

**Quarkonia Results from PHENIX**

**Sanghoon Lim**

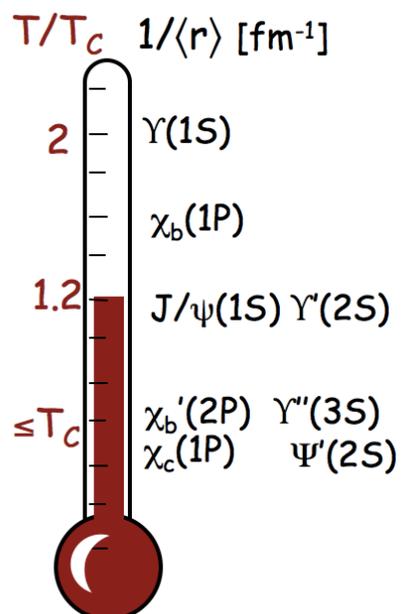
**Los Alamos National Lab**

**RHIC&AGS Users' meeting**

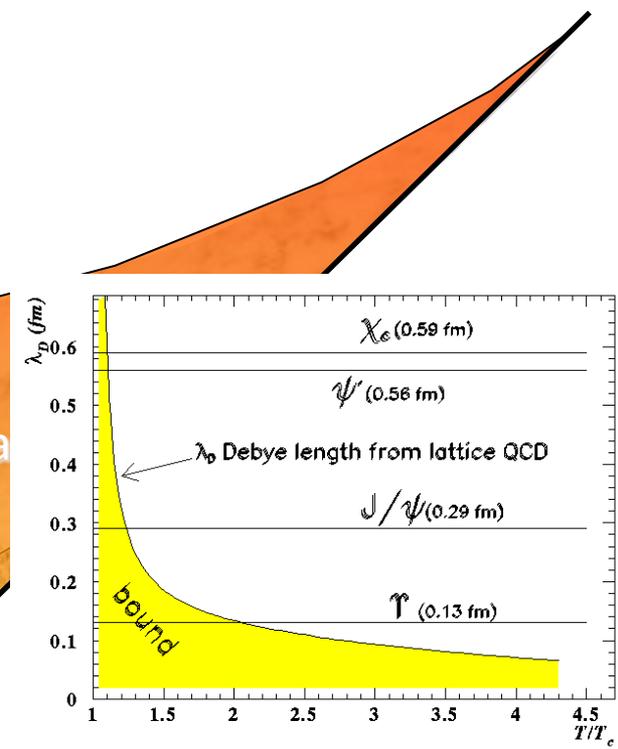
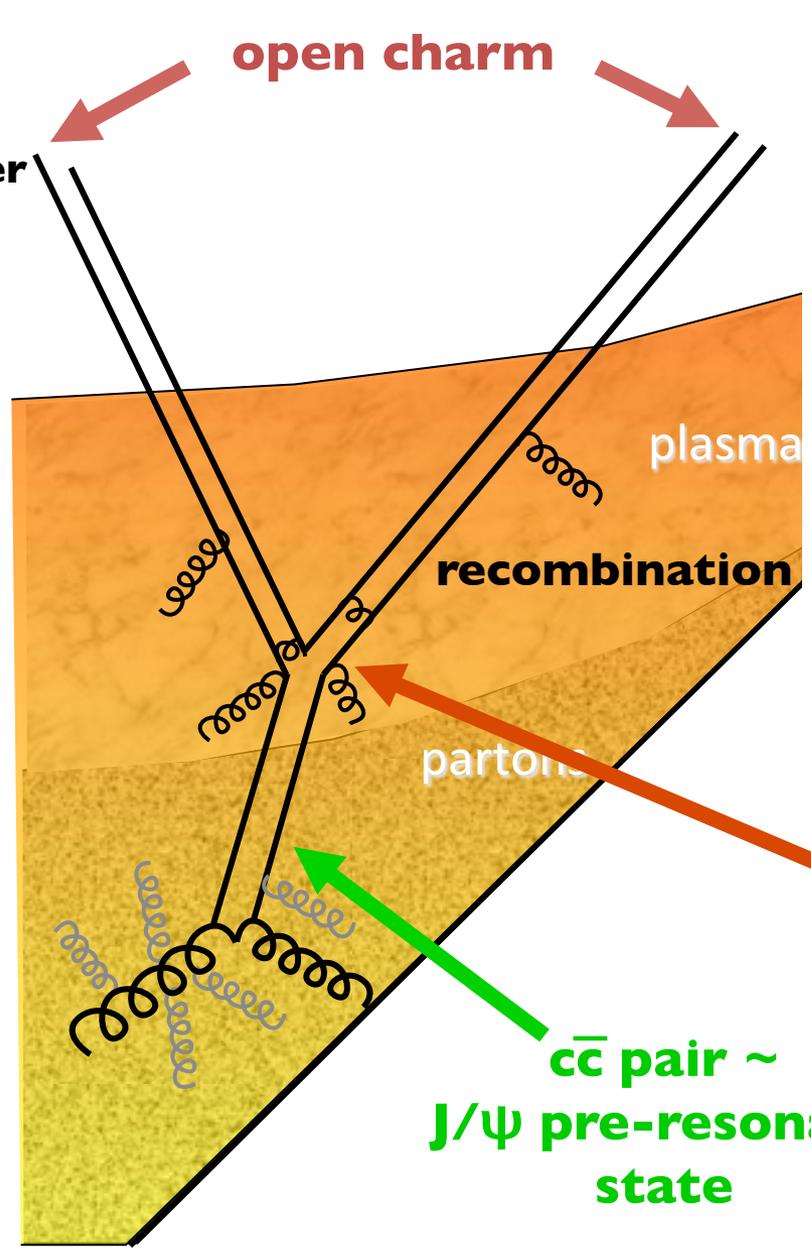
**June/7/2016**

# Quarkonia in the QGP

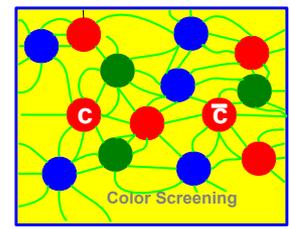
## The QGP thermometer



arXiv:0811.0337



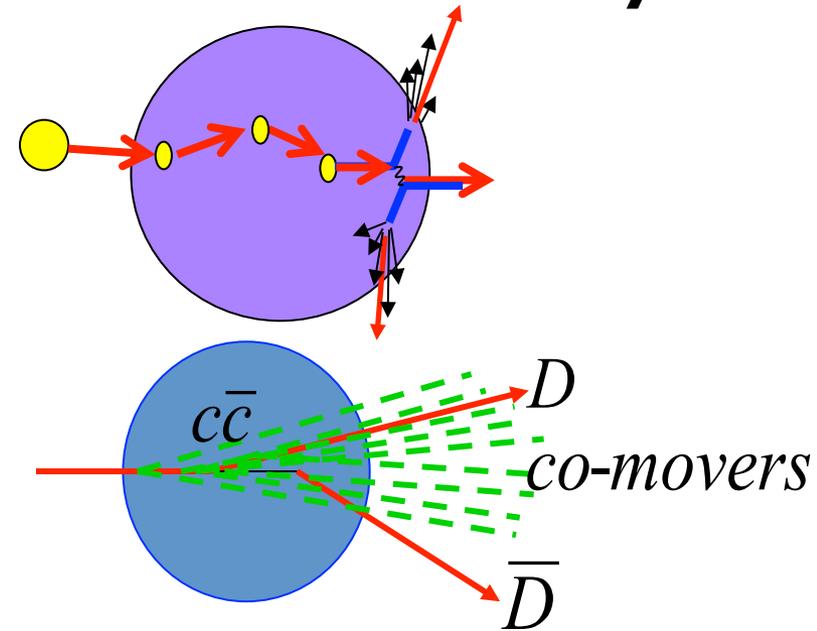
color screening of the cc potential by the surrounding color charges



# Quarkonia in small collision system

## Scattering with nuclear matter

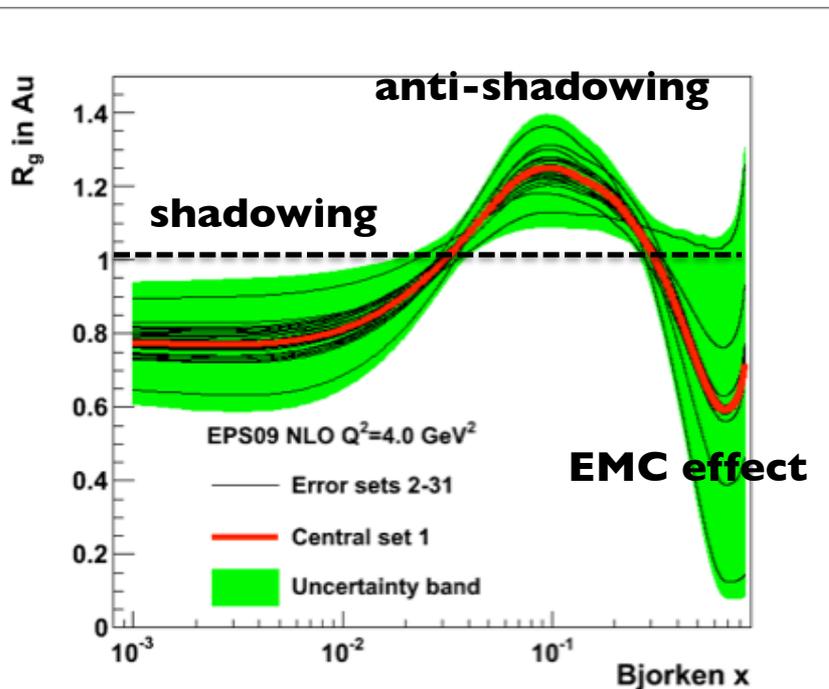
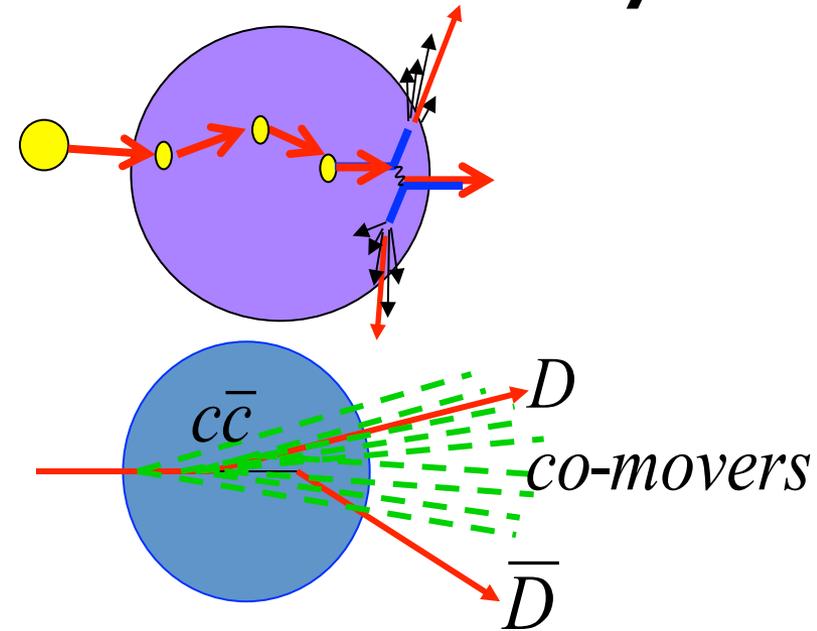
Initial-state (before hard scattering) interaction or final-state (after hard scattering) interaction can cause **energy loss**, **transverse momentum broadening**, and **break-up of bound states**



# Quarkonia in small collision system

## Scattering with nuclear matter

Initial-state (before hard scattering) interaction or final-state (after hard scattering) interaction can cause **energy loss**, **transverse momentum broadening**, and **break-up of bound states**



## Modification of parton's distribution

Parton distribution functions (PDF) in nucleus are modified from those in nucleon depends on **x (longitudinal momentum fraction)** and **Q<sup>2</sup> (energy scale)**

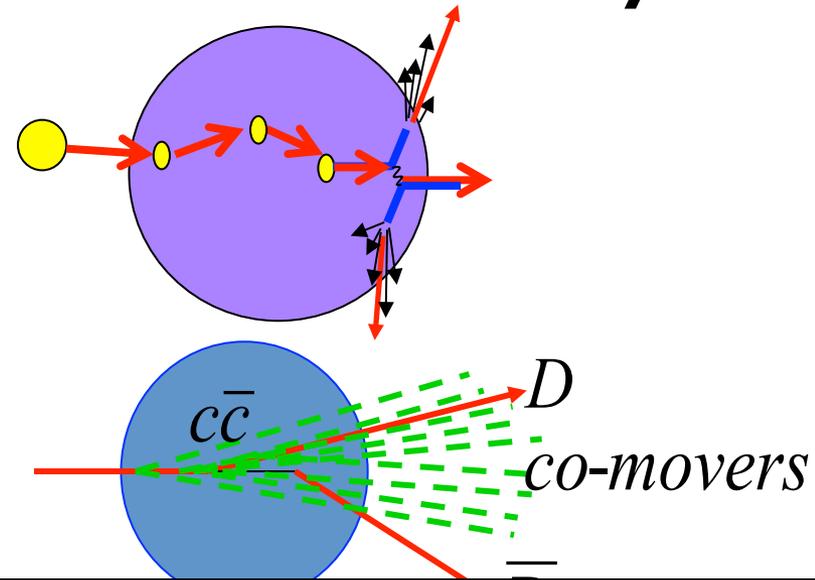
$$R^A(x, Q^2) = \frac{f^A(x, Q^2)}{A f^p(x, Q^2)}$$

EPS09 model for gluon modification

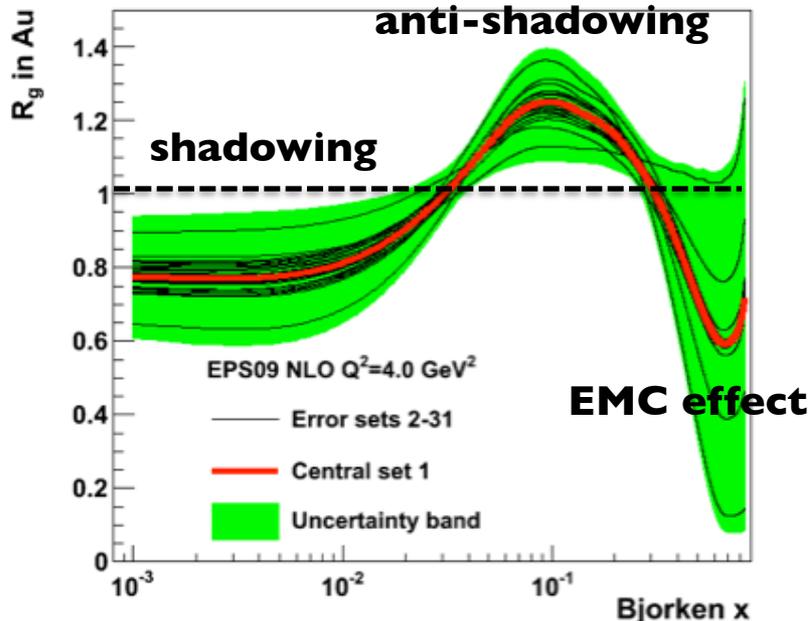
# Quarkonia in small collision system

## Scattering with nuclear matter

Initial-state (before hard scattering) interaction or final-state (after hard scattering) interaction can cause **energy loss**, **transverse momentum broadening**, and **break-up of bound states**



