

Recent PHENIX Results on Gluon Polarization

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Proton Spin Structure

Manohar-Jaffe sum rule:

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \Delta\Sigma + \Delta G + \Delta L_q + \Delta L_g$$

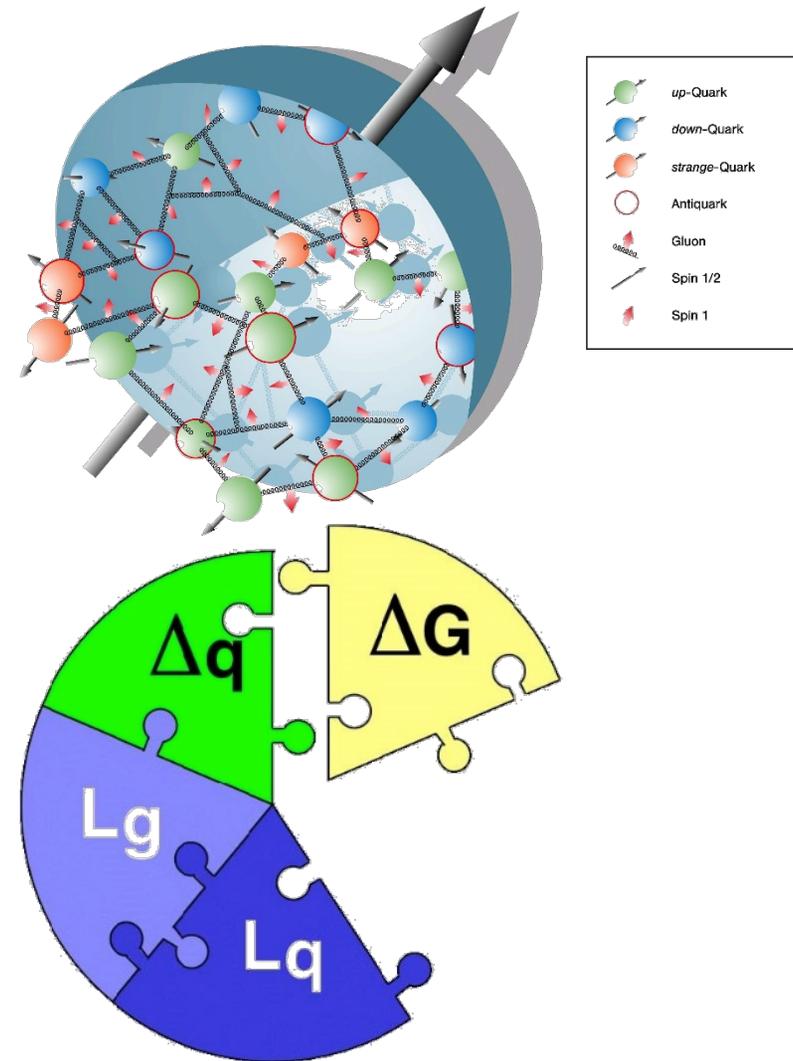
Know very little

~0.33
(small)

Poorly
constrained

$$\Delta\Sigma = \Delta u + \Delta d + \Delta\bar{u} + \Delta\bar{d} + \dots$$

Poorly
constrained



Nucleon Spin Structure History

	Quark Spin	Gluon Spin	Transverse Spin	GPDs
SLAC →2000	E80-E155			
CERN ongoing	EMC, SMC		COMPASS	
FNAL →1995			E704	
DESY →2007		HERMES		
JLAB ongoing			Halls A, B, C	
RHIC ongoing	(BRAHMS), PHENIX, STAR			

———— major experimental innovations ————

DIS
polarized pp

semi inclusive + exclusive processes, luminosity

polarized proton beams, polarized proton collider

RHIC Spin Program

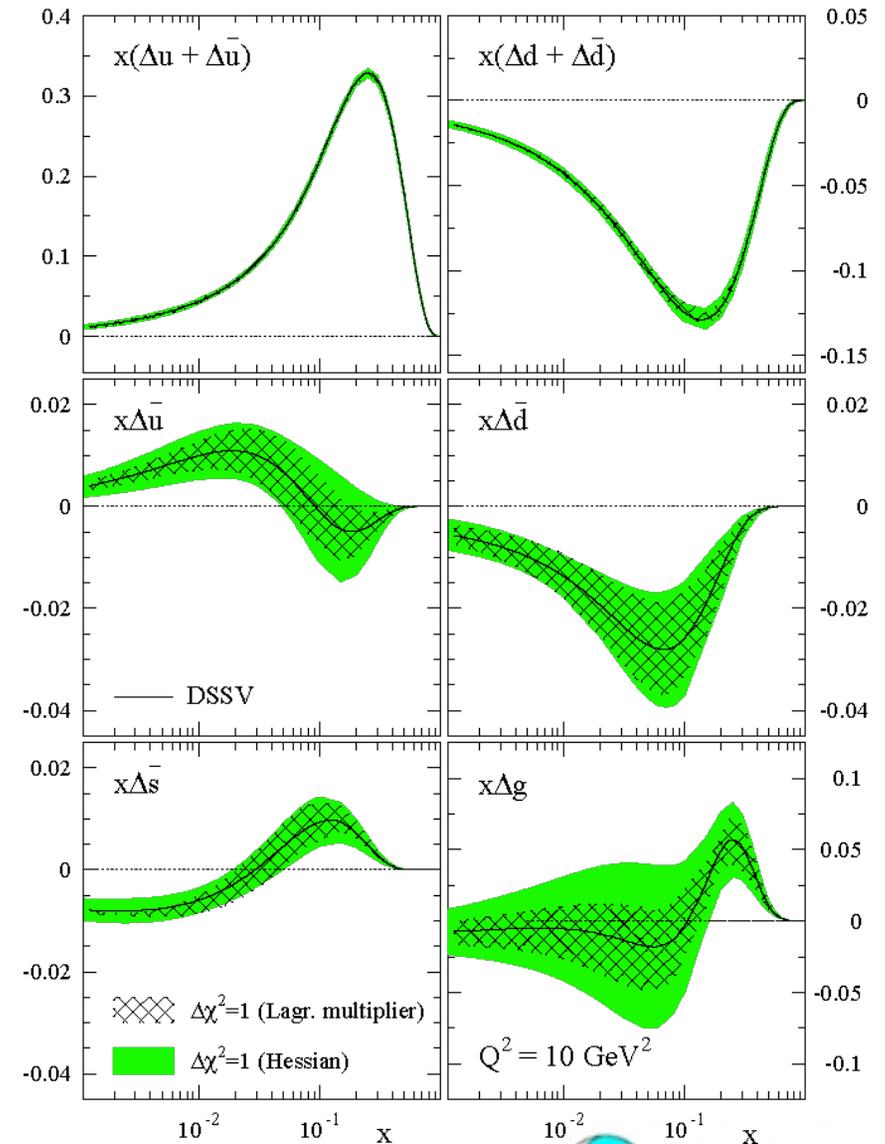
[Phys. Rev. D 80, 034030 \(2009\)](#)

From 2009 DSSV global fit

- ❑ Quark contribution is well understood by DIS and SIDIS.
- ❑ Large uncertainty on sea quark polarization due to the large uncertainty in fragmentation.
- ❑ Gluon Polarization is largely unconstrained, especially in the low x region.

