

# BRAHMS

Annual RHIC DOE Science and Technology Review  
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BNL



# Overview

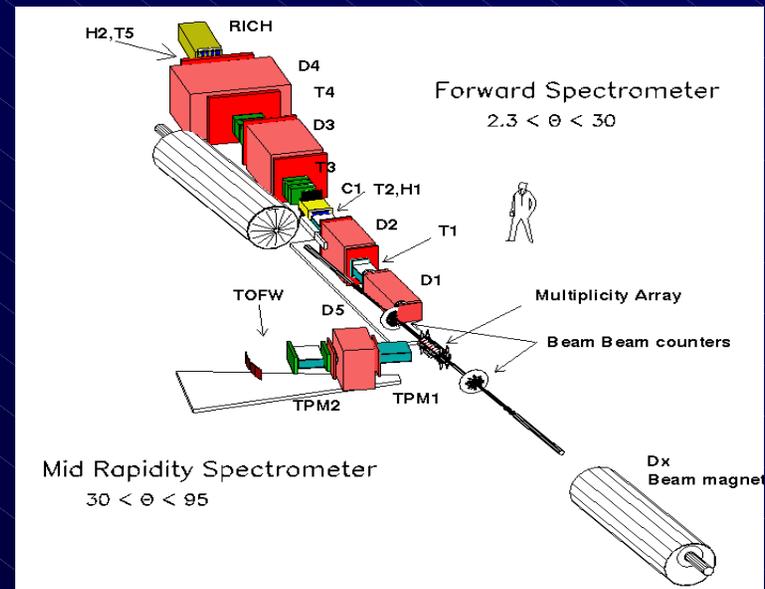
- **Science and priorities**
  - How has BRAHMS addressed the program set forth initially, and the science priorities of RHIC
- **Accomplishments**
  - Recent results.
  - Scientific output
  - Run-6 performance
- **Plans**
  - Expected results from ongoing analysis
  - Plans for future analysis.

# BRAHMS Experiment and Goals

Physics questions that are being addressed

- How much energy is available for particle production ?
- How do particles flow in the transverse & longitudinal direction?
- What is the chemistry of the system?
- What is the rapidity dependence of jet quenching ?
- What can we learn about the parton distributions in the Au nuclei at small x?
- What is internal angular momentum in proton?

- The experiment has unique capabilities in terms of precision measurements and particle ID covering a rapidity range of 0-4 and up to moderate high pt ( $\sim 4$  GeV/c)



# RHIC Science Questions

BRAHMS has addressed significant questions about strongly interacting matter:

- "How does matter behave at very high temperature and/or density?"
  - Jet-quenching suppression in AA, not d-A
  - Au-Au, Cu-Cu, pp. Bulk properties energy dependence
- "What is the nature of gluonic matter? and how does it appear inside of strongly interacting particles?"
  - d Au at high rapidities (low-x)
- "What is the spin structure of the nucleon ?"
  - Single Spin Asymmetries at large  $x_F$