## Need various measurements at wide kinematic range!!



## Modification of parton's distribution

Parton distribution functions (PDF) in nucleus are modified from those in nucleon depends on **x (longitudinal momentum fraction)** and  **$Q^2$  (energy scale)**

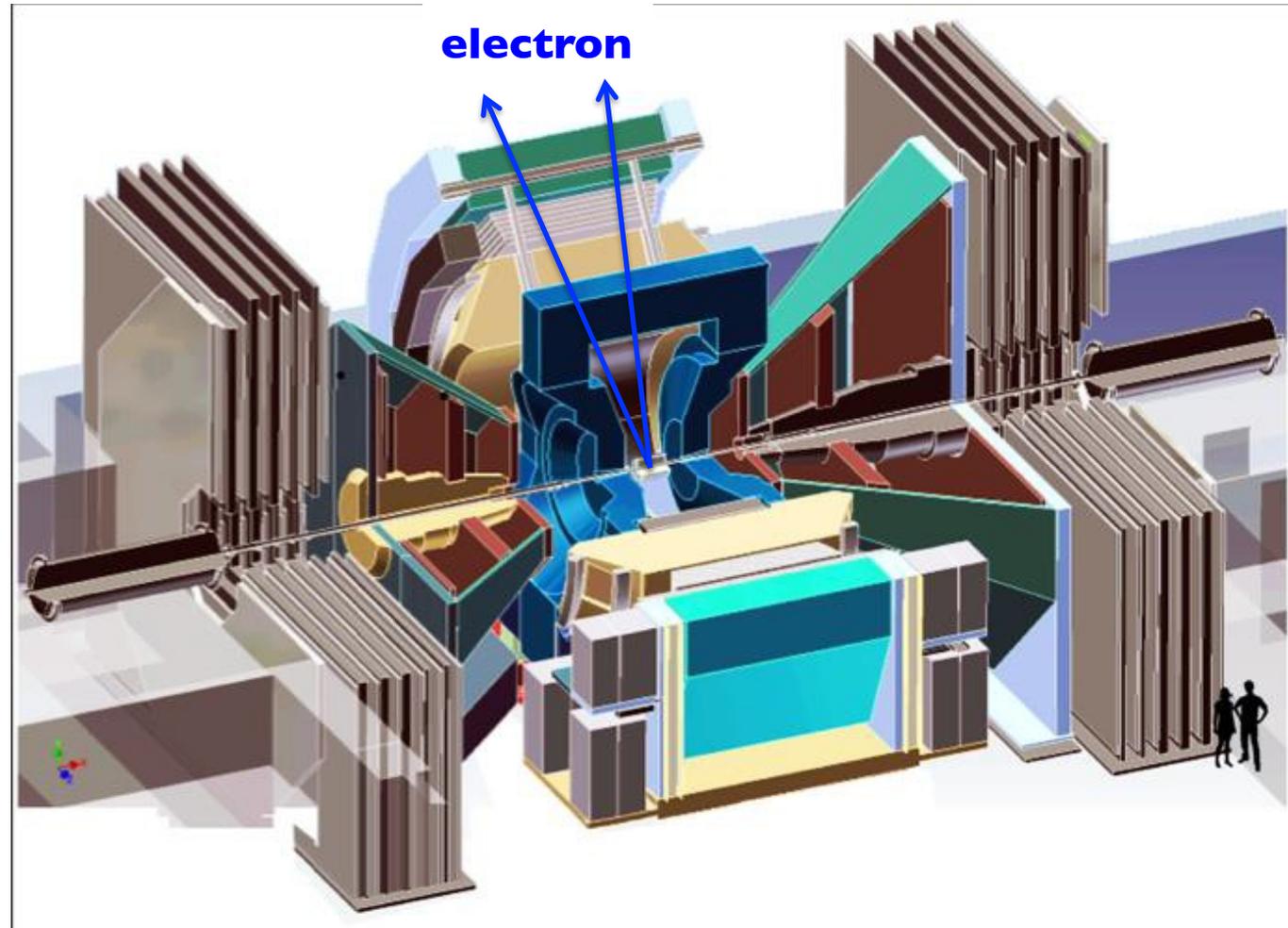
$$R^A(x, Q^2) = \frac{f^A(x, Q^2)}{A f^p(x, Q^2)}$$

EPS09 model for gluon modification

# Quarkonia measurements at PHENIX

- **Central arm**

- $|\eta| < 0.35$
- $\Delta\phi = \pi$
- Tracking w/  
DC, PC
- eID w/  
RICH, EMcal



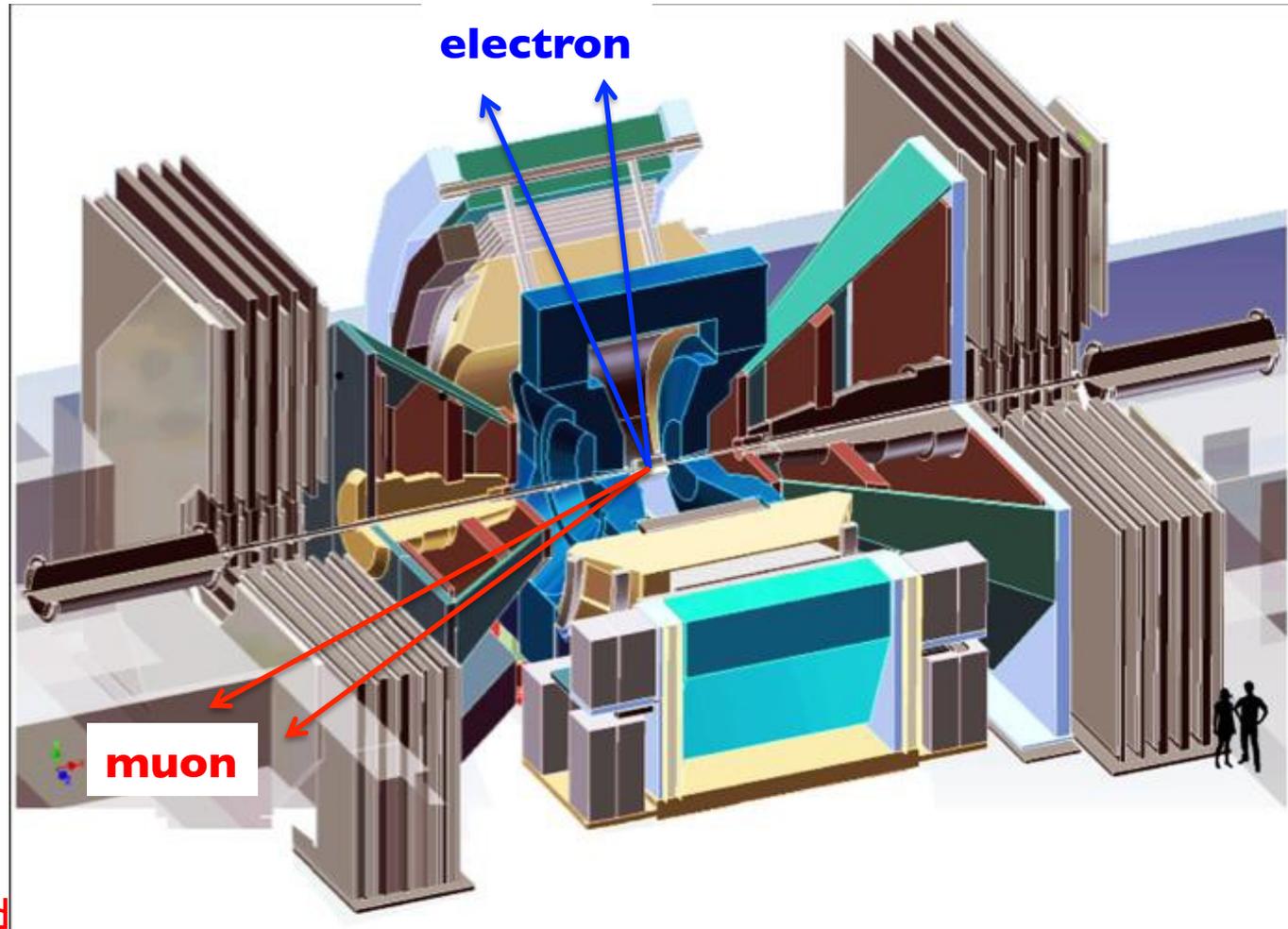
# Quarkonia measurements at PHENIX

- **Central arm**

- $|\eta| < 0.35$
- $\Delta\phi = \pi$
- Tracking w/  
DC, PC
- eID w/  
RICH, EMcal

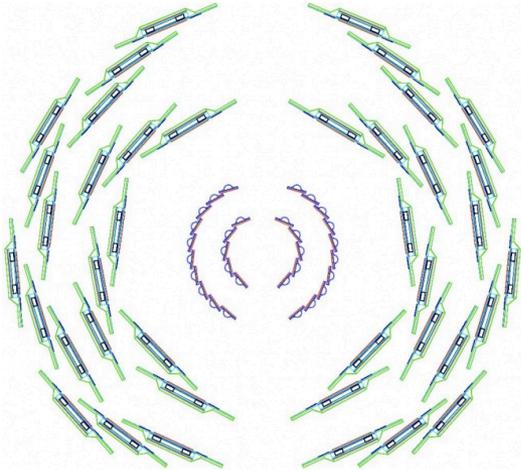
- **Muon arm**

- $1.2 < |\eta| < 2.2$
- $\Delta\phi = 2\pi$
- $\sim 10\lambda$  absorber
- Tracking w/  
wire chamber
- muID w/  
5 layers of steel and  
larocci tube plane



# Silicon Vertex Tracking System

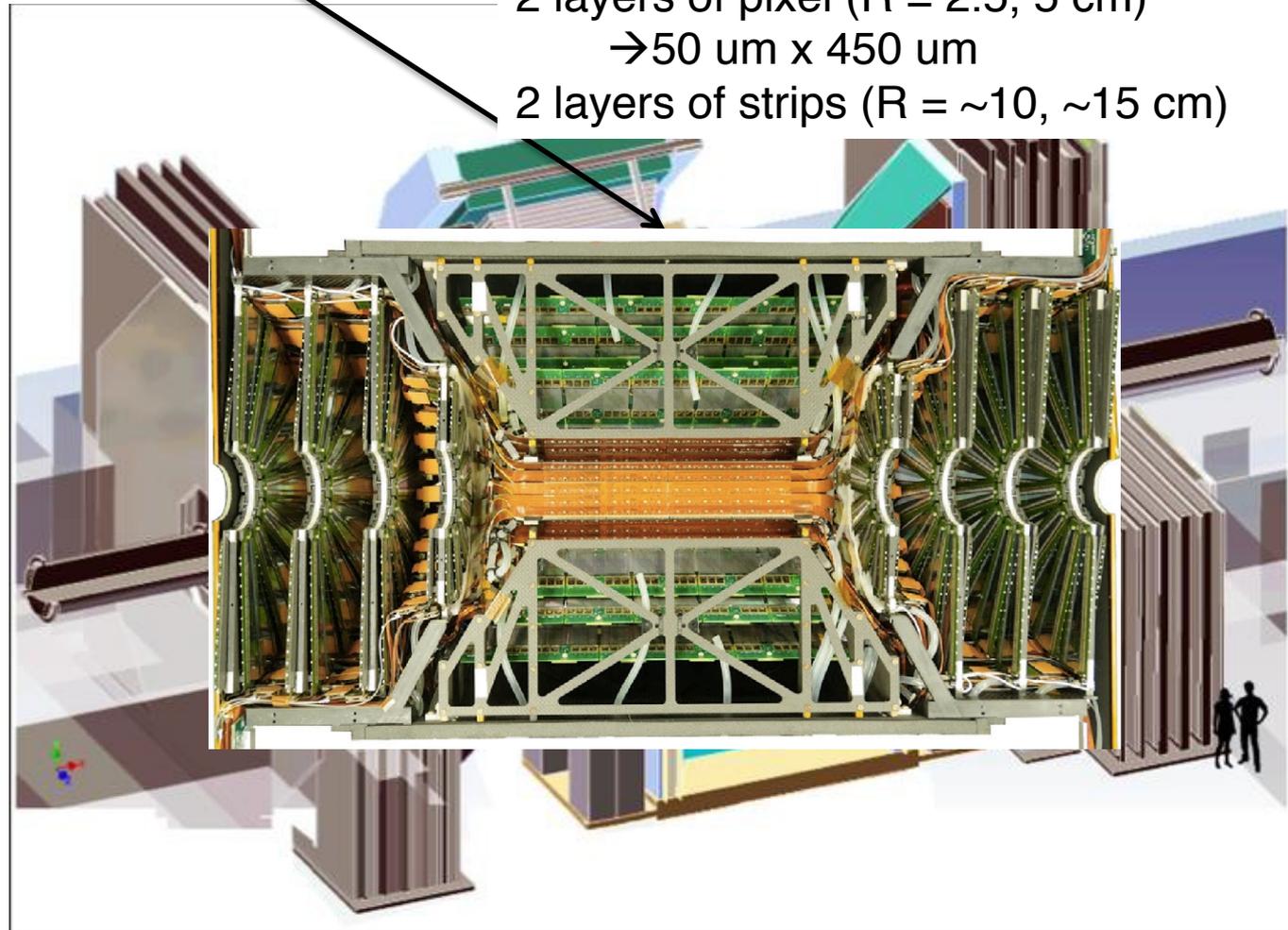
- **VTX at mid-rapidity 2011**



2 layers of pixel ( $R = 2.5, 5 \text{ cm}$ )

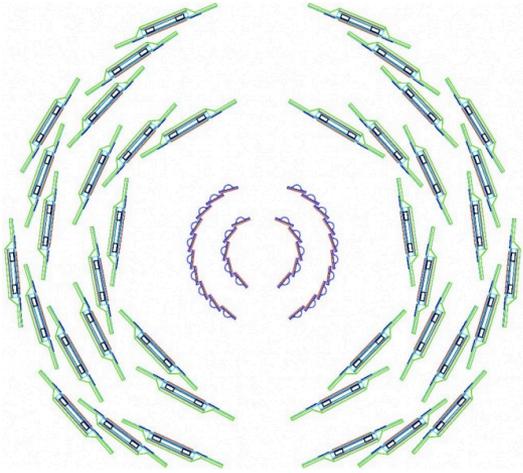
→  $50 \text{ um} \times 450 \text{ um}$