RHIC spin goal:

- ❑ Gluon Polarization
- PEHNIX and STAR are adding more data points into global fit.
- ❑ Sea quark contribution
- W measurement in lepton channel



PHENIX Spin Program

Longitudinal spin program

□ Gluon polarization distribution

$$\Delta G = \int_0^1 dx \cdot \Delta g(x)$$

-- PHENIX has measured π^0 , jet, charged π , η , heavy flavor A_{LL} at $\sqrt{s} = 62.4$ and 200 GeV at mid-rapidity.

-- π^0 , A_{LL} at $\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV at mid-rapidity

-- J/Ψ , A_{LL} at $\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV at forward rapidity

-- π^0 , A_{LL} at $\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV at forward rapidity, in progress

□ Anti-quark sea polarization: Talk by Nerangika Bandara (UMass)

$$A_L(u + \bar{d} \rightarrow W^+ \rightarrow l^+ + \nu_l)$$

$$A_L(\bar{u} + d \rightarrow W^- \rightarrow l^- + \bar{\nu}_l)$$

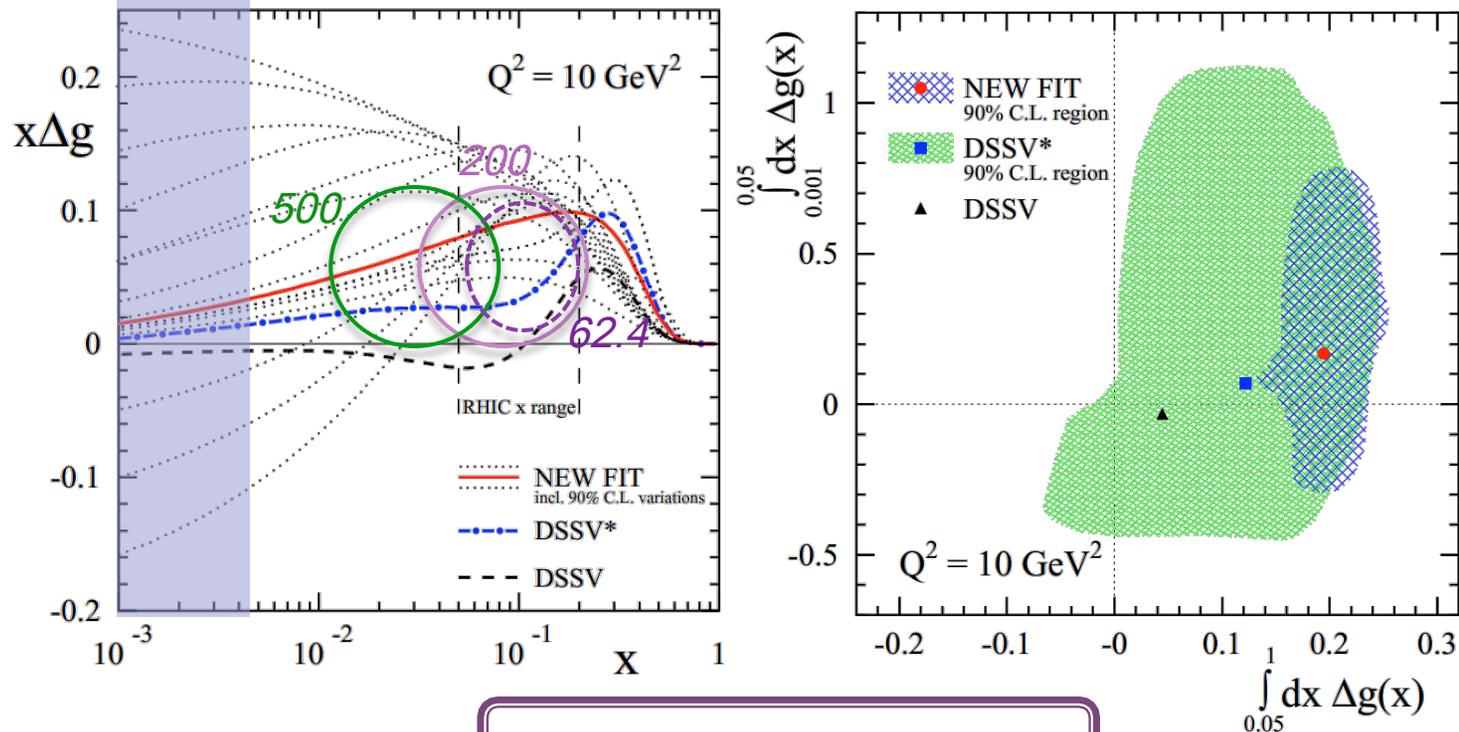
Transverse spin program: Talk by Ming Liu (LANL)

-- sensitivity to $\langle Lz \rangle$ + transversity

Current Understanding of Gluon Polarization

2014 DSSV Global Fit

- Including 2009 RHIC data sets, the 2014 DSSV global fit suggests non zero polarization of gluons in the proton at intermediate x range ($0.05 \sim 1$).
- At low x region, the errors of DSSV are still poorly constrained.



[Phys. Rev. Lett. 113, 012001 \(2014\)](#)

Recent Spin Run at RHIC

Recent Spin Runs

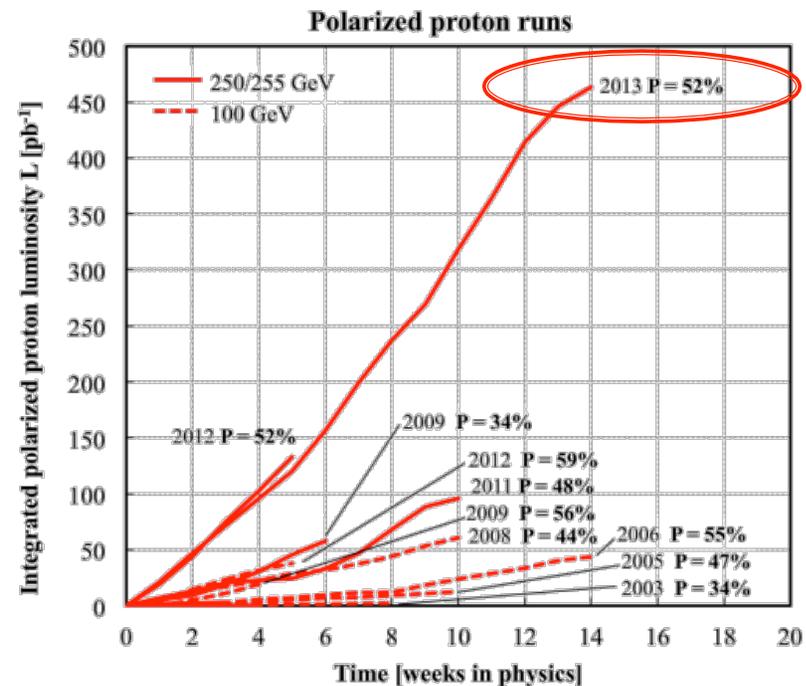
- 2009: First 500 GeV longitudinal
- 2011: 500 GeV longitudinal
- 2012: 200 GeV transverse and 510 GeV longitudinal
- 2013: 510 GeV longitudinal run