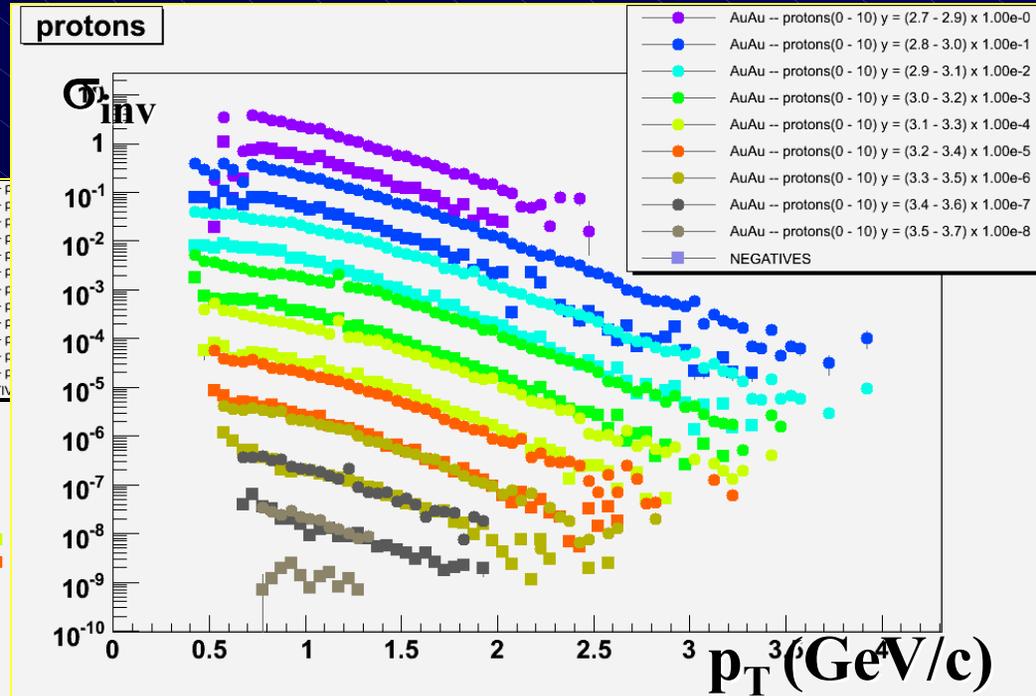
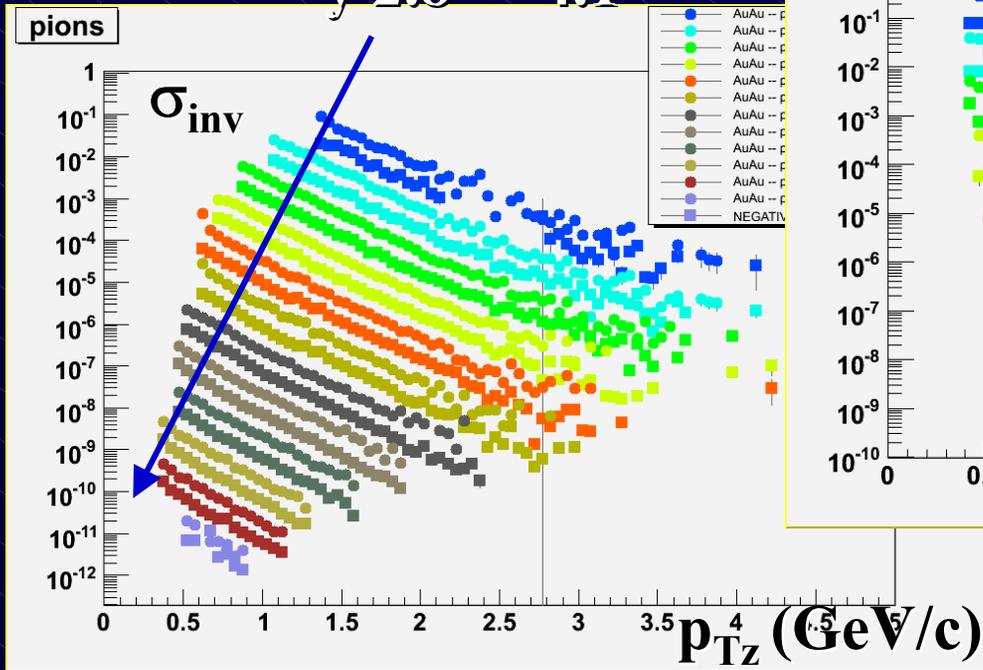
# Spectra Analysis

