Potable Water Chemistry Proficiency Test Results Environmental Laboratory Approval Program.....	10-9
10-6	BNL Water Pollution Performance Evaluation Studies - WP037 USEPA Environmental Monitoring System Laboratory - Cincinnati .....	10-10
10-7	BNL Water Supply Performance Evaluation Studies - WS038 and WS039 USEPA Environmental Monitoring System Laboratory - Cincinnati .....	10-10
10-8	BNL Contractor Laboratory Performance Evaluation Study BNL National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) - DMR QA 17 .....	10-13
10-9	BNL Contractor Laboratory (H2M) Water Pollution Performance Evaluation Studies USEPA Environmental Monitoring System Laboratory - Cincinnati .....	10-14
10-10	Results of BNL Prepared Blind QA Water Samples* Analyzed by U.S. EPA Methods May 1997 .....	10-17
10-11	Accuracy of Contractor Labs Performing Distilled Tritium Analyses in Water during Phase II of HFBR Plume Project .....	10-17