Combined data from 2009-2013 longitudinal runs provide a high statistics, high polarization sample for sea quark and gluon polarization studies

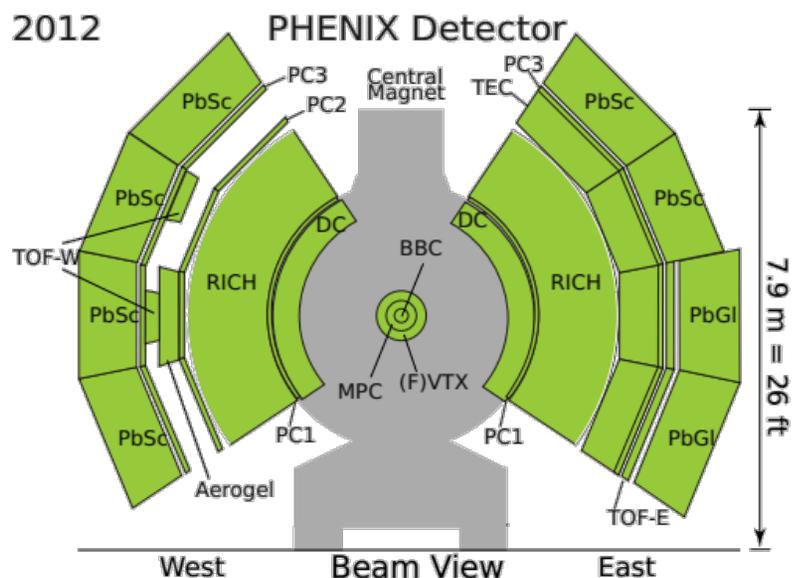
Figures of Merit

- Single Spin Asymmetry FOM: $L\langle P \rangle^2$
- Double Spin Asymmetry FOM: $L\langle P \rangle^4$

High polarization is essential for an effective measurement of A_{LL}

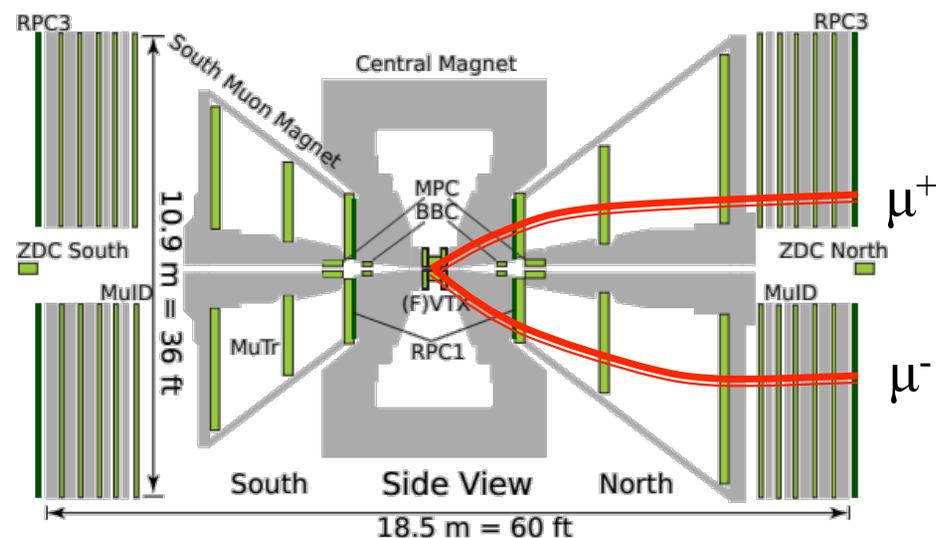


PHENIX Central Arm



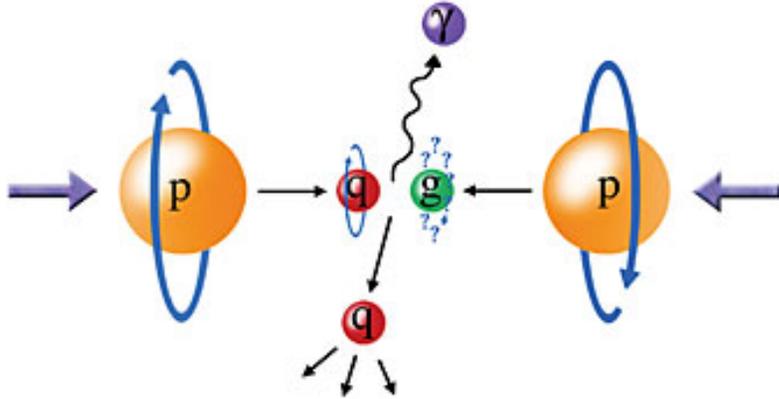
- Energy measured in EM Calorimeter (PbSc + PbGl)
- Momentum/Tracking in Drift Chamber (DC) + Silicon Barrel (VTX)
- PID with Ring Imaging Cherenkov Counter (RICH)
- $|\eta| < 0.35$, $\Delta\phi = 2 \times \frac{\pi}{2}$

PHENIX Muon Arm



- Silicon strip tracking and vertexing (FVTX)
- Momentum measured in cathode strip tracking chambers (MuTr)
- μ^\pm ID from larocci tubes interleaved with steel absorbers (MuID)
- $1.2 < |\eta| < 2.2$, $\Delta\phi = 2\pi$

Access Gluon Polarization -- A_{LL}

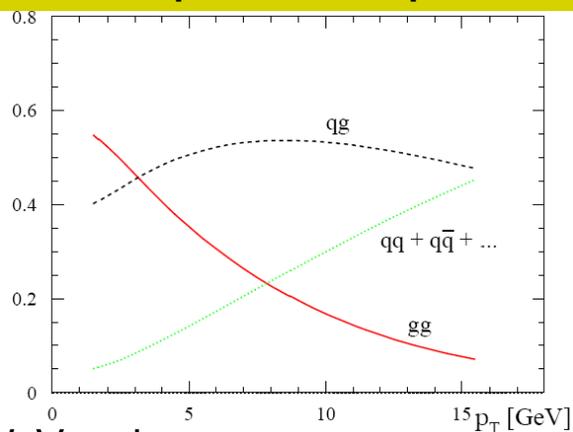


$$A_{LL} = \frac{\Delta\sigma}{\sigma} = \frac{\sigma_{++} - \sigma_{+-}}{\sigma_{++} + \sigma_{+-}}$$

$$A_{LL} = \frac{1}{P_Y P_B} \frac{N_{++} - RN_{+-}}{N_{++} + RN_{+-}}, R = \frac{L_{++}}{L_{+-}}$$

$$\Delta\sigma(pp \rightarrow \pi^0 X) \approx \underbrace{\Delta q(x_1)}_{\text{DIS}} \otimes \underbrace{\Delta g(x_2)}_{?} \otimes \underbrace{\Delta \hat{\sigma}^{qg \rightarrow qg}(\hat{s})}_{\text{pQCD}} \otimes \underbrace{D_q^{\pi^0}(z)}_{e+e-} \dots$$