Sample of spectra at high rapidity in BRAHMS

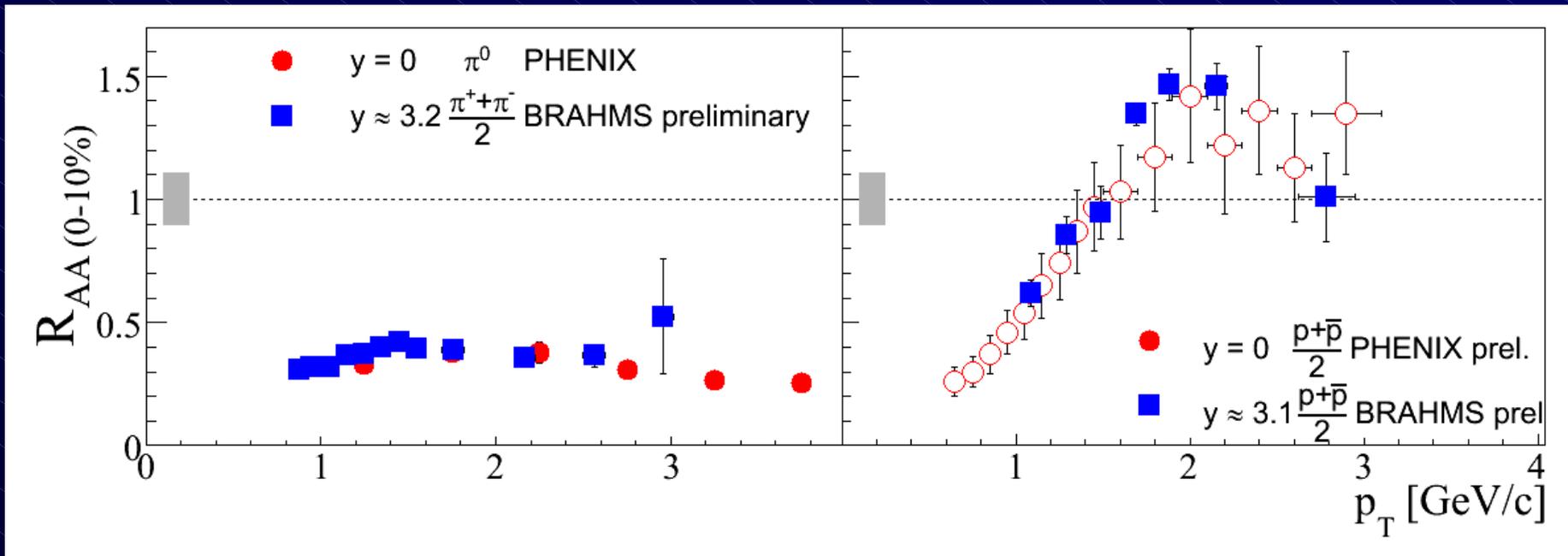
protons

pions

$y$  2.8  $\rightarrow$  4.1



# Rapidity dependence of high- $p_T$ suppression for identified particles.

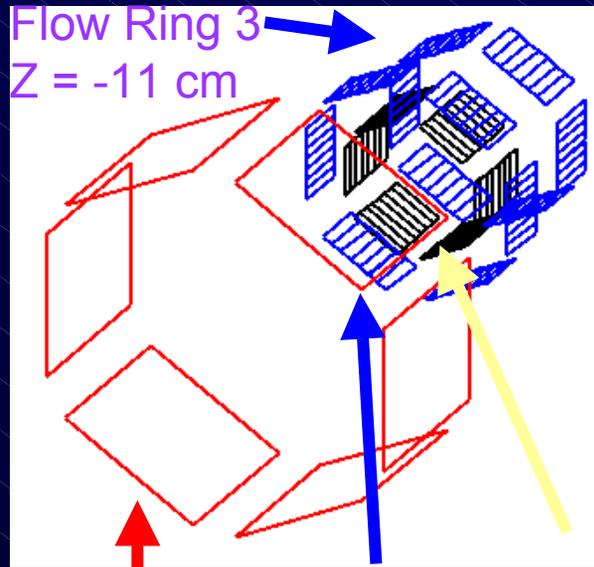


$R_{AA}$  depends little on rapidity even for identified particle.

