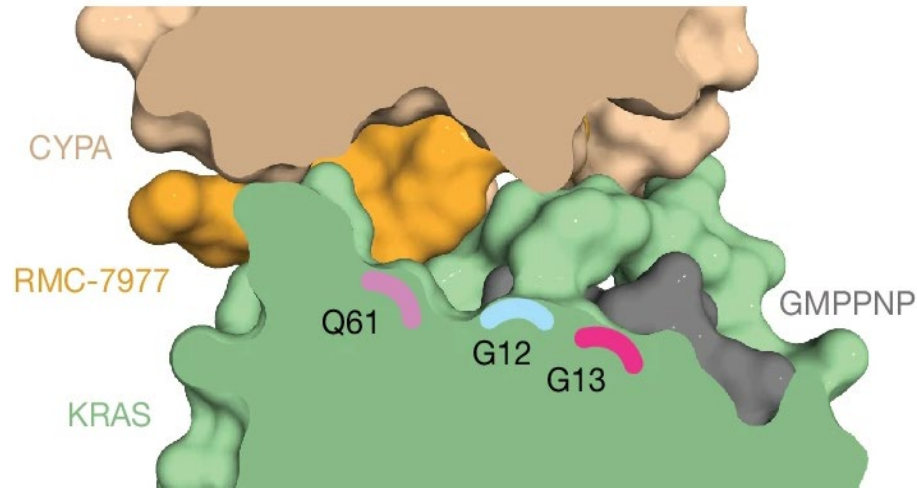


New Class of RAS Inhibitors Could Treat Many Cancers

17-ID-2

FMX



The tri-complex binding mode of RMC-7977 creates a groove between CYPA, KRAS, and RMC-7977 along the Q61–G12–G13 axis.

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Work was performed in part at NSLS-II

Scientific Achievement

Researchers describe the RAS(ON) multi-selective inhibitor RMC-7977, which targets the frequently mutated RAS oncogenes in tumors.

Significance and Impact

This preclinical work supports evaluation of a new therapeutic approach for many "RAS-addicted" cancers.

Research Details

- The RAS genes include KRAS; there are no approved inhibitors for the majority of KRAS mutations in cancers.
- The activity and structure of RMC-7977 was studied with many methods, including x-ray diffraction at the NSLS-II FMX beamline.
- RMC-7977 forms a tri-complex structure that binds to KRAS along with cyclophilin A (CYPA), an abundant protein involved