NLO sub-process in π production

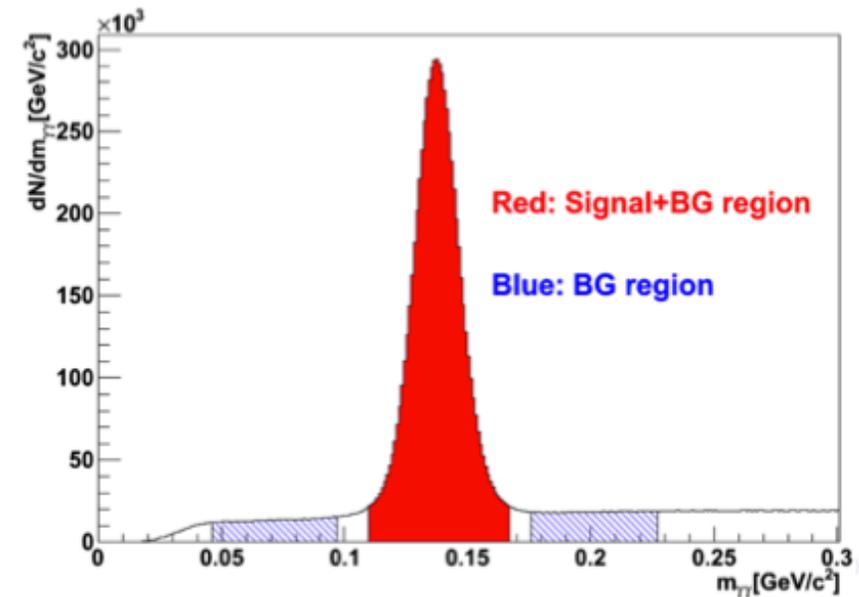


- Parton distribution functions
- Partonic hard scattering rates
- Fragmentation functions

$\pi^0 A_{LL}$ measurement at PHENIX

- Integrated Luminosity 150 pb^{-1} , polarization $\sim 56 \%$ (2013)
- Reconstruct π^0 peak with γ pair in Electromagnetic Calorimeter at PHENIX (PbSc and PbGl)
- Large cross section + finely segmentation EMCal + high p_T photon trigger
- Inclusive asymmetry and side band background asymmetry

- $$A_{LL} = \frac{1}{P_B P_Y} \frac{N_{++} - RN_{+-}}{N_{++} + RN_{+-}}$$
- R is the relative luminosity. It is the main source of systematic.



$$A_{LL}^{\pi^0} = \frac{A_{LL}^{(\pi^0+BG)} - r A_{LL}^{BG}}{1 - r}$$

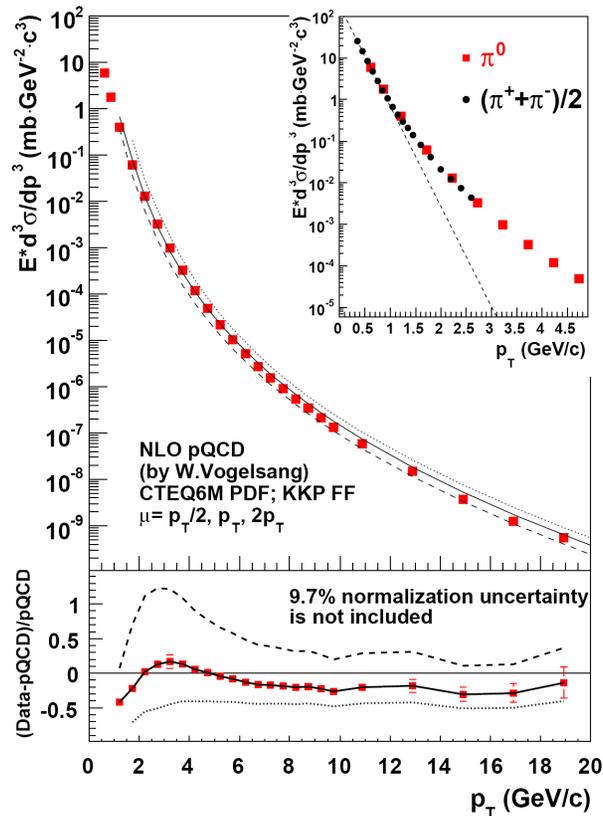
Unpolarized Cross Sections at Lower Energies