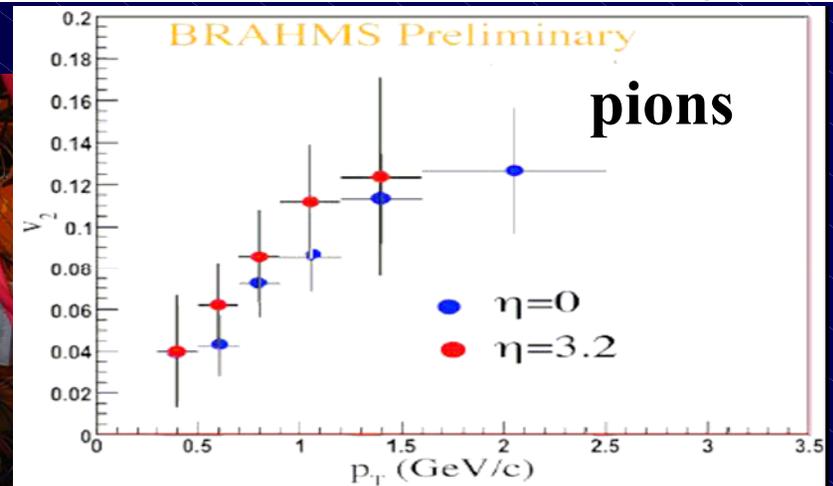
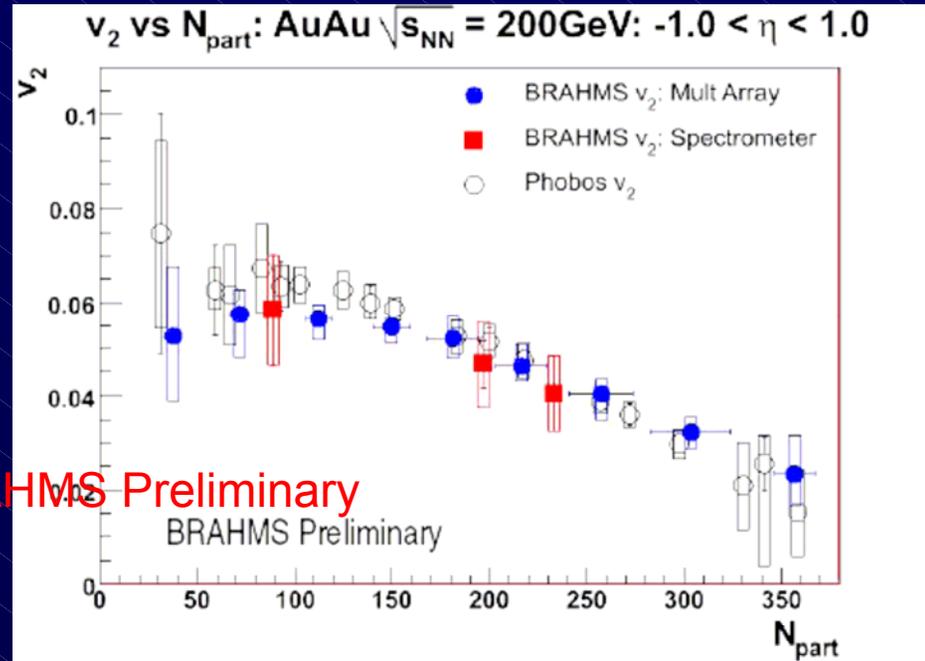
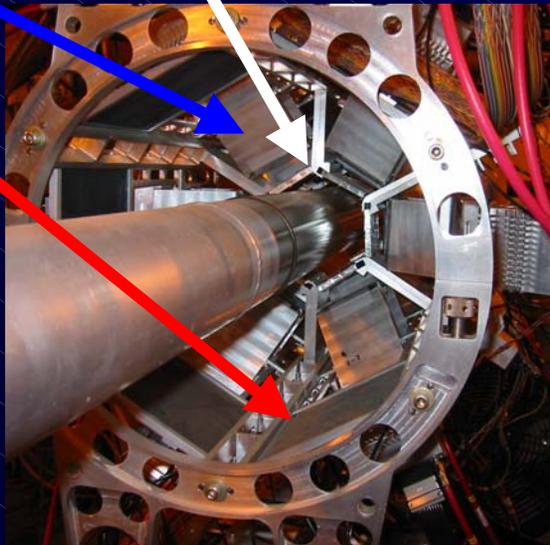
Pions suppressed; protons not