2 layers of strips ( $R = \sim 10, \sim 15 \text{ cm}$ )



# Silicon Vertex Tracking System

- **VTX at mid-rapidity 2011**

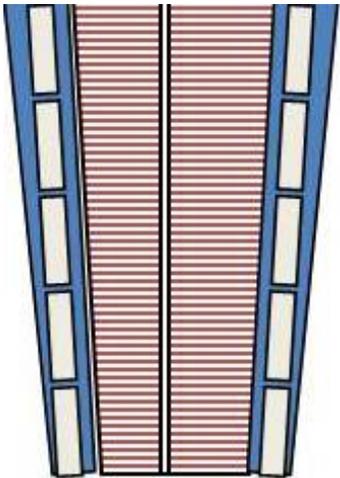


2 layers of pixel ( $R = 2.5, 5 \text{ cm}$ )

→  $50 \text{ um} \times 450 \text{ um}$

2 layers of strips ( $R = \sim 10, \sim 15 \text{ cm}$ )

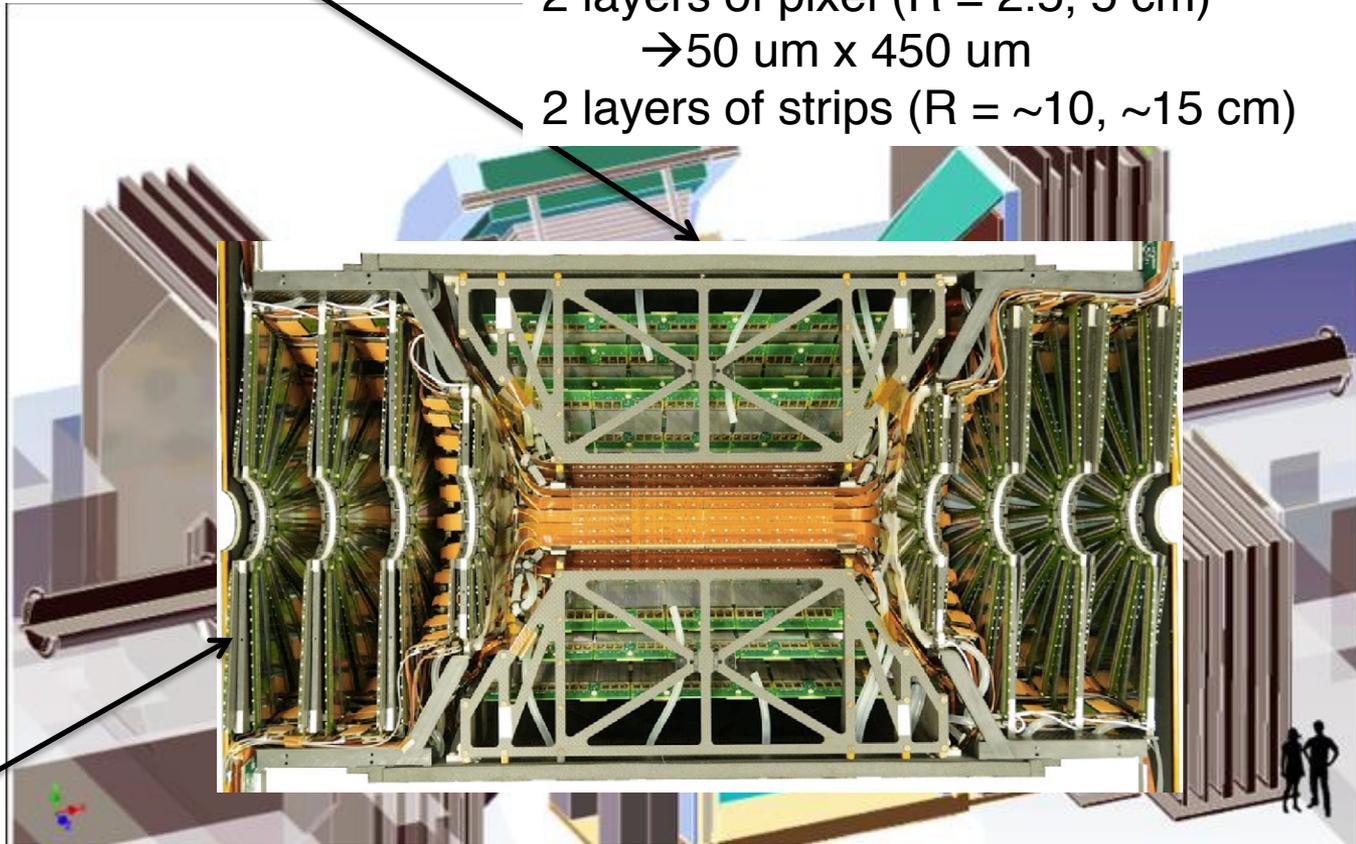
- **FVTX at forward 2012**



2 columns of strips

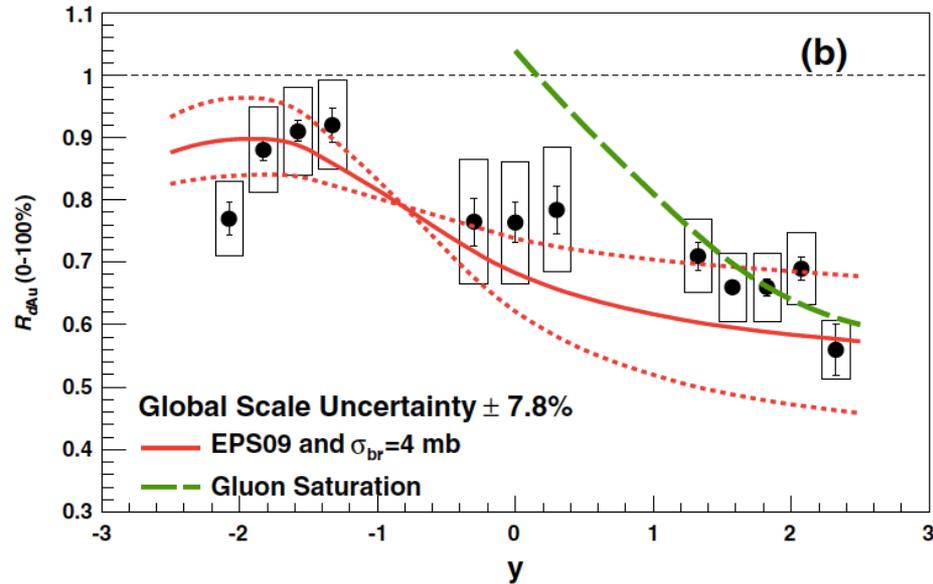
75 micron spacing

4 disks per arm ( $z = \sim 20, \sim 25, \sim 31, \sim 38 \text{ cm}$ )

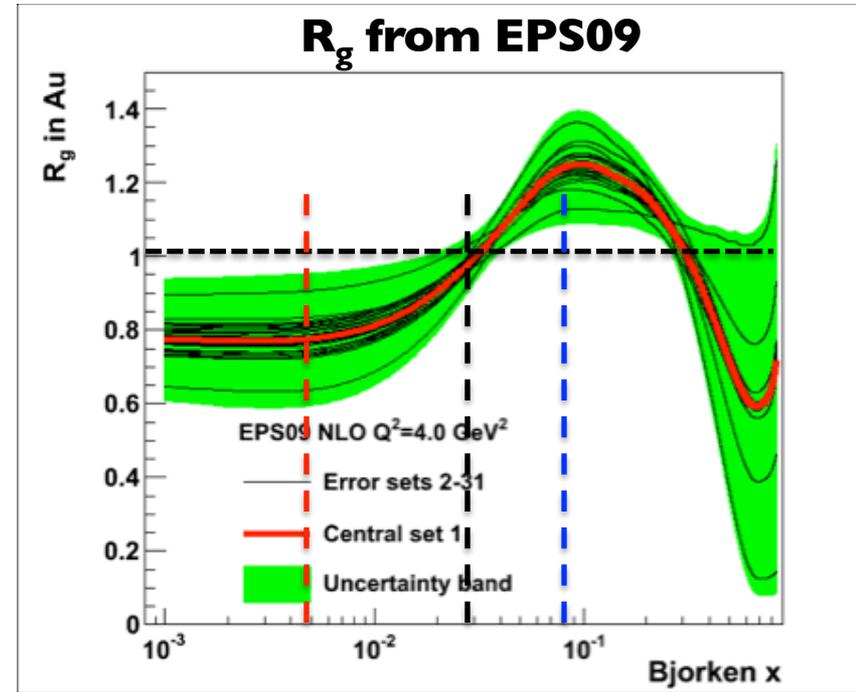


# Quarkonia production in small systems

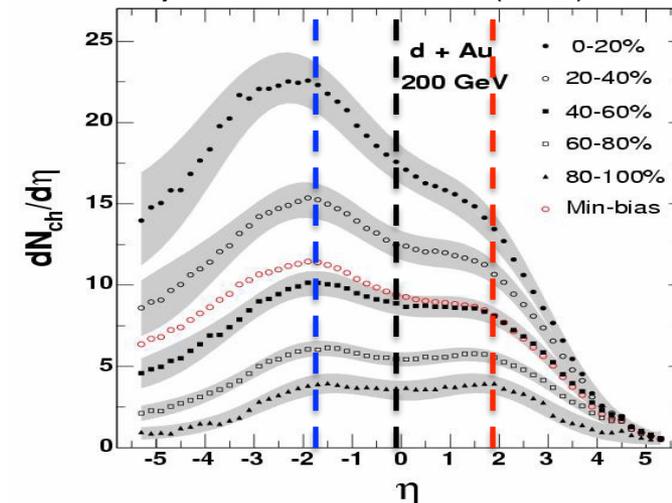
# J/ $\psi$ production in d+Au collisions



Phys. Rev. Lett. 107, 142301 (2011)



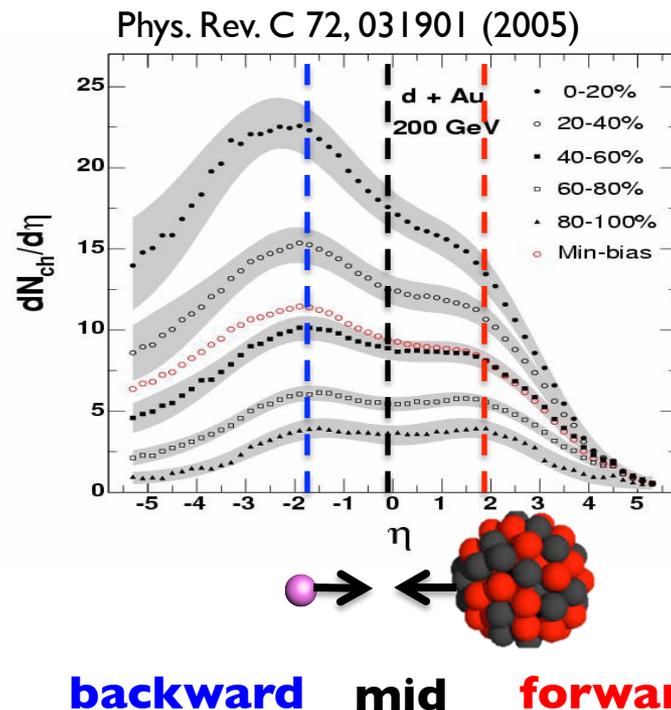
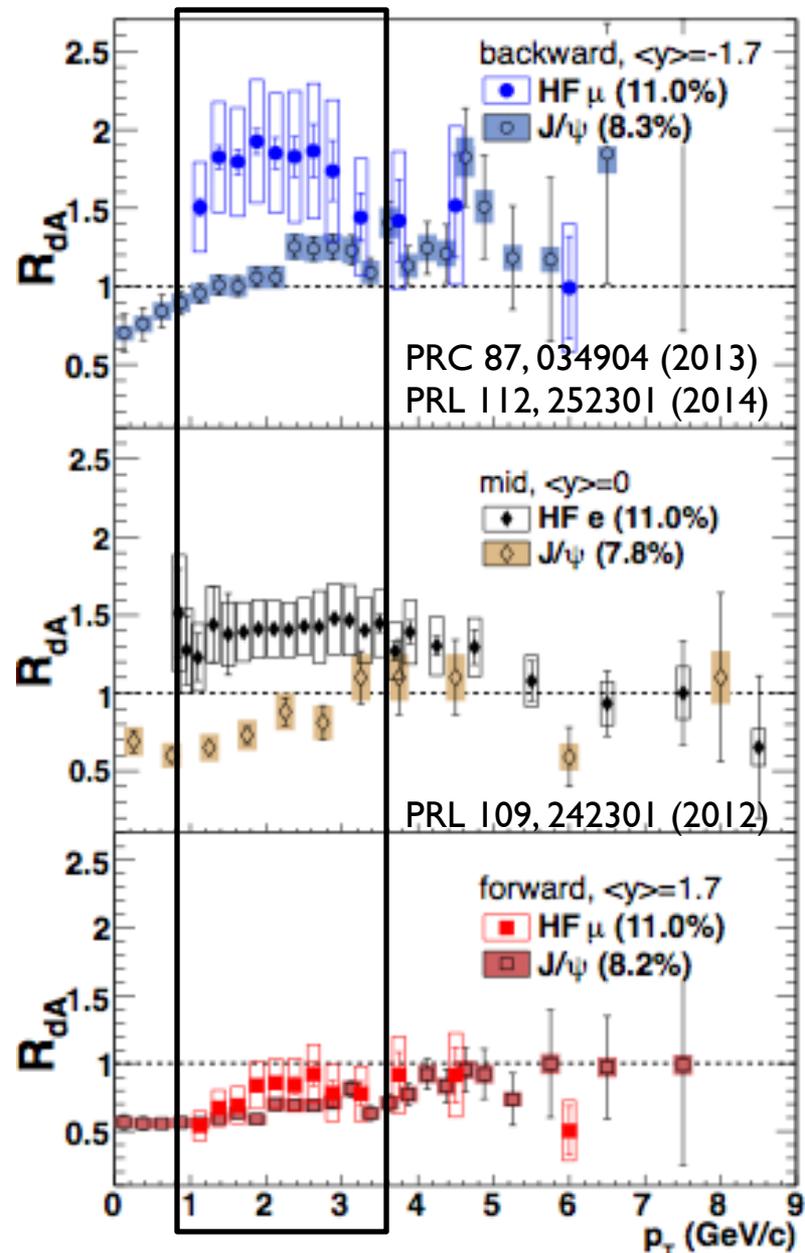
Phys. Rev. C 72, 031901 (2005)