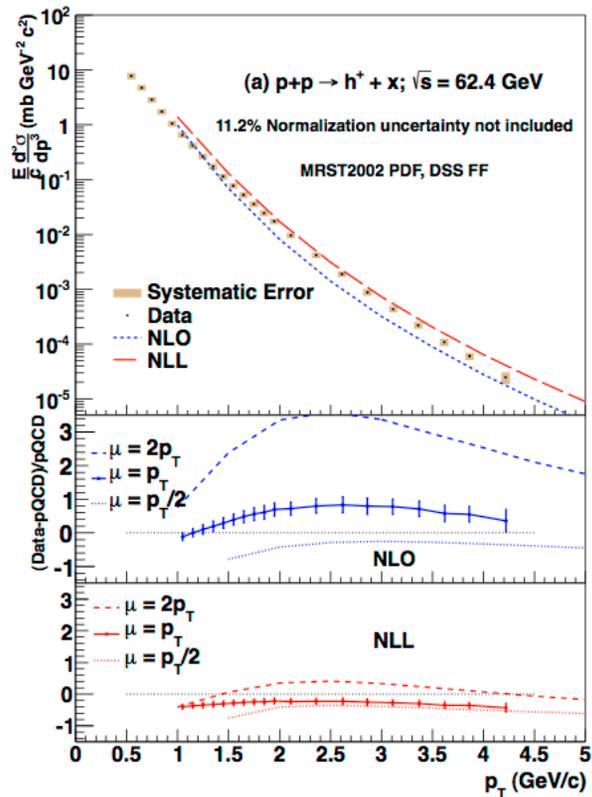
PRD 76, 051106

arXiv:1202.4020

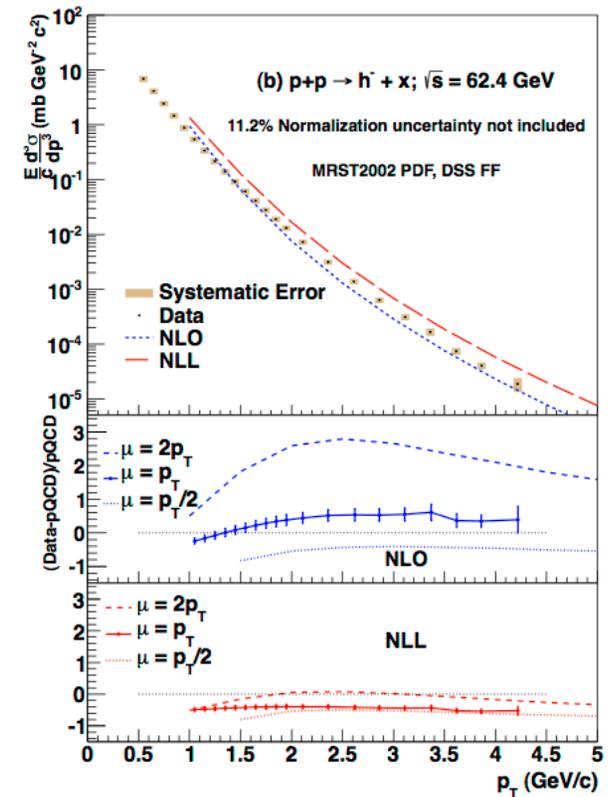
π^0 at 200 GeV



h^+ at 62.4 GeV



h^- at 62.4 GeV



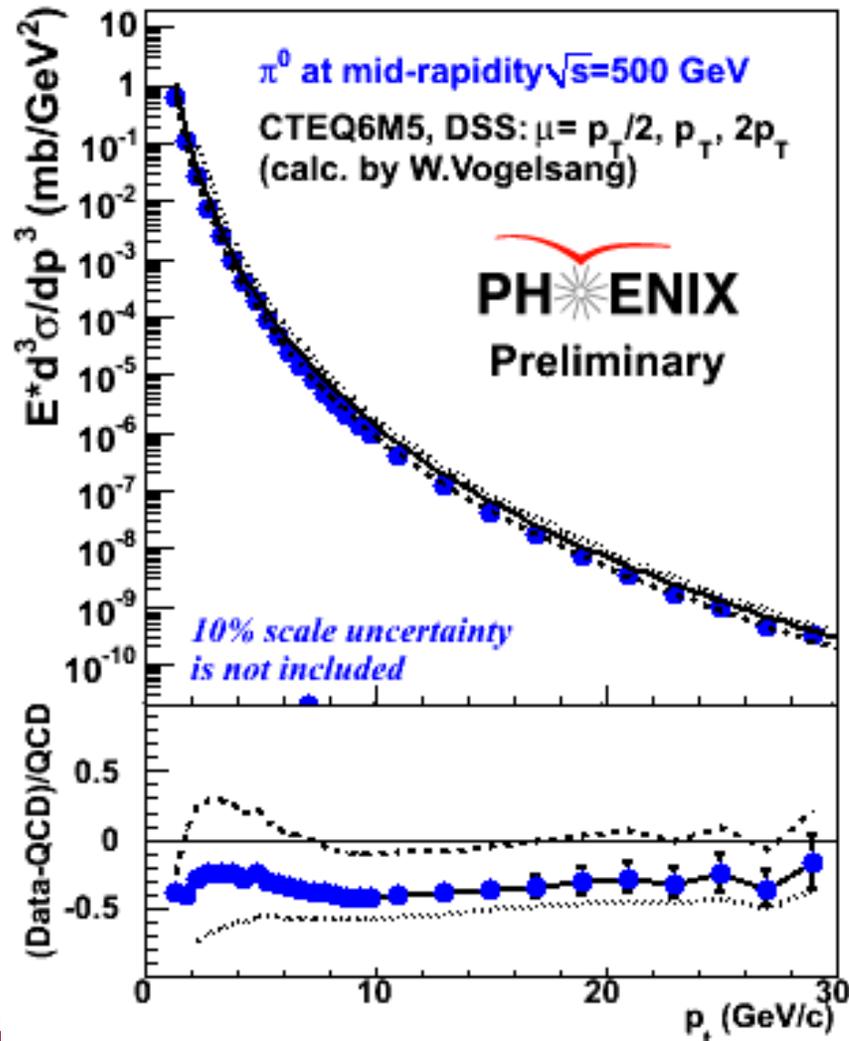
- **NLO QCD Calculation Cross-sections consistent with Data.**
- **pQCD works over a very broad kinematic range at RHIC energies**



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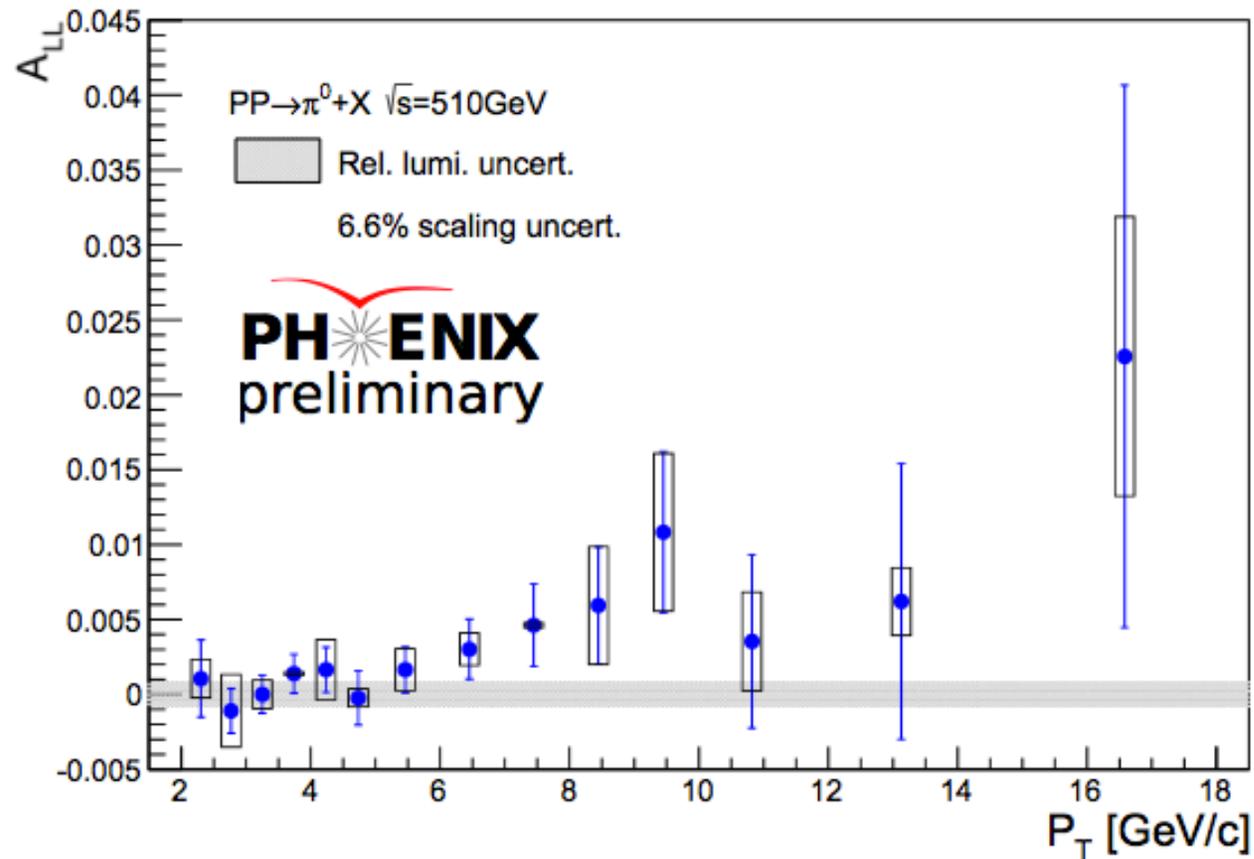
π^0 Cross Section at 510 GeV



□ Cross section results are given for transverse momenta $p_T = 0.5$ to 30 GeV/c.