$R_{AA}$  depends on energy-loss, density and underlying reference spectrum

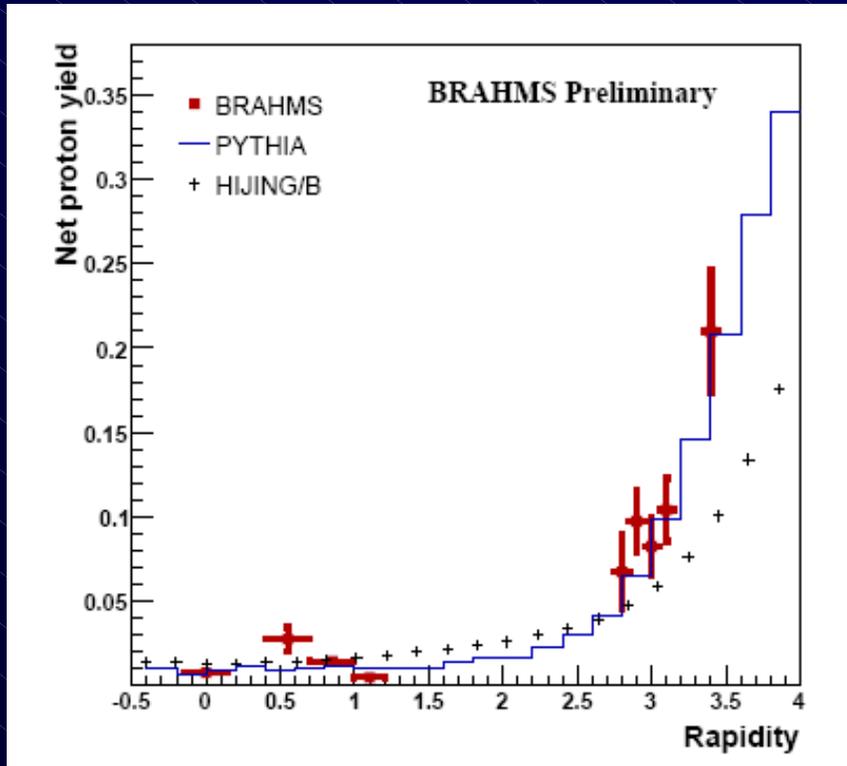
# Elliptic flow in BRAHMS



Si Ring 1

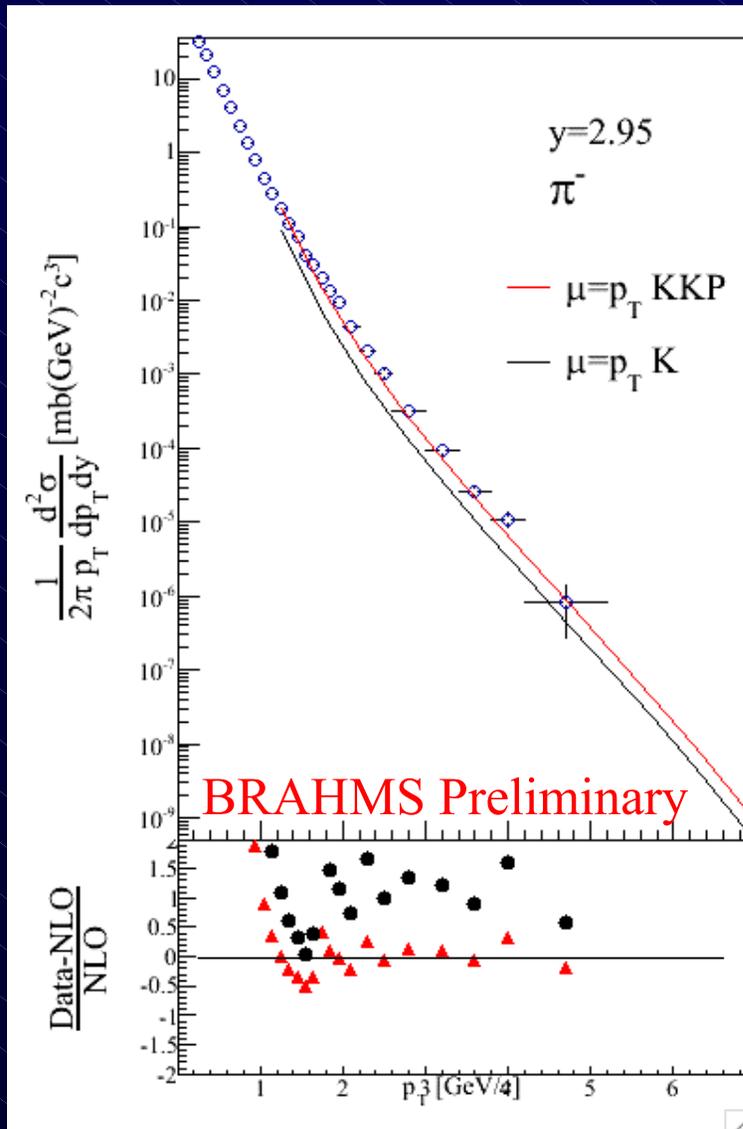


# Baryon Transport/Stopping in pp



The high rapidity measurements allow to get a handle on baryon transport and stopping via net proton distributions.

# NLO pQCD for pions compared to data



Calculations done by W. Vogelsang. Only one scale  $\mu=p_T$  and the same fragmentation functions as used for the PHENIX comparison.

KKP has only  $\pi^0$  frag. Needed some modification to produce charged pions