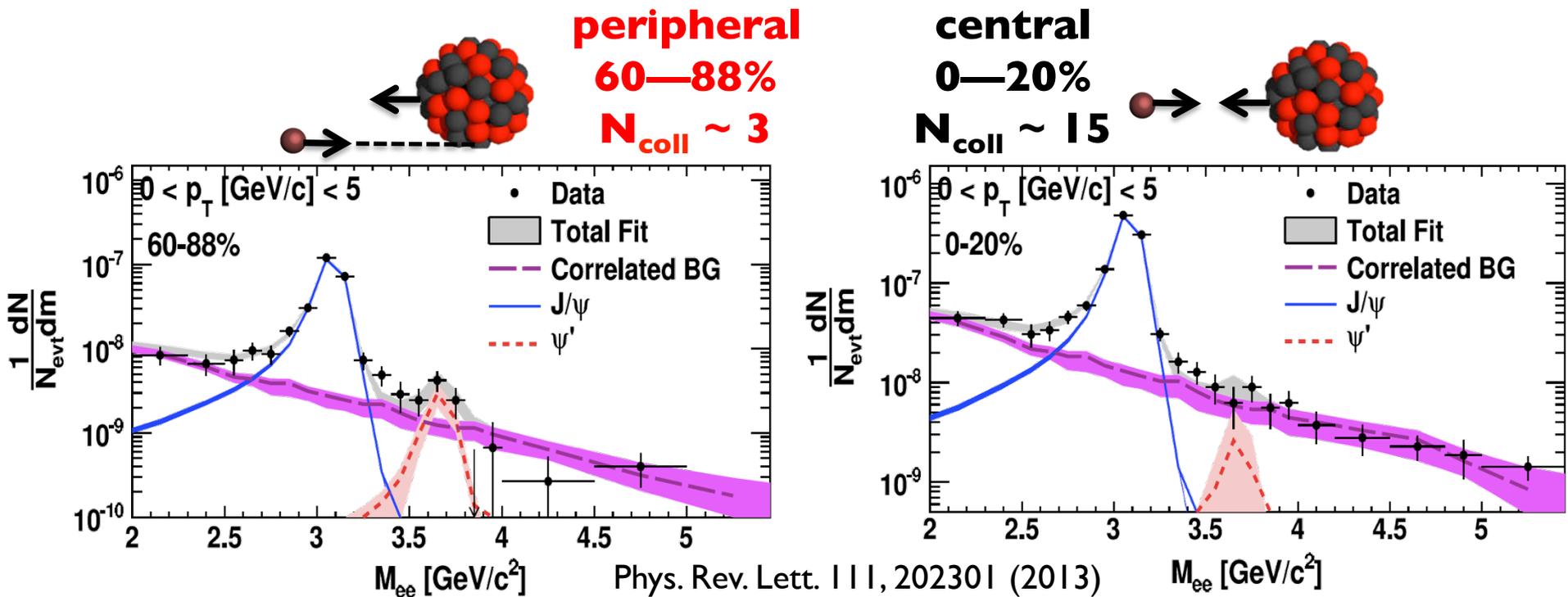
- Suppression of J/ $\psi$  compared to p+p collisions at the entire rapidity region
  - Not expected from PDF modification  
→ something beyond the PDF modification
  - Model including 4 mb of breakup shows a good agreement with the data

# Comparison between open and closed heavy-flavor

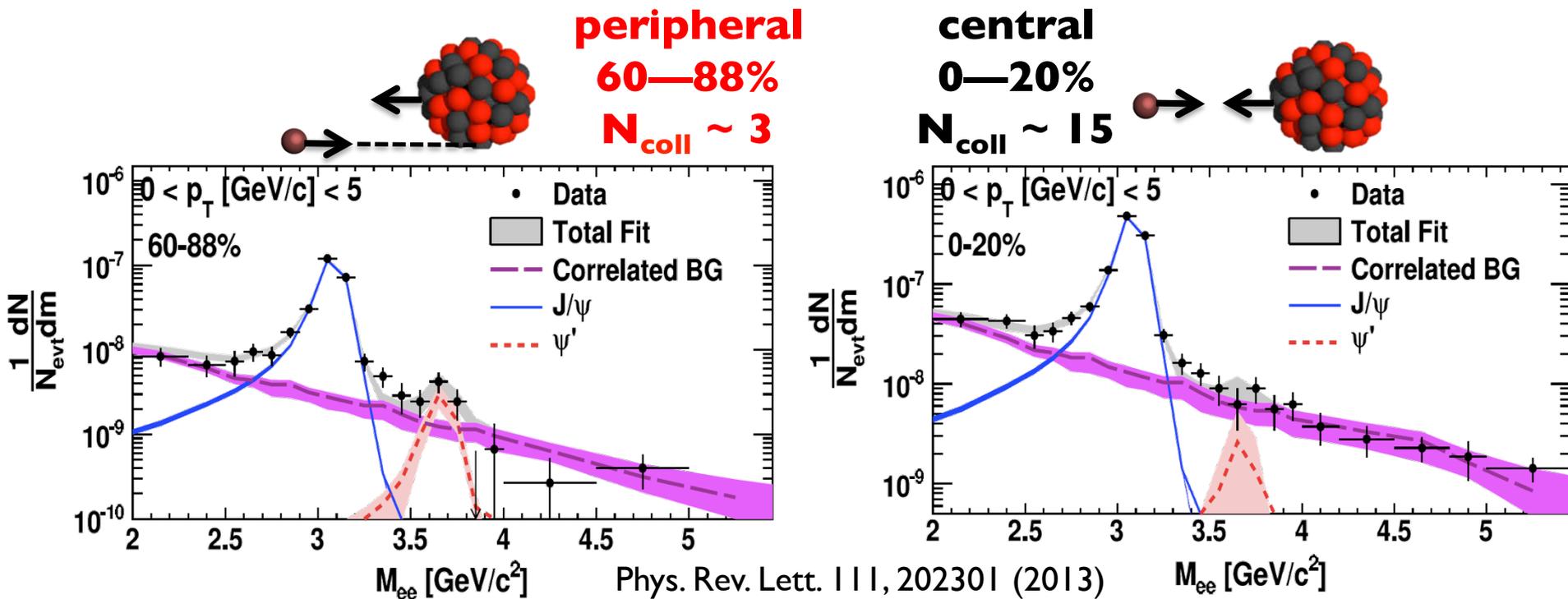
- In the most central collision
  - RdA of HF muon and J/psi are still consistent at forward rapidity
  - however, clearly different at backward rapidity
  - **charm production is enhanced but J/psi production is significantly suppressed** due to nuclear breakup inside dense co-movers at backward rapidity



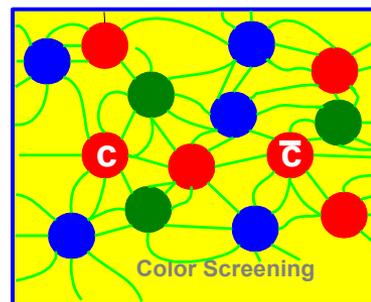
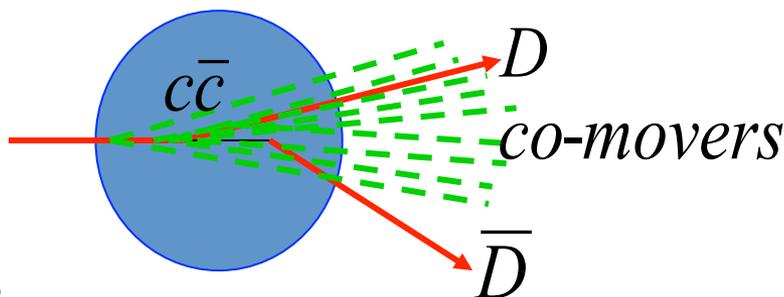
# Suppression of $\psi(2S)$ in central d+Au collisions



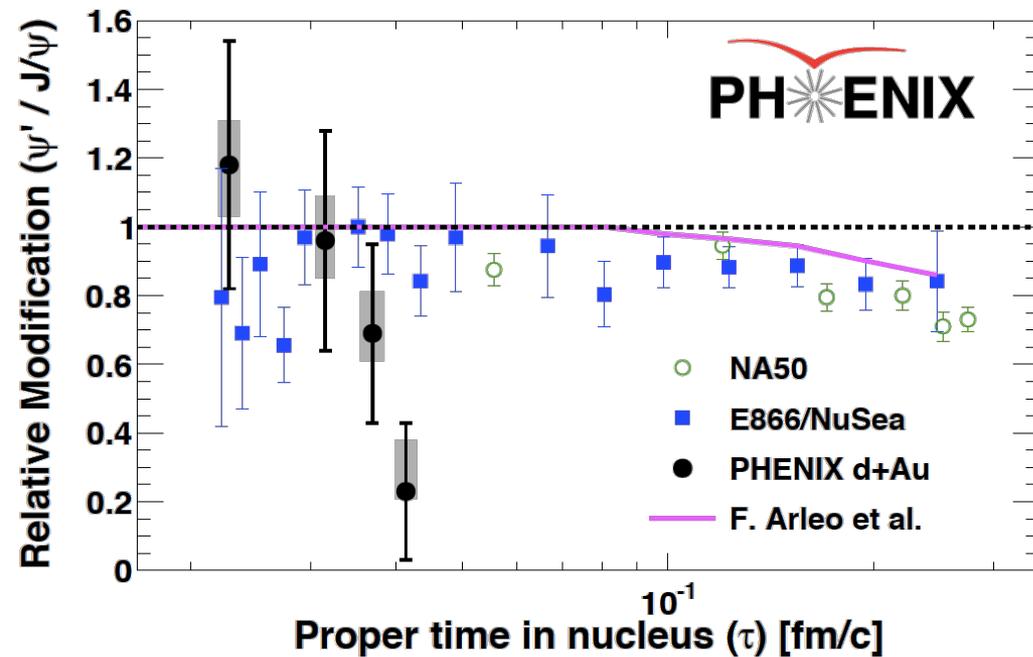
# Suppression of $\psi(2S)$ in central d+Au collisions



- **Breakup of quarkonia due to interaction with nuclear matters**
  - Large suppression of the weakly bounded state  $\psi(2S)$
  - Interaction with nucleus? co-movers? or medium?



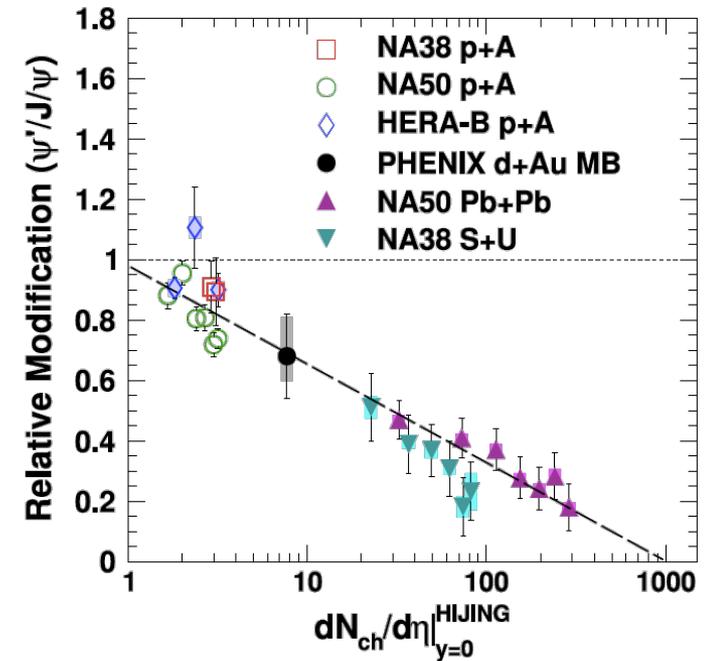
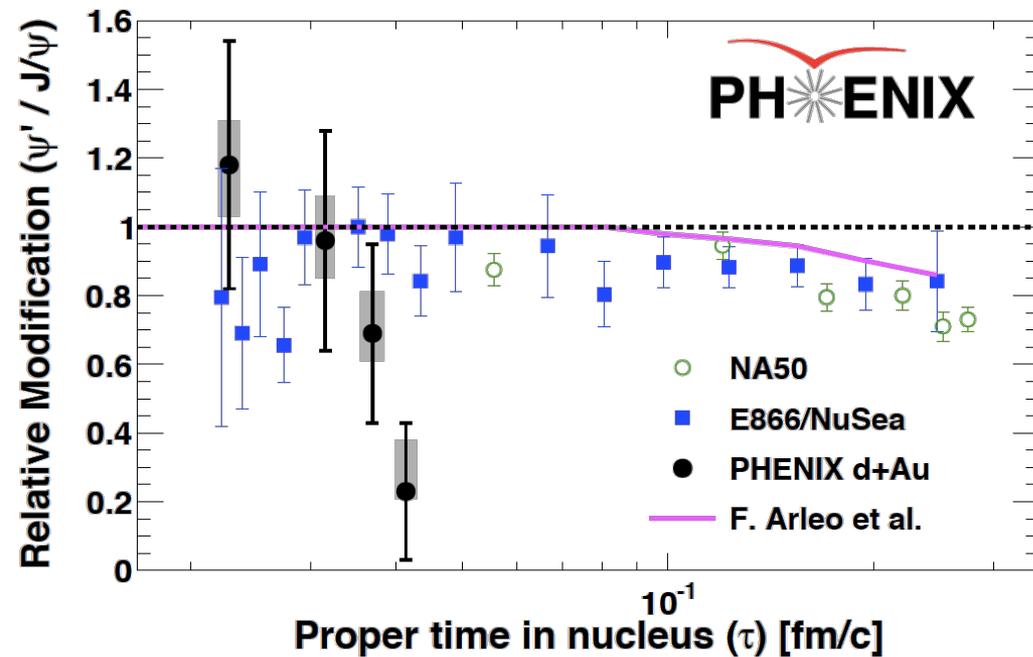
# Modification inside/outside nucleus?