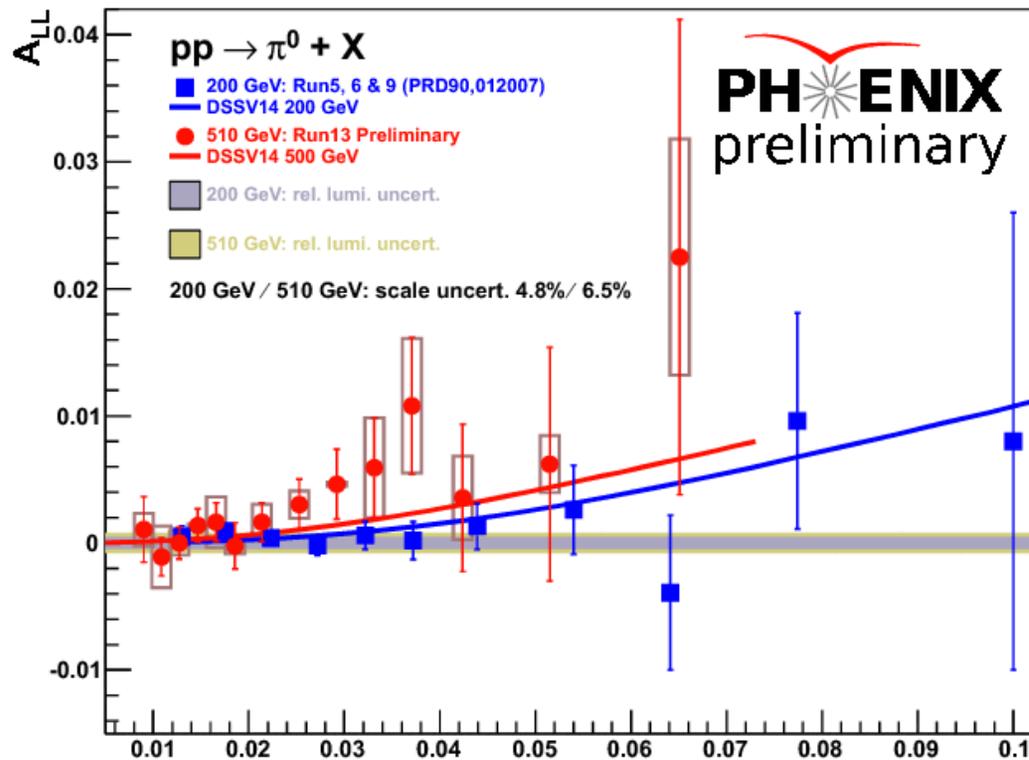
□ The cross section is described well by NLO perturbative QCD.

$\pi^0 A_{LL}$ vs p_T Results



Larger asymmetry is observed at $\sqrt{s} = 510 \text{ GeV}$.

$\pi^0 A_{LL}$ vs x_T Results

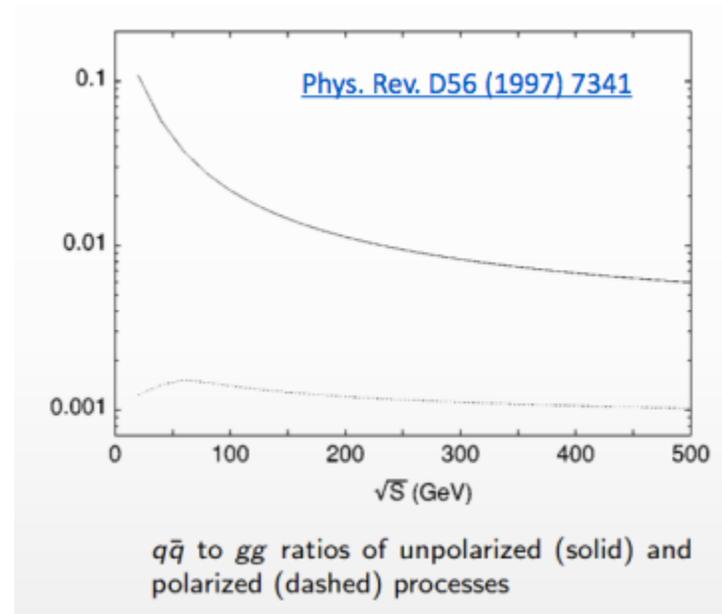
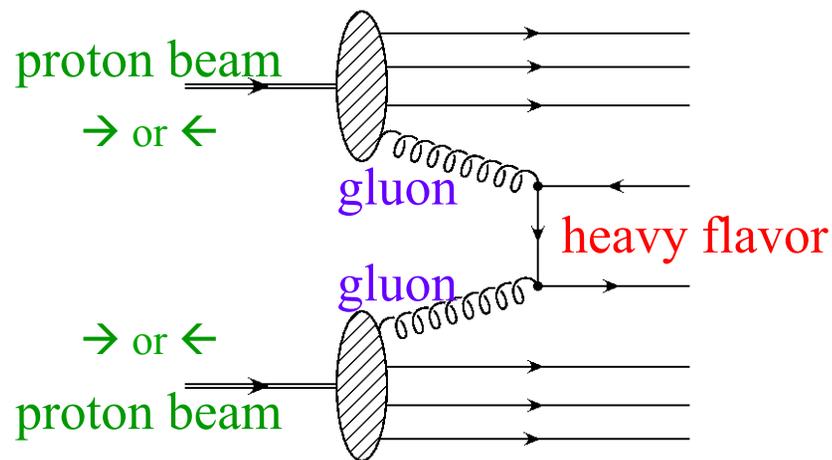


$$x_T = 2 \frac{p_T}{\sqrt{s}}$$

- Run13 $\pi^0 A_{LL}$ Results at 500 GeV give larger asymmetry compare with previous results at 200 GeV.
- Measured asymmetry is consistent with DSSV theory curve within uncertainties. Data favor larger A_{LL} than DSSV best fits.
- Data will add constrain in low-x region.

J/Ψ A_{LL} at PHENIX

- Heavy-flavor production is leading-order gluon interactions



- At RHIC energies J/Ψ production is dominated by gluon-gluon fusion. The J/Ψ A_{LL} can be written at LO

$$A_{LL} = \frac{\Delta\sigma}{\sigma} \propto \frac{\Delta g(x_1)}{g(x_1)} \frac{\Delta g(x_2)}{g(x_2)}$$