KKP FF does a better job compared to Kretzer, Pi and Kaon production still dominated by  $gg$  and  $gq$  at these rapidities apart from the highest  $p_{Tcc}$

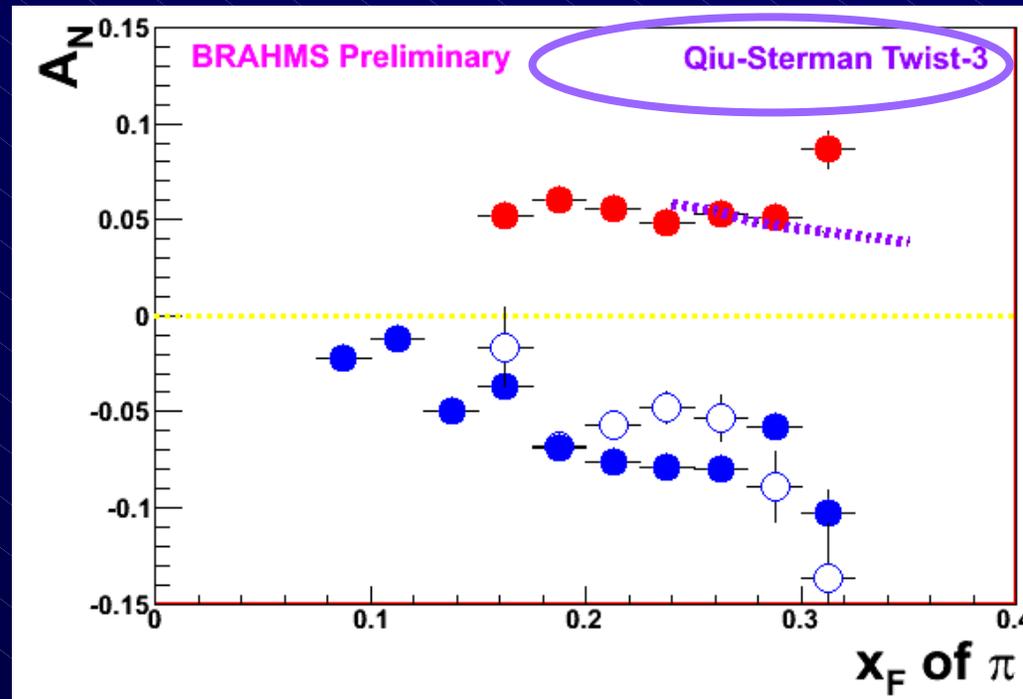
# Transverse Single Spin Asymmetries measurements in BRAHMS

BRAHMS measures identified hadrons ( $\pi, K, p, pbar$ ) in kinematic ranges of  $0 < Y < 3.5$  and  $0.2 < p_T < 4$

Data:

- Run-4: First SSA measurements in BRAHMS
- Run-5: pp at  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV 2.5 pb<sup>-1</sup> recorded
- Run-6: pp at  $\sqrt{s} = 62$  GeV planned (Energy dependence)

$A_N(\pi, K, p, pbar)$  in  $0.1 < x < 0.35$  from Run-5 has been analyzed.