Phys. Rev. Lett. 111, 202301 (2013)

- Larger relative modification of  $\psi(2S)$  than the estimation of breakup in nucleus  
→ at RHIC, formation time of  $J/\psi$  ( $\sim 0.15$  fm) is longer than and proper time in nucleus ( $\sim 0.05$  fm)

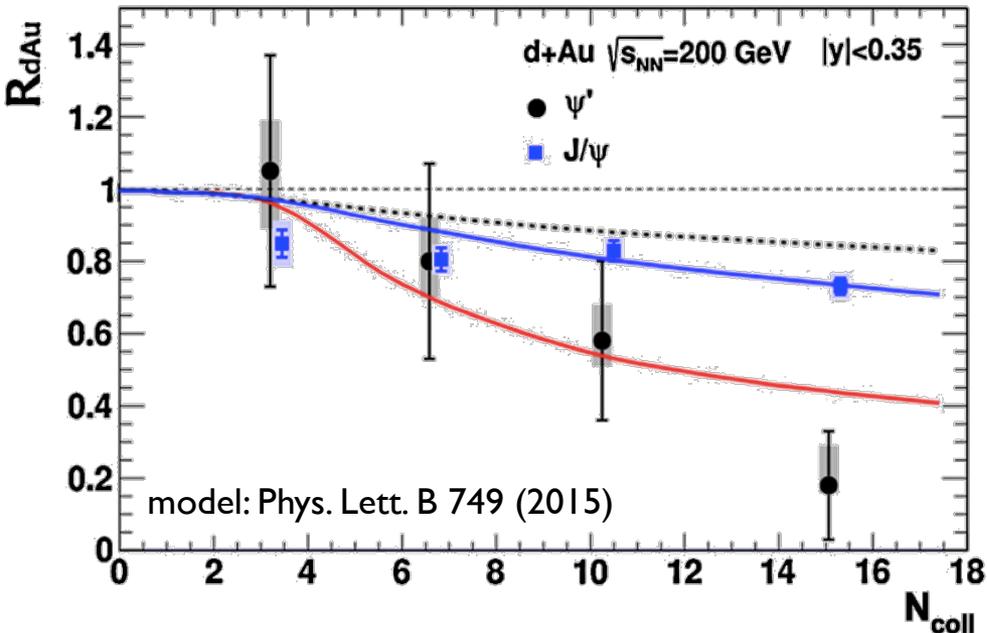
# Modification inside/outside nucleus?



Phys. Rev. Lett. 111, 202301 (2013)

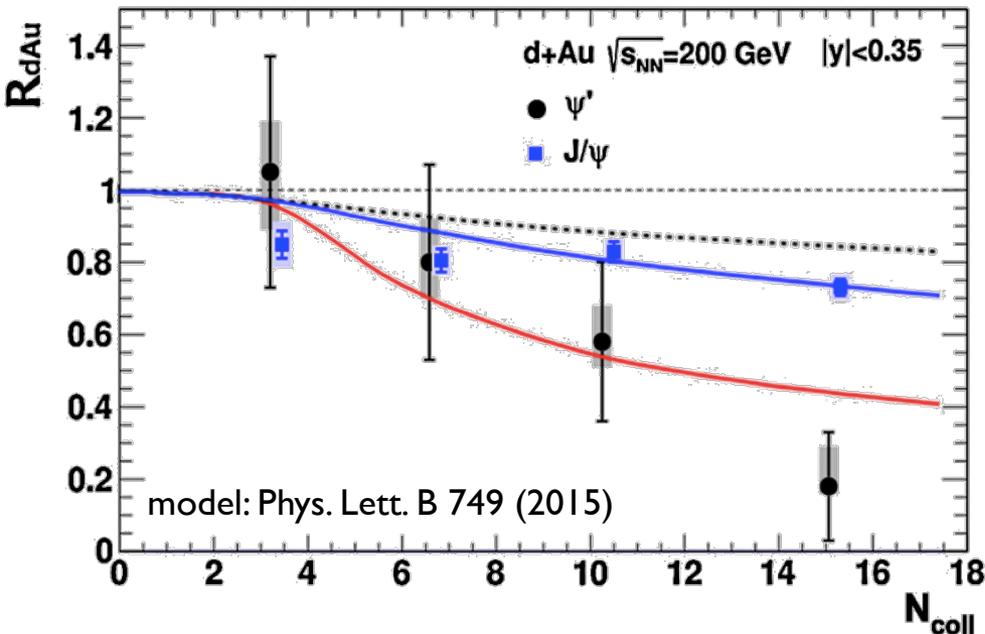
- Larger relative modification of  $\psi(2S)$  than the estimation of breakup in nucleus  
 $\rightarrow$  at RHIC, formation time of  $J/\psi$  ( $\sim 0.15$  fm) is longer than and proper time in nucleus ( $\sim 0.05$  fm)
- Follow the trend of produced particle density  
 $\rightarrow$  breakup due to interaction with co-movers? or medium?

## Nuclear modification factors of $J/\psi$ and $\psi(2S)$ in d+Au collisions at mid-rapidity

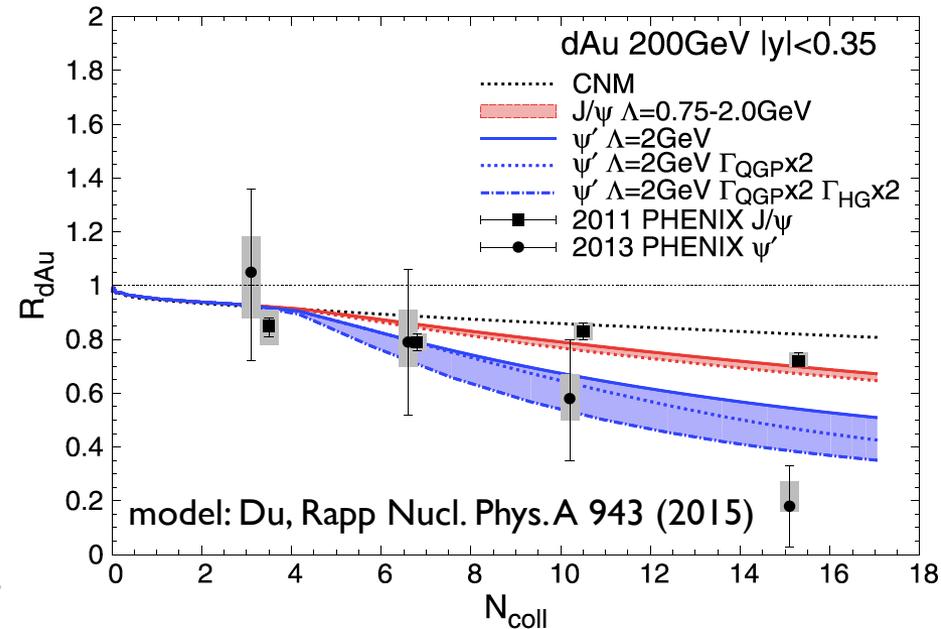


Model including **interaction with co-moving particles** reasonably well describes the suppression of  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi(2S)$  in d+Au collisions

## Nuclear modification factors of $J/\psi$ and $\psi(2S)$ in d+Au collisions at mid-rapidity

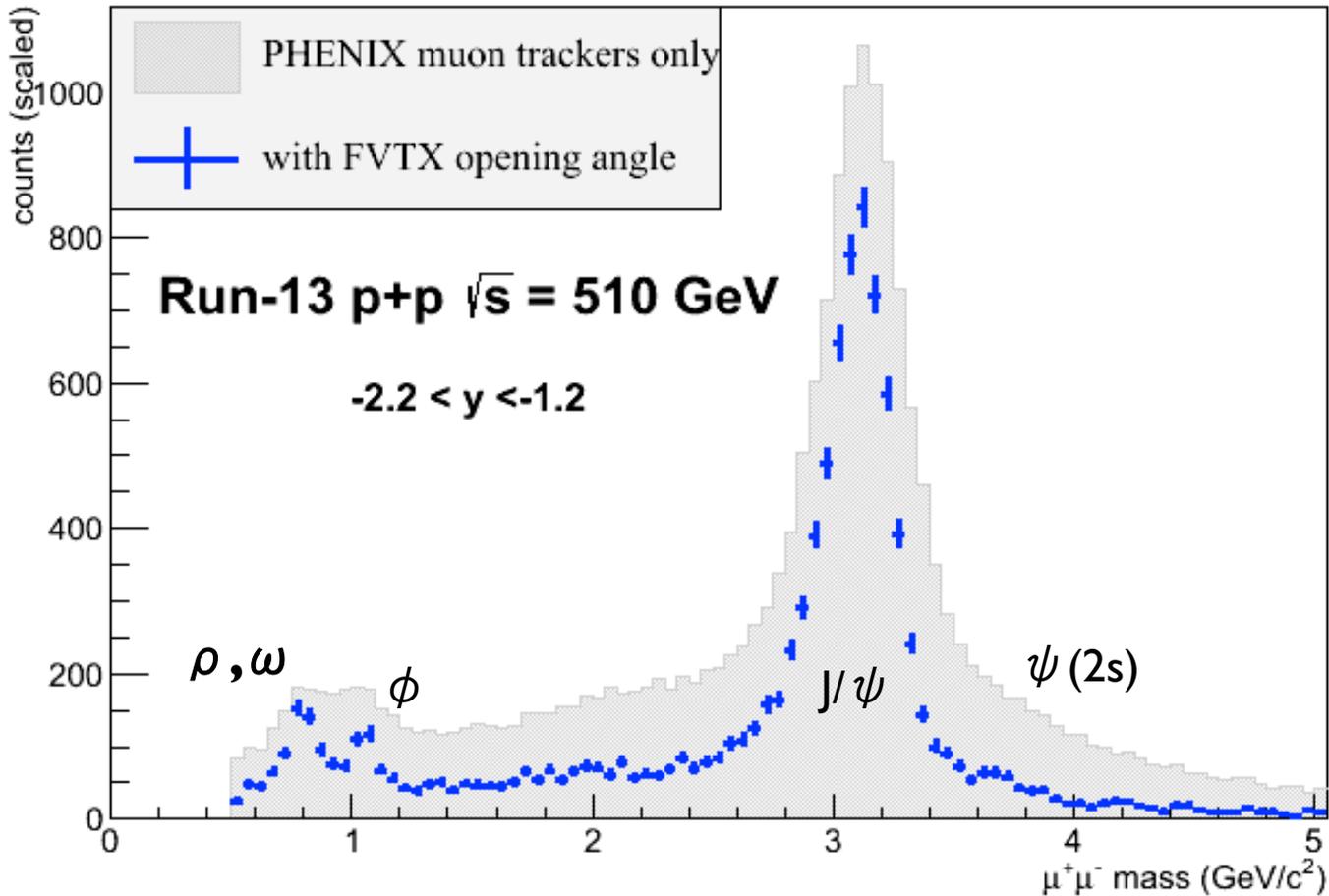


Model including **interaction with co-moving particles** reasonably well describes the suppression of  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi(2S)$  in d+Au collisions

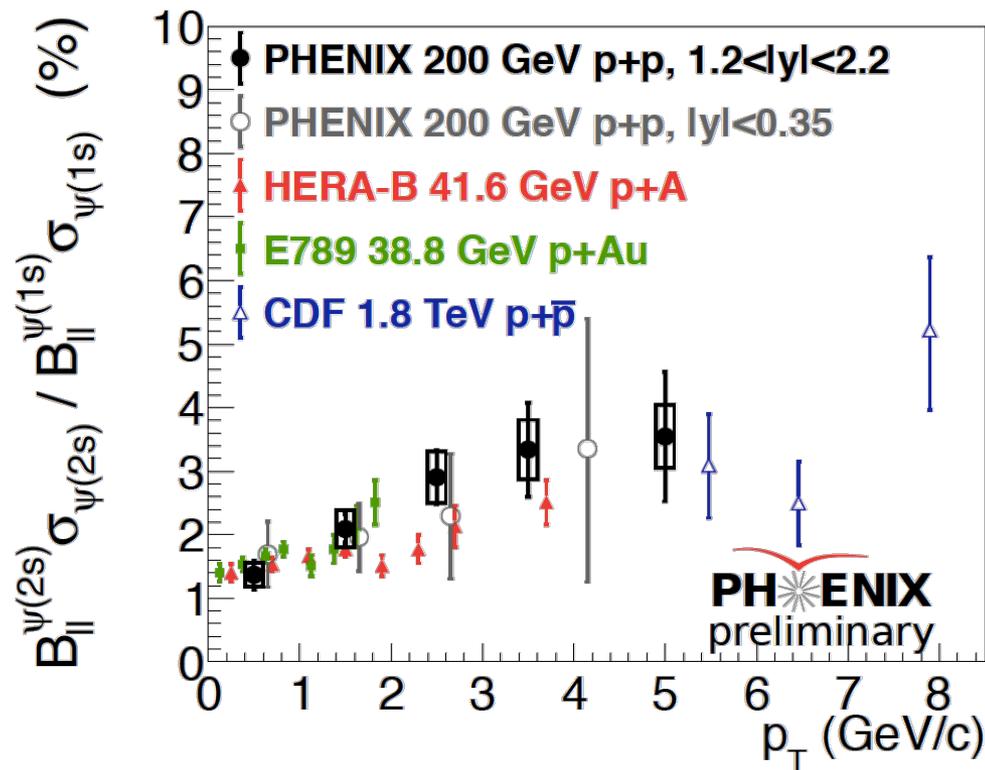
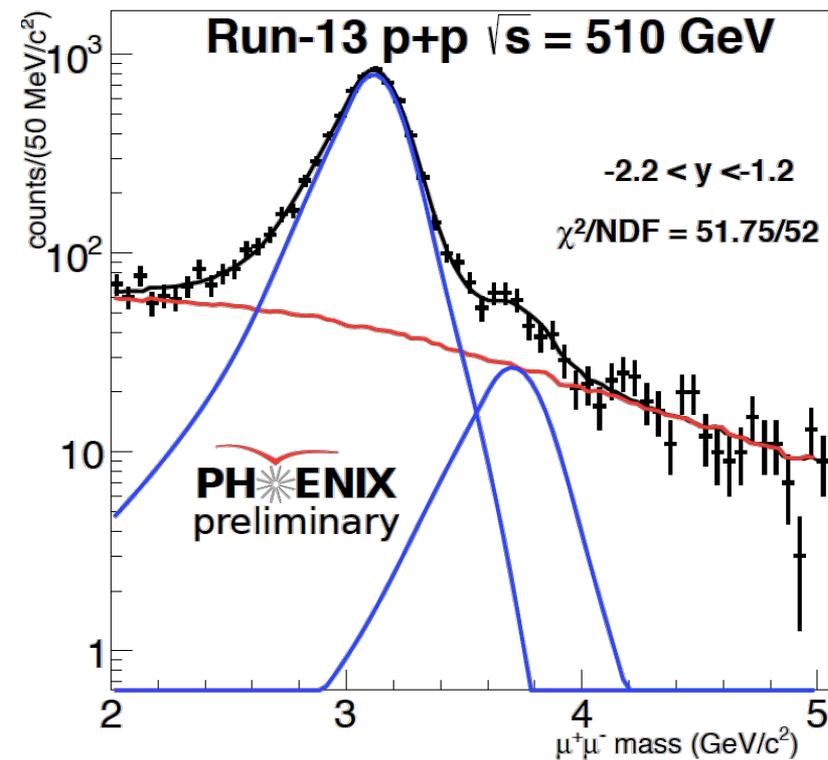
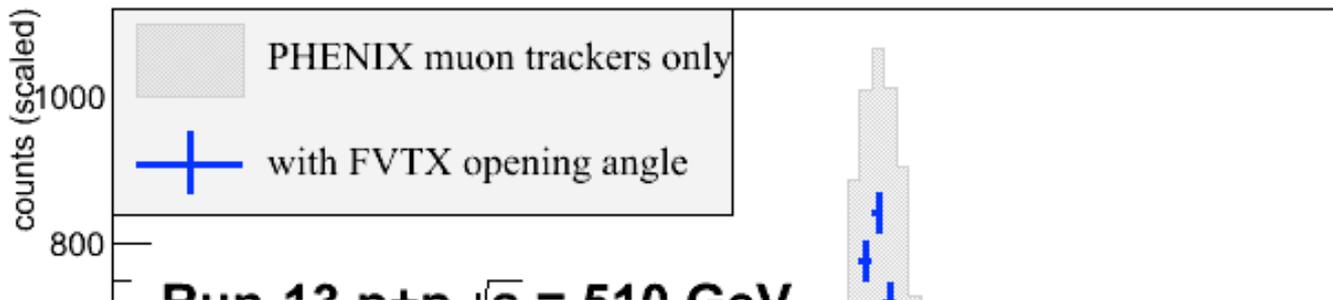