J/Ψ A_{LL} at Forward Rapidity

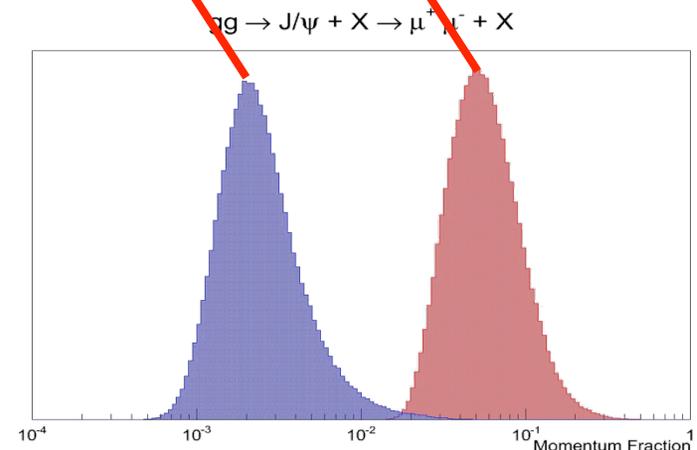
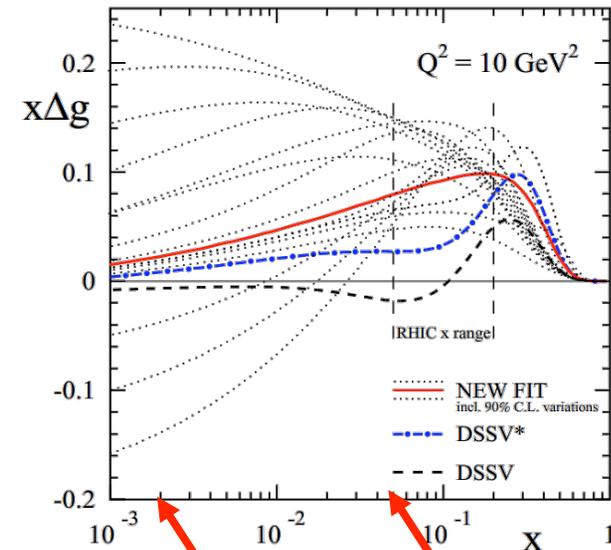
- At forward rapidity the x distribution of the two gluons are at very different region.

- PHENIX muon arms probing

$$\frac{\Delta g(x_1)}{g(x_1)} \frac{\Delta g(x_2)}{g(x_2)}$$

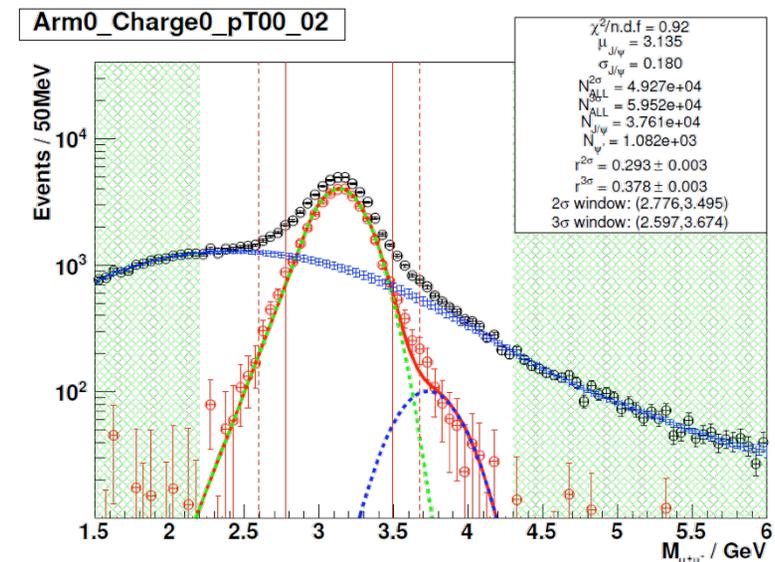
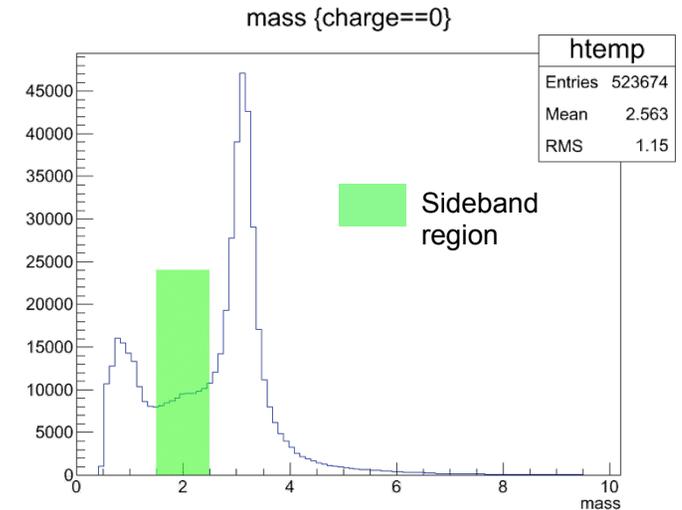
- The forward J/Ψ → μ⁺ μ⁻ A_{LL} give sensitivity to possible sign change in $x\Delta g$.

- And it will access to low x range down to about 2×10^{-3}



J/ψ A_{LL} measurement at PHENIX

- ❑ Analyze south and north arm separately, and divide data for each arm into 3 p_T bins.
- ❑ Fit each subsets for 2σ J/ψ mass window and background fraction "r".
 - ❑ Crystal ball shape for J/ψ, Gaussian for ψ'
 - ❑ Gaussian Process Regression (GPR) for background shape
- ❑ Sideband region is defined as $M_{\mu\mu} \in [1.5 \text{ GeV}, 2.5 \text{ GeV}]$
- ❑ Calculate inclusive A_{LL} in the 2σ J/ψ mass window
- ❑ Estimate the background asymmetry from a sideband



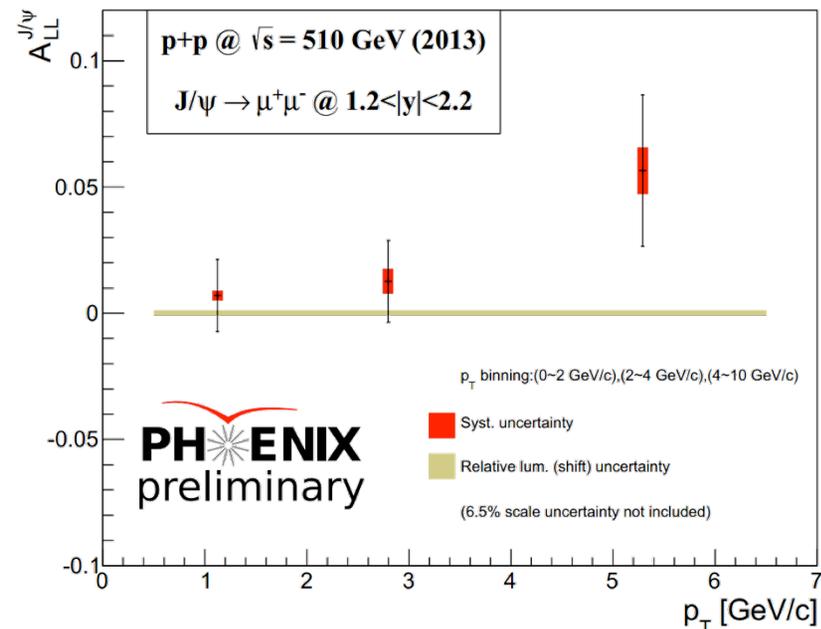
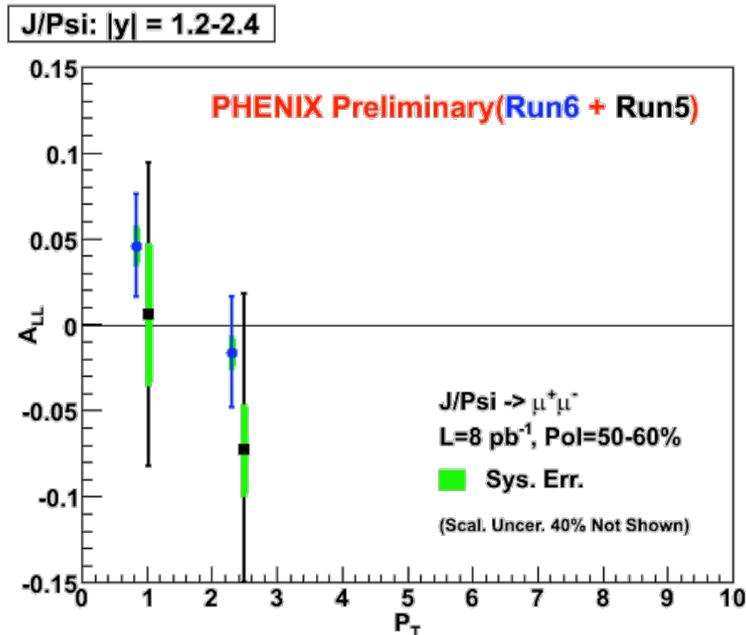
J/Ψ A_{LL} Results at Forward Rapidity