Twist-3 (initial state) calculations by Qiu and Sterman:  
Extrapolated to lower  $p_T$  region  
Phys. Rev D59 014004 (98)

# Publications

2000-2006 **15** Refereed Journals

2000-2005 **56** Conference proceedings

2000-2005 **105+** Talks at conferences , meetings and workshops

- *Recent Publications*

- "Rapidity dependence of high  $p_T$  suppression at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=62.4$  GeV"  
Submitted to Phys.Rev.Lett. [nucl-ex/0602018](#),
- "Centrality Dependent Particle Production at  $y=0$  and  $y\sim 1$  in Au+Au Collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$  GeV" **Phys. Rev. C72, 014908 (2005)**
- "Charged Meson Rapidity Distributions in Central Au+Au Collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$  GeV"  
**Phys. Rev. Lett. 94, 162301 (2005)** , [nucl-ex/0403050](#)
- "Forward and Midrapidity Like-particle Ratios from p+p Collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=200$  GeV"  
**Phys. Lett. B607, 42-50 (2005)**
- "Centrality Dependence of Charged-particle Pseudorapidity Distributions from d+Au Collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=200$  GeV" **Phys. Rev. Lett. 94, 032301 (2005)** , [nucl-ex/0401025](#)

# Citations

- **5 top citations from BRAHMS**
  - **(173) TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM SPECTRA IN AU+AU AND D+AU COLLISIONS AT  $S^{**}(1/2) = 200$ -GEV AND THE PSEUDORAPIDITY DEPENDENCE OF HIGH P(T) SUPPRESSION.**  
Published in **Phys.Rev.Lett.91:072305,2003**
  - **(144) Quark gluon plasma and color glass condensate at RHIC? The Perspective from the BRAHMS experiment.**  
Published in **Nucl.Phys.A757:1-27,2005**
  - **(112) ON THE EVOLUTION OF THE NUCLEAR MODIFICATION FACTORS WITH RAPIDITY AND CENTRALITY IN D + AU COLLISIONS AT  $S(NN)^{**}(1/2) = 200$ -GEV.**  
Published in **Phys.Rev.Lett.93:242303,2004**
  - **(85) PSEUDORAPIDITY DISTRIBUTIONS OF CHARGED PARTICLES FROM AU+AU COLLISIONS AT THE MAXIMUM RHIC ENERGY.**  
Published in **Phys.Rev.Lett.88:202301,2002**
  - **(78) Charged particle densities from Au+Au collisions at  $s(NN)^{**}(1/2) = 130$ -GeV .**  
Published in **Phys.Lett.B523:227-233,2001**
- **Total citations (- self citations) 874**