Model considering **QGP formation in central d+Au collisions** and evolution to a hadronic gas state also show an agreement with the data

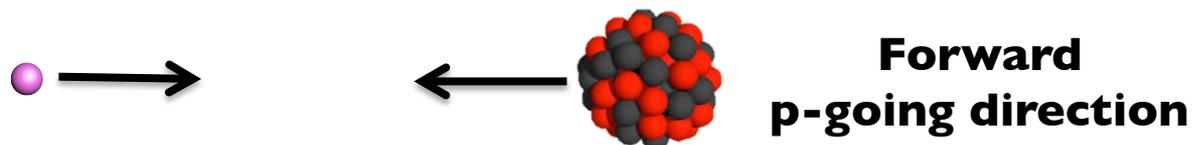
# $\psi(2S)$ at forward rapidity with FVTX



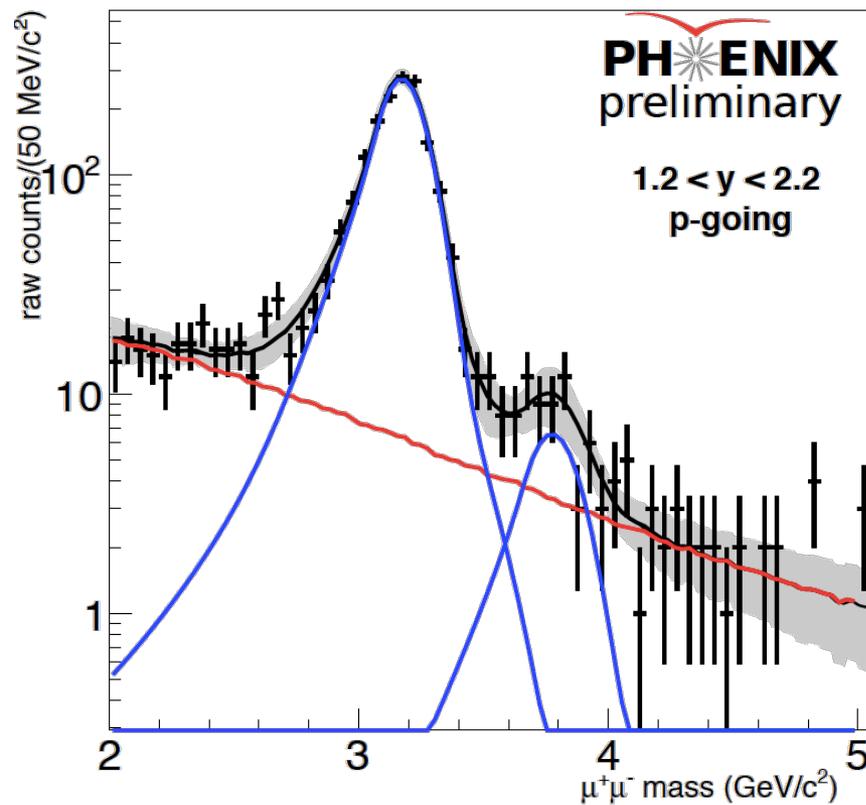
# $\psi(2S)$ at forward rapidity with FVTX



# $\psi(2S)$ at forward/backward in central p+Al collision

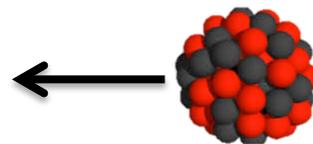


Run-15 p+Al  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV



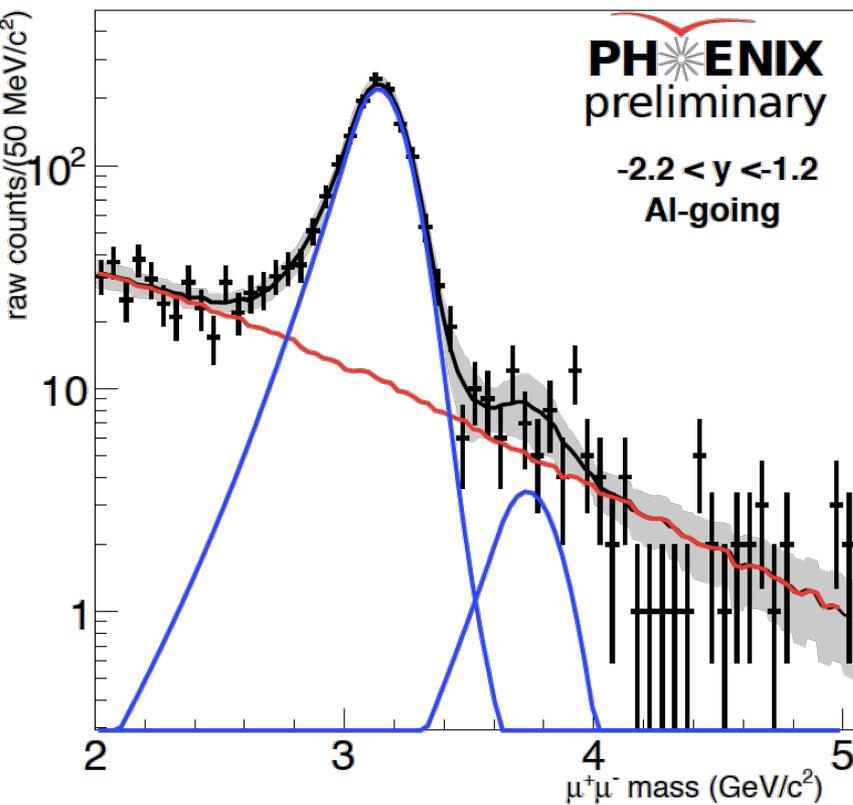
# $\psi(2S)$ at forward/backward in central p+Al collision

**Backward  
Au-going direction**

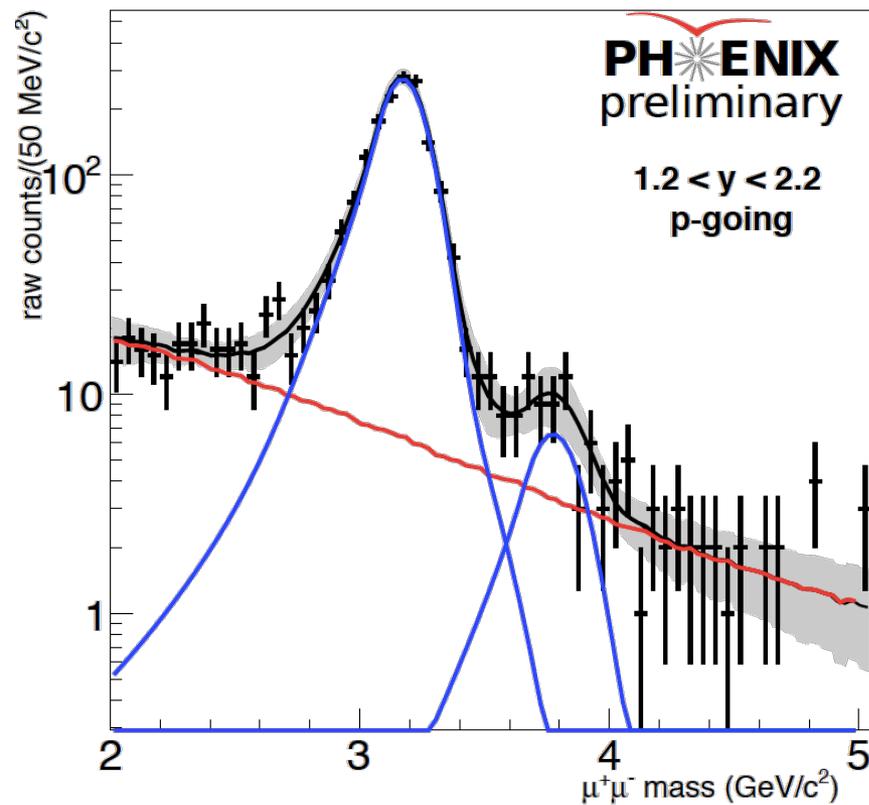


**Forward  
p-going direction**

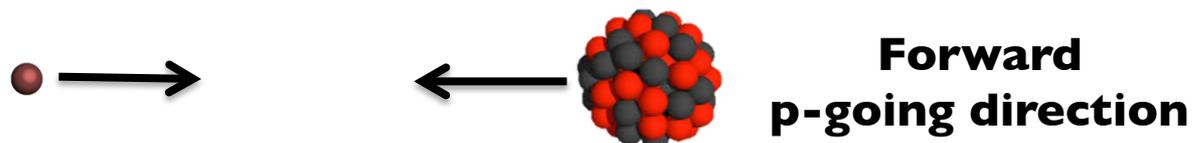
**Run-15 p+Al  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV**



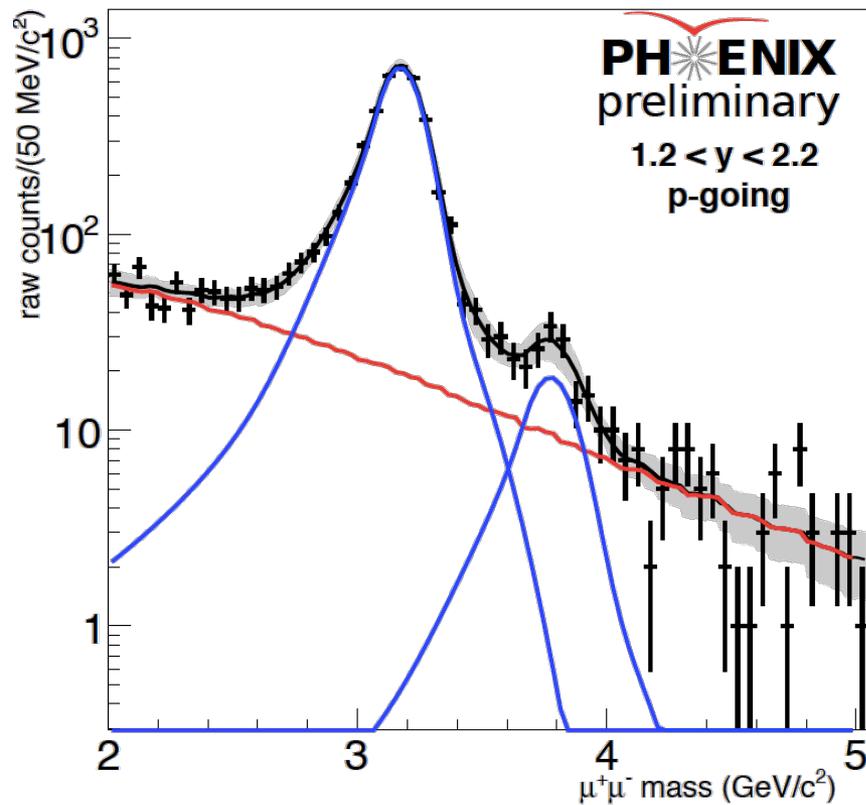
**Run-15 p+Al  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV**



# $\psi(2S)$ at forward/backward in central p+Au collision

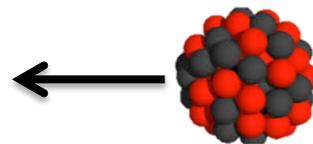


Run-15 p+Au  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV



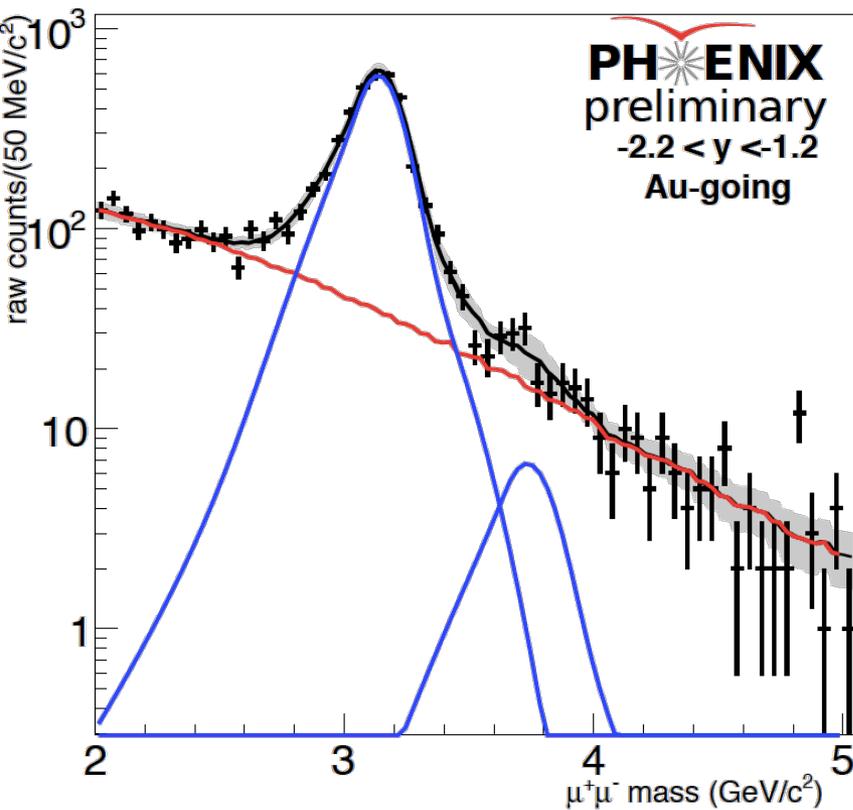
# $\psi(2S)$ at forward/backward in central p+Au collision

**Backward  
Au-going direction**

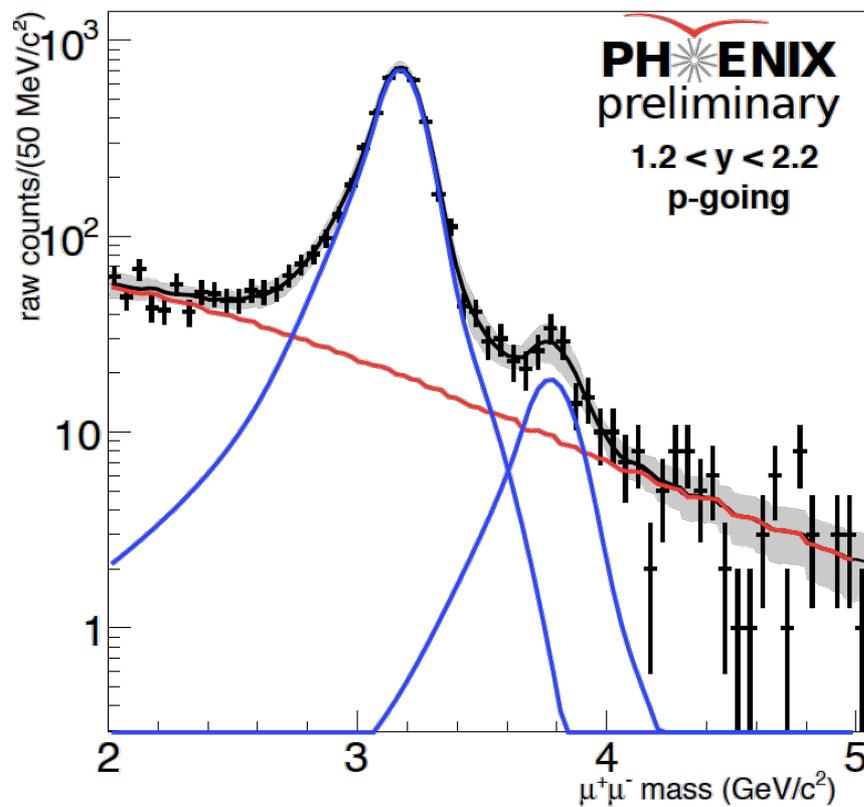


**Forward  
p-going direction**

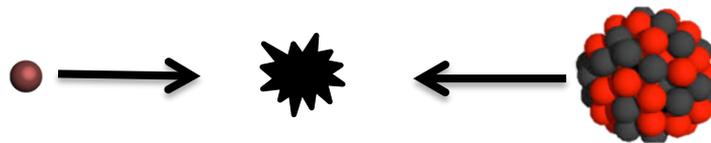
**Run-15 p+Au  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV**



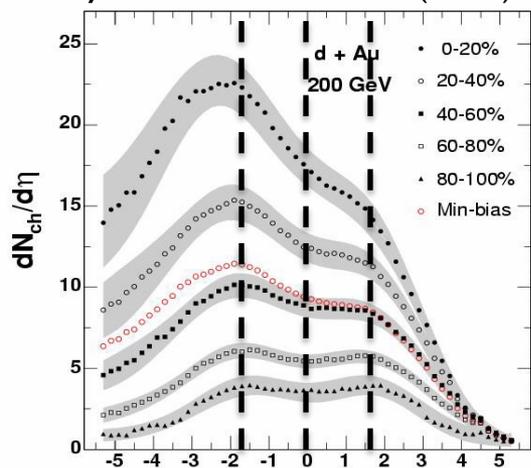
**Run-15 p+Au  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV**



# $\psi(2S)$ , easily broken up

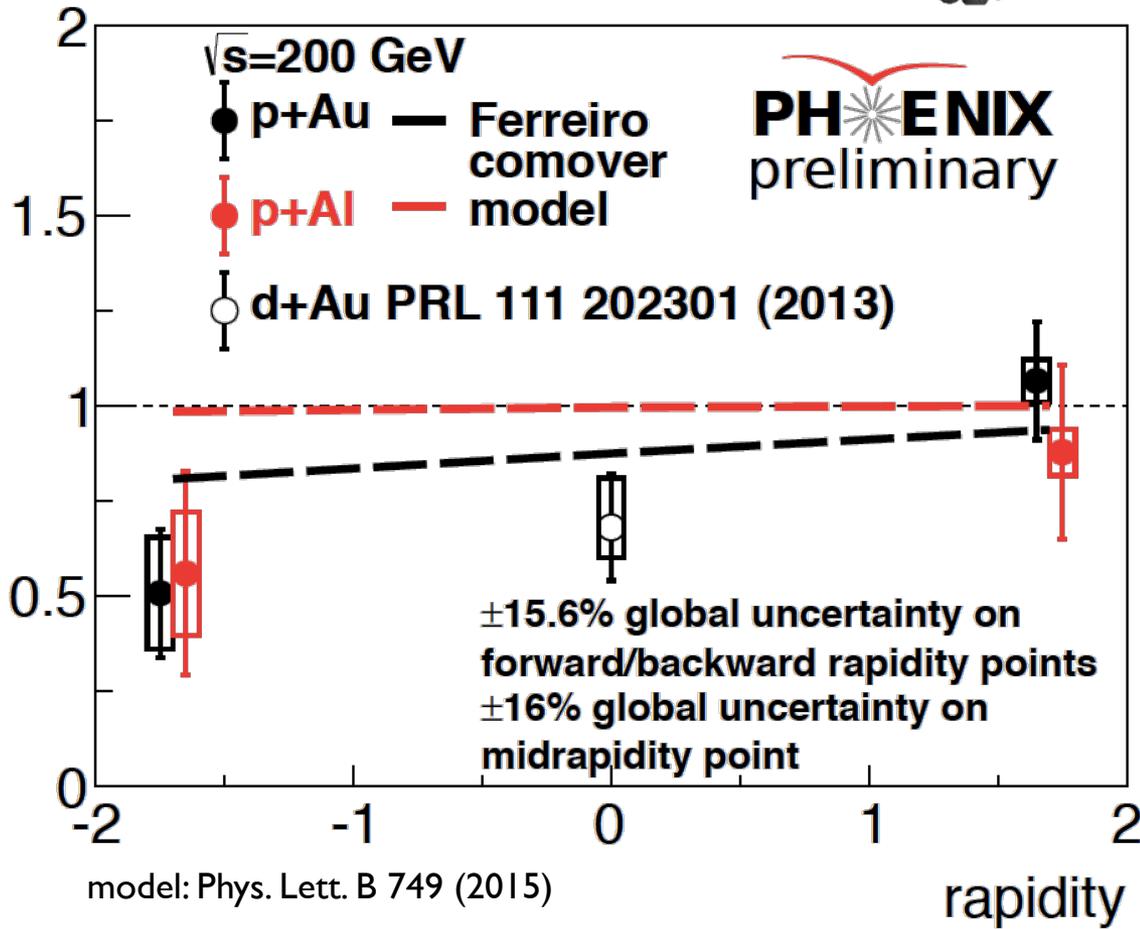
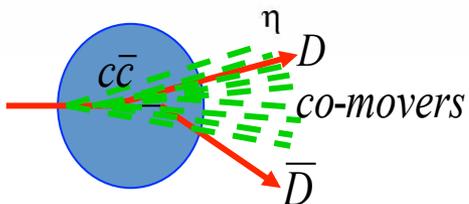


Phys. Rev. C 72, 031901 (2005)

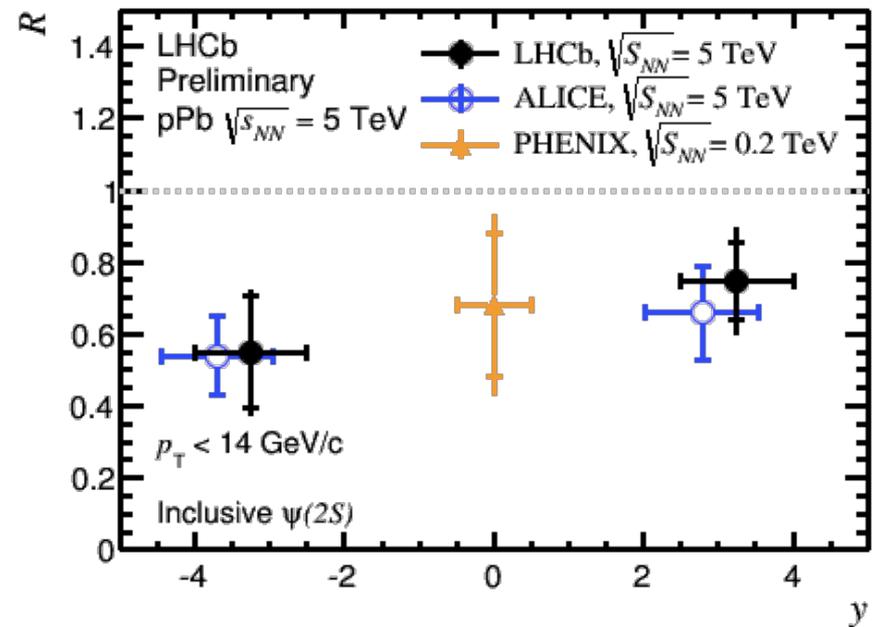
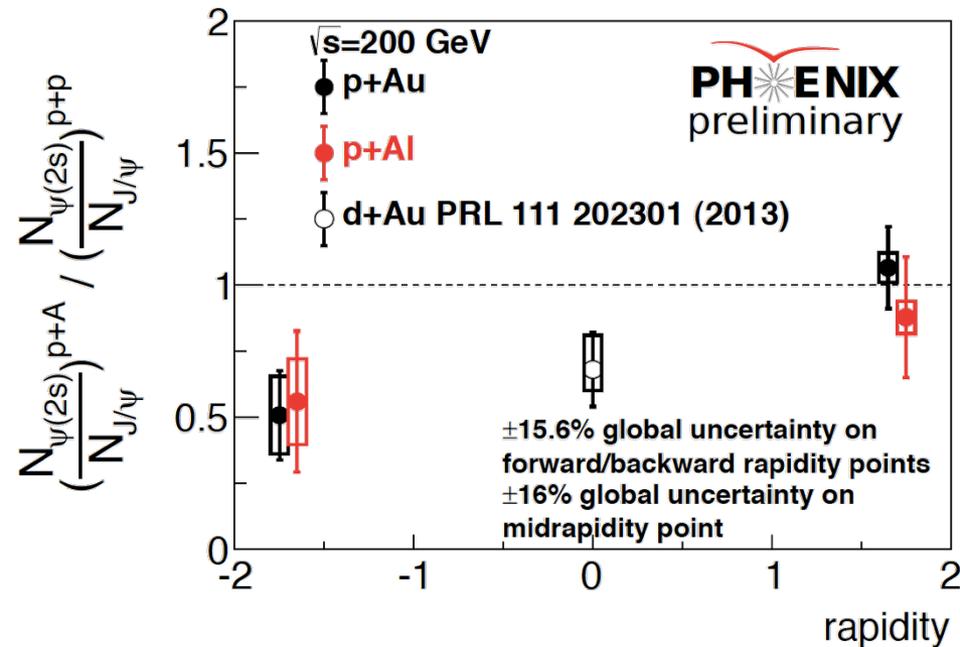


$$\frac{N_{\psi(2S)} p+p}{N_{J/\psi}}$$

$$\frac{N_{\psi(2S)} p+A}{N_{J/\psi}}$$



**Qualitatively agrees with the co-mover dissociation model**  
**Comparison with the QGP model will be updated**

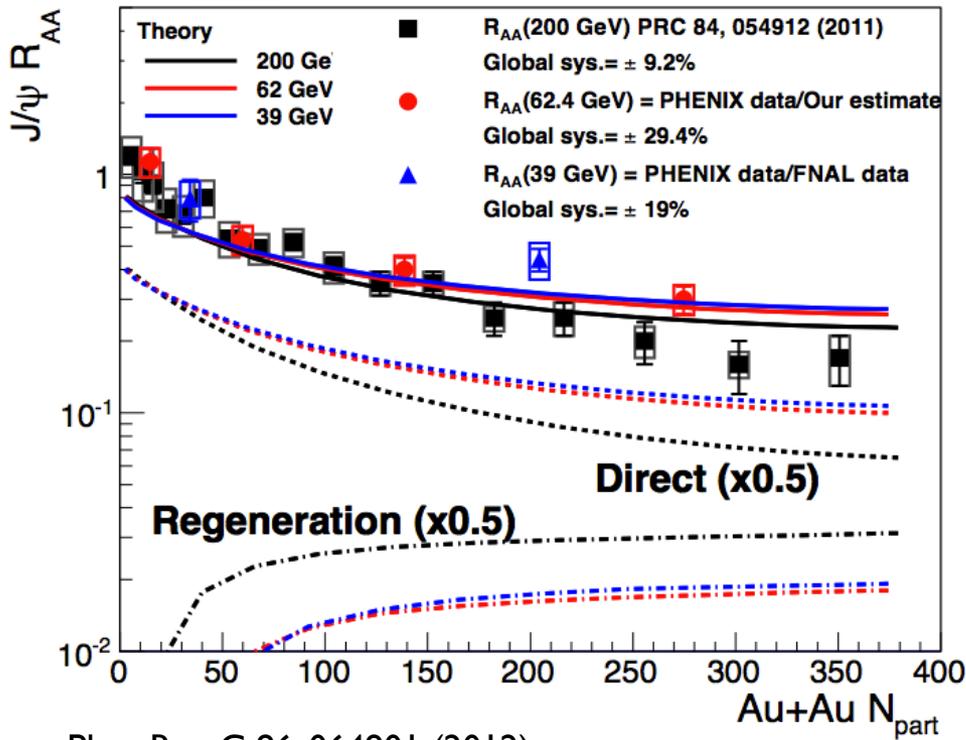


**Similar relative suppression of  $\psi(2S)$  at backward rapidity, but larger relative suppression of  $\psi(2S)$  at forward rapidity at LHC**

# **New results from heavy-ion collisions**

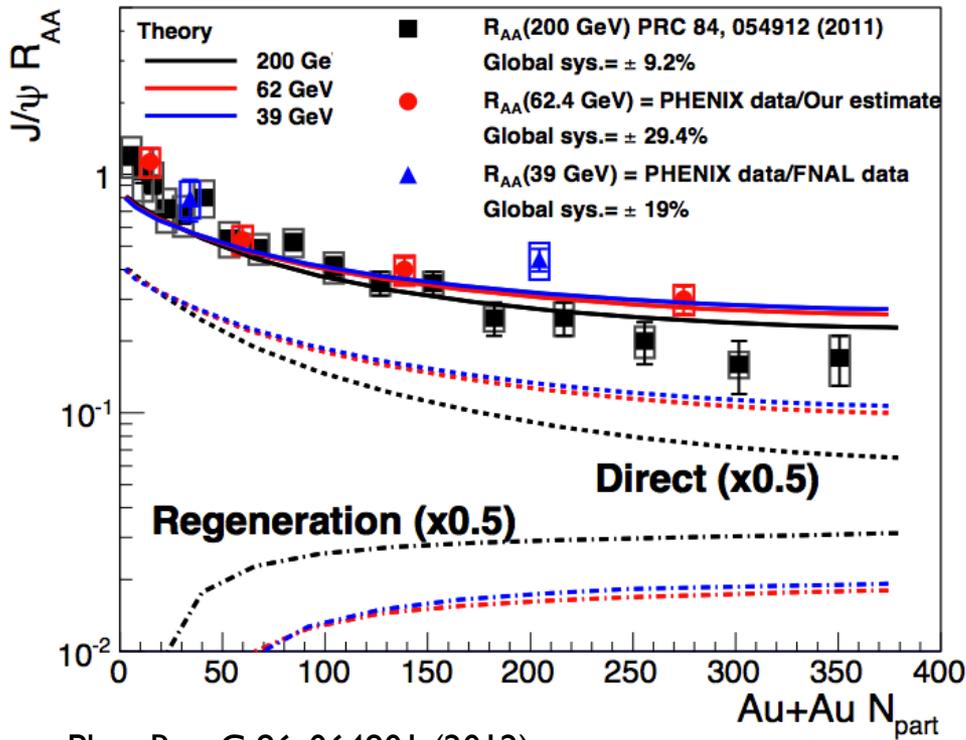
# Not a large effect of coalescence at RHIC?

similar suppression of  $J/\psi$   
at forward in Au+Au collisions  
at 39, 62, and 200 GeV

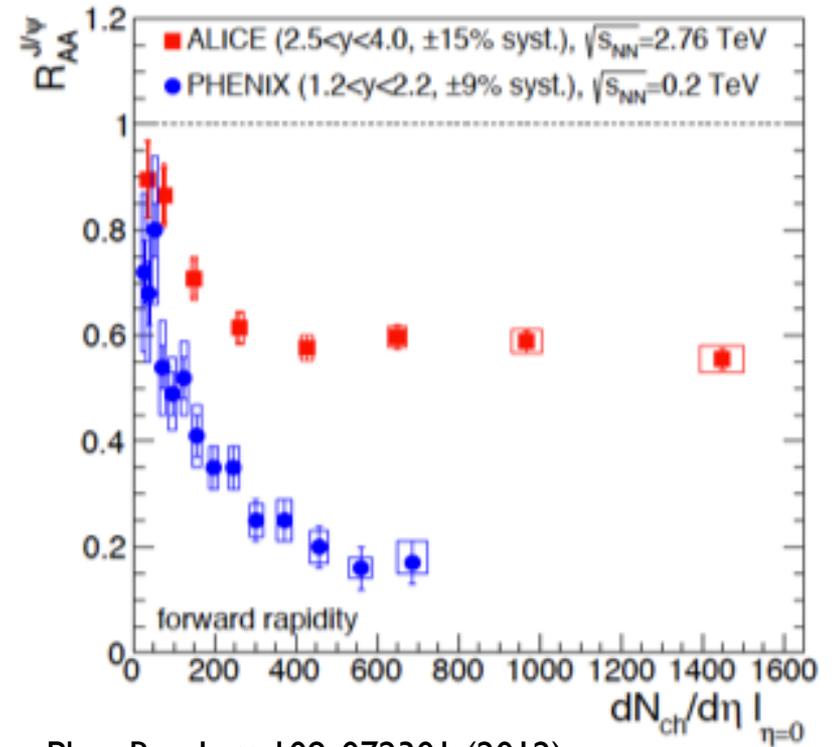


# Not a large effect of coalescence at RHIC?

similar suppression of  $J/\psi$   
at forward in Au+Au collisions  
at 39, 62, and 200 GeV

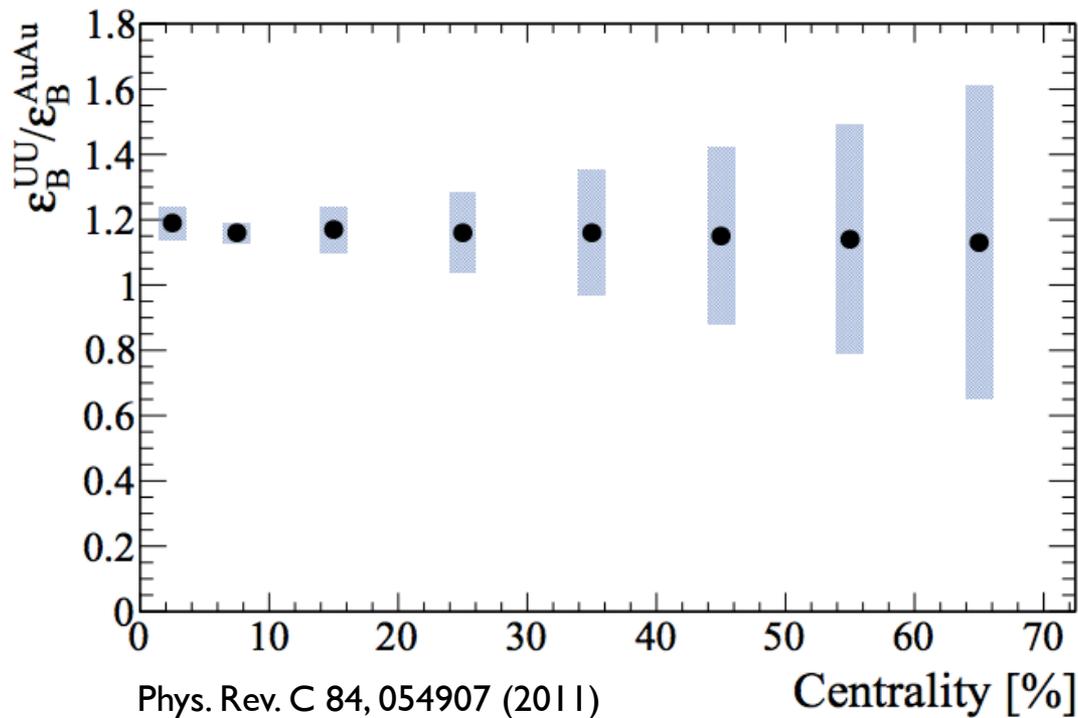


less suppression at 2.76 TeV  
 $\rightarrow$  strong coalescence at LHC

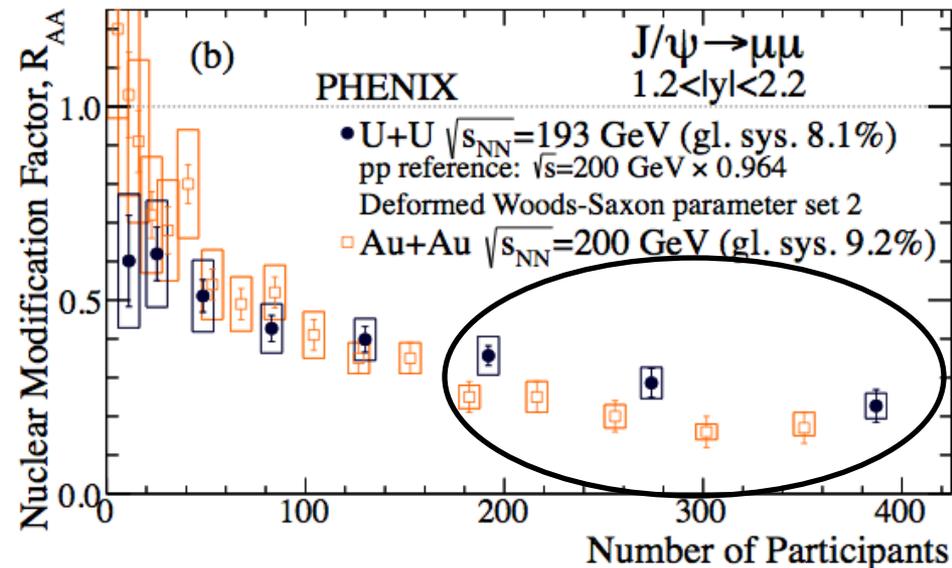
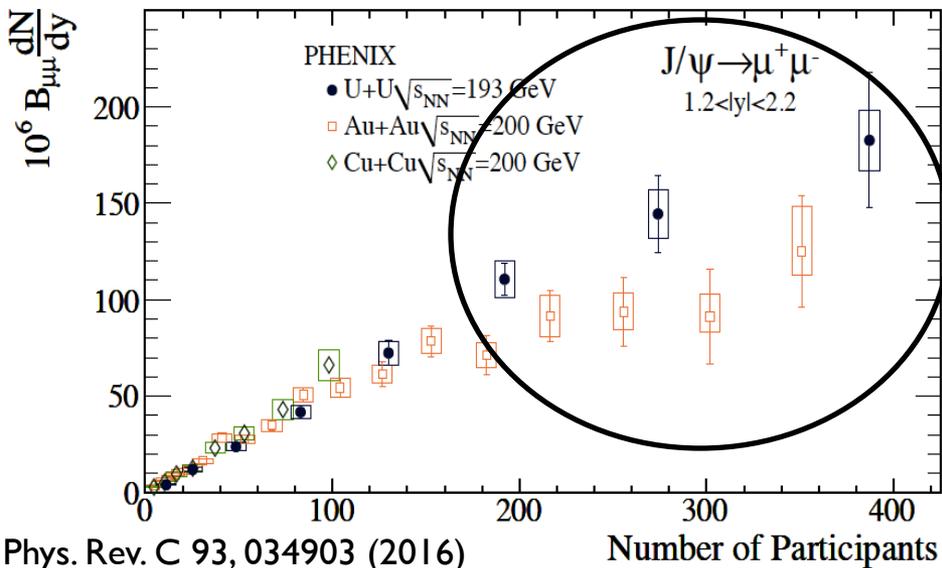


# J/ $\psi$ production in U+U collisions

- U+U collisions provide highest density of matters at RHIC
  - ~20% higher energy density than Au+Au collisions
    - expect **stronger color screening**
  - ~25% larger binary collisions ( $N_{\text{coll}}$ )
    - expect **more coalescence**



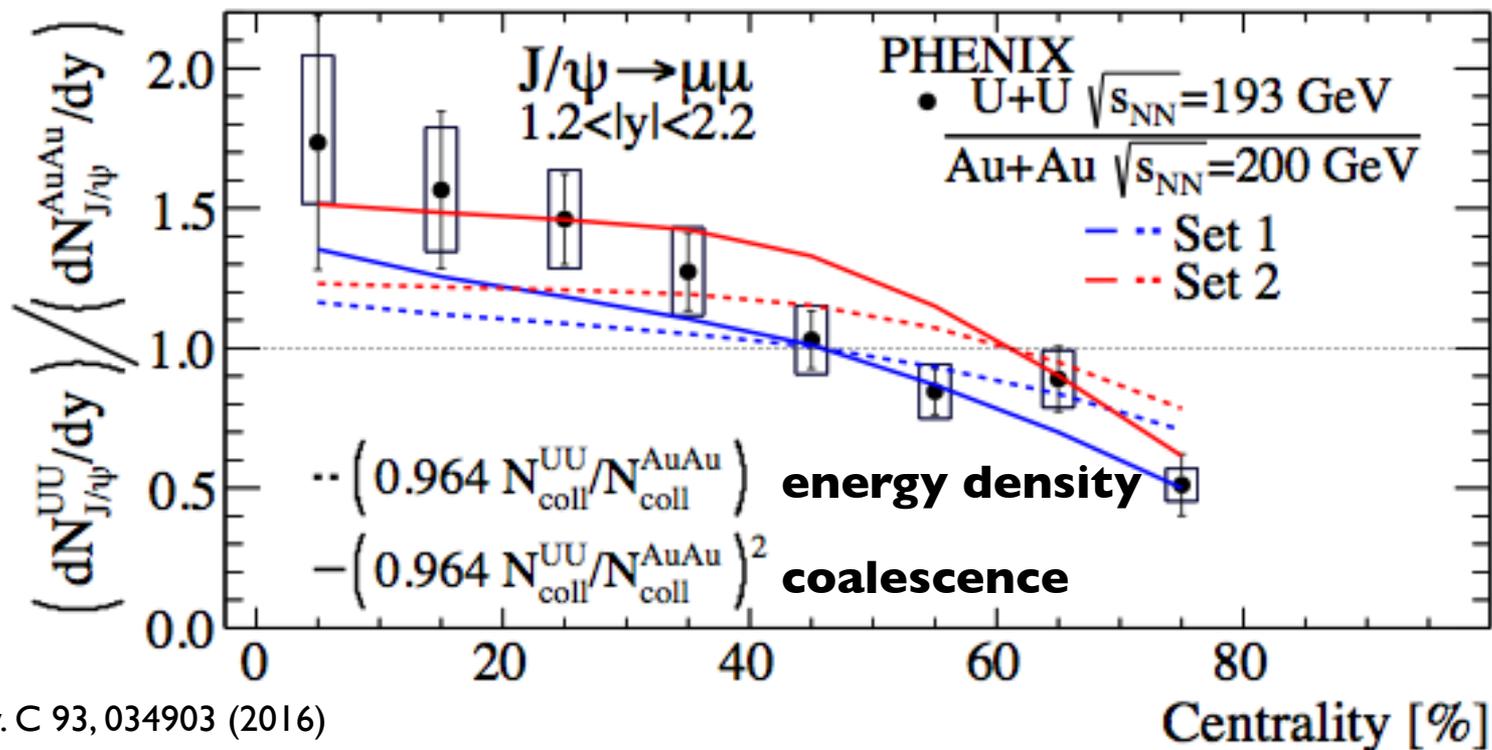
# J/ψ measurements in U+U collisions



**more J/ψ production (less suppression)  
 in central U+U collisions than central Au+Au collisions**

**coalescence becomes important in central U+U collisions**

# J/ψ measurements in U+U collisions



Phys. Rev. C 93, 034903 (2016)

**The J/ψ yield ratio between U+U and Au+Au shows a slight preference for  $N_{coll}^2$  scaling in central collisions**

- $\psi(2S)$  measurements at small system
  - Larger suppression than  $J/\psi$  at mid and backward rapidity
    - break-up due to co-mover? color screening?
- $J/\psi$  measurements at U+U collisions
  - Less suppression in central U+U collisions than central Au+Au collisions
    - coalescence becomes important in central U+U collisions

- $\psi(2S)$  measurements at small system
  - Larger suppression than  $J/\psi$  at mid and backward rapidity  
→ break-up due to co-mover? color screening?
- $J/\psi$  measurements at U+U collisions
  - Less suppression in central U+U collisions than central Au+Au collisions  
→ coalescence becomes important in central U+U collisions
- Quarkonia measurements in the future
  - $J/\psi$  measurements in small systems  
results in all p+Al, p+Au, d+Au, and He+Au will give a comprehensive picture
  - $\Upsilon/\psi(2S)$  measurements in Au+Au collisions  
results from large statistics of data (Run-14/Run-16) will be obtained

**BACK UP**