$$pp \rightarrow J/\psi + X \rightarrow \mu^+ + \mu^- + X$$

@ $\sqrt{s} = 200\text{GeV}$

$$pp \rightarrow J/\psi + X \rightarrow \mu^+ + \mu^- + X$$

@ $\sqrt{s} = 510\text{GeV}$



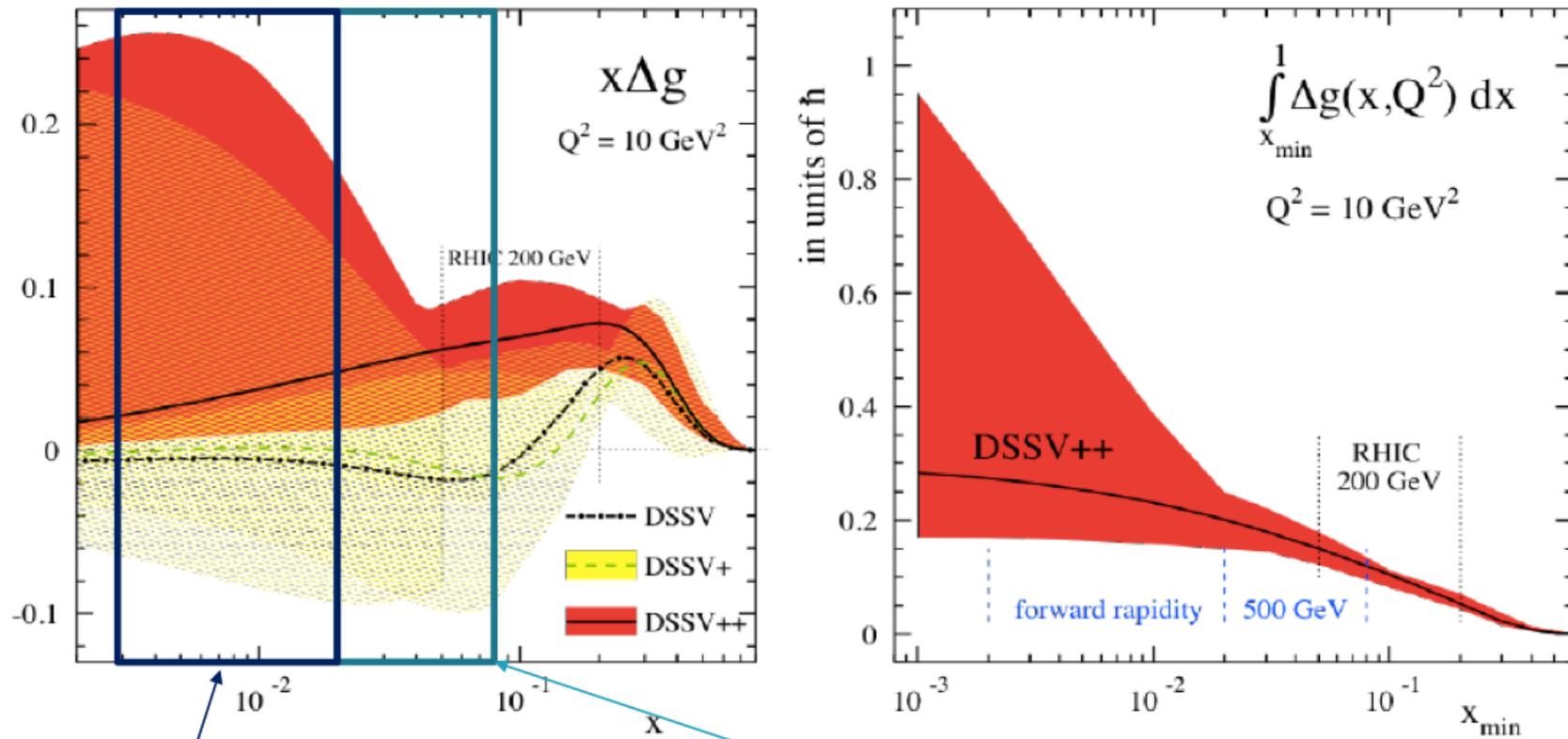
There is no theoretical calculation! J/Ψ production mechanism is not well understood?
 Is it possible we could add data points into the global fit?

Summary

- ❑ Run13 pp 510GeV data has been taken and analyzed. Integrated Luminosity 150 pb^{-1} , Pol $\sim 56\%$
- ❑ PHENIX measured the π^0 cross section A_{LL} in the middle rapidity. Larger asymmetry was observed compare with Run09 $\pi^0 A_{LL}$ at 200 GeV
- ❑ PHENIX also measured the $J/\Psi A_{LL}$ at Forward Rapidity. The statistical and systematic errors are significant improved compare with earlier run5 + run6 results.
- ❑ We encourage theory community to include those data into global analysis. We hope the data will help to constrain Δg at low x region.
- ❑ Final results toward to publications for central $\pi^0 A_{LL}$ and $J/\Psi A_{LL}$ at forward rapidity are underway.
- ❑ J/Ψ cross section analysis effort at 500 GeV is ongoing.

Outlook – Near Future

PHENIX $\pi^0 A_{LL}$ measurement at 500 GeV at forward rapidity will come soon.



Forward $\pi^0 A_{LL}$ analysis
with PHENIX MPC
(Run11 and Run13)

510 GeV Region



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Experimental Probes for Nucleon Structure

□ Electromagnetic (E&M) probes: (γ^*)

- Drell-Yan
- Charged lepton scattering (DIS, SIDIS)

□ Strong interaction probes:

- Parton-parton scattering in hadron-hadron collisions

Provide unique opportunities to study gluon properties in proton

□ Weak interaction probes:

- exchange W^* or Z^* during lepton nucleon scattering
- W or Z production in h-h collisions

W provide complementary information on the flavor decomposition.