# Collaboration

## Educational Output

11 Institutions in 5 Countries.

36 Scientists, 3 Post Docs, 6 Ph.D students, 5 MS students

Year	Ph.D thesis
2006	1
2005	3
2004	2
2003	2
2002	1
..2001	2

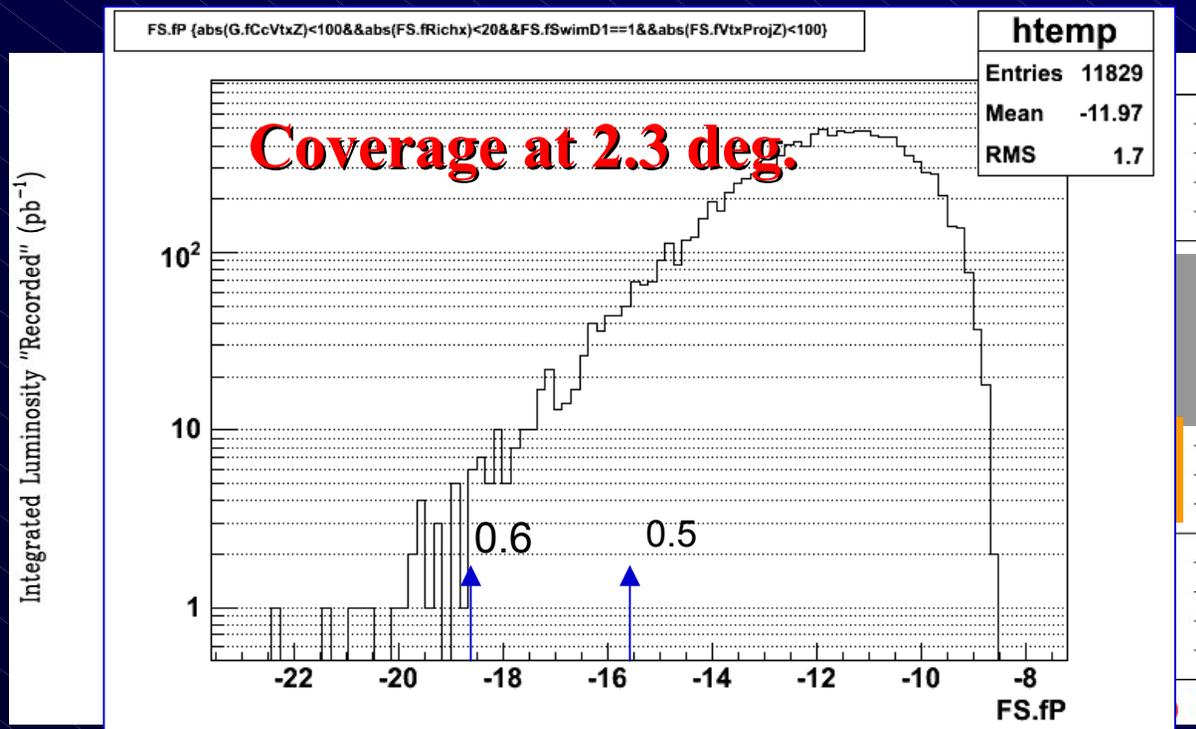
**In addition ~15 M.S. thesis**

# Run-6 pp Data Taking

Goals for 62 GeV were

- Reference spectra for AA at  $y \sim 0$  and  $y \sim 3$
- Single Spin Asymmetries out to  $x_F = 0.55$

Experiment was unchanged from and setup tuned on a small number of stores at 200 GeV (Feb+June)



Calibrations and reconstruction are in progress.

# Analysis Status

- BRAHMS Measurements are completed with the extended high luminosity runs of Au-Au , Cu-Cu and pp at 200 and 62.4 GeV
- The focus has been on unique forward coverage
  - Transverse spectra of  $\pi$ , K, p
  - Elliptic Flow
  - Small-x physics
  - Transverse flow
  - Suppression of high  $p_T$  particles
  - Transverse spin measurements at  $x^F=0.2$  to 0.4 (200 and 62 GeV)
  - Data production have been completed, detailed
  - Analysis and publication of data will take  $\sim 1.5$  additional years (based on experience with similar size experiments )
- This matches the time-scale for several students and post docs, involvement of European groups that go to ALICE, US groups that will/is be involved in STAR, CMS and ATLAS.

# Analysis priorities

- AuAu 62 and 200 GeV
  - Differential flow analysis for identified hadrons.
  - Rapidity and centrality dependence of pt-suppression
  - Rapidity and centrality dependence of soft physics
- CuCu 62 and 200 GeV
  - Comparison of particle production and pt dependence at 62 GeV and 200 GeV
  - Comparison of jet-quenching via  $R_{cp}$  and RAA to AuAu
  - Volume and geometry dependence of AA.
- Pp at 200 GeV
  - Spin Asymmetries  $A_N$  (bulk of data)
  - High pt flavor dependence of hadron production
- Pp at 62 GeV
  - Reference spectra for AA and SSA at large  $x^F$
- dA at 200
  - Revisiting identified spectra at large  $\eta$ .

# Conclusions

- BRAHMS has performed an extensive survey of identified hadron production with its unique  $y$ - $p_t$  coverage in Heavy Ion reactions at RHIC
- The flexibility of the experiment and RHIC facility allowed for unique measurements in d-Au and spurred extensive interest in low- $x$  physics at RHIC and LHC
- BRAHMS has contributed with significant and unique measurements for the RHIC spin program
- The Collaboration has sufficient resources to complete the remaining bulk of analysis and publications in a time frame of ~1-1.5 years, matching the timeframe of students staff moving to other projects.