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ATF Video Frame Grabber Subsystems
        - Frequently Asked Questions
        - Tips and Techniques
      For ATF Staff, Operators and Visiting Users
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      Revision history at end of document.
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Part I - Working with ATF frame grabbers
(Q1) What frame grabbers are in use at ATF?
(A1) Several types of video frame grabbers are in use:
    Frame grabbers 1 and 2:
     The original ATF frame grabbers.
     Network host name : videofg.private.atf.net,
                         videofg2.private.atf.net
     Video type : Analog, RS-170
     Hardware manufacturer: Imaging Technology, Inc.
               i IM-PCI (PCI card)
8-bit. (fixed)
     Model
     Digitization
     Note: These frame grabbers will be phased out shortly.
    Frame grabbers 5, 6, 7, 8:
     Network host name : fgsysa.private.atf.net
Video type : Analog, RS-170
     Hardware manufacturer : Matrox, Inc.
     Model
                     : Solios eA Quad
                       : 8 or 10-bit (selectable; 10-bit is ATF default)
     Digitization
    Frame grabbers 10, 11, 12:
     These are technically not frame grabbers, per se.
     See
     Video type
                       : GigE Vision
     Hardware manufacturer : Basler
     Model
                        : Scout scA1400 17gm
     Digitization
                       : 8, 10 or 12-bit (selectable; 12-bit is default)
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(Q2) Where are the frame grabbers located?
(A2) All of the frame grabbers are rack-mounted in the ATF main control
    room, underneath the counter top, at the side nearest the east entry
    door.
    Frame grabbers 5 and up have USB connections on their front panels.
    Users can connect any external USB media to save their image data files.
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(Q3) What operating system is used on the ATF frame grabbers?
(A3) All run Microsoft Windows operating systems.
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- (Q4) How can I tell which camera is associated with a particular frame grabber?
- (A4) Analog cameras are switched through the Vicon/Altinex video matrix switchers and can be routed to frame grabbers 1, 2, 5, 6, 7 or 8. You can view the video switching page from the ATF computer control system to see the current assignments. If you are knowledgeable with the details of Vicon/Altinex switchers, you can read their respective front panels to determine the current connections.

GigE cameras are always assigned a fixed frame grabber number since the camera itself is actually the digitizer. The camera is also a stand-alone node on the ATF private network. As of this date, frame grabbers 10, 11 and 12 are associated with GigE vision cameras designated "basler1", "basler2" and "basler3", respectively.

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## (Q5) How are ATF frame grabbers triggered?

(A6) Analog frame grabbers are triggered via an external trigger signal connected to a BNC input on the frame grabber board itself.

GigE Vision cameras are triggered by a external trigger signal connected directly to the GigE device itself.

Both analog and GigE cameras can be triggered from ATF timing signals for:

- ATF LINAC repetition rate
- CO2 laser firing
- User's own timing signal
- Free running

ATF trigger signals are routed through the Altinex switcher located in the Main Control Room. If you are unsure how to operate the switcher, ask the duty operator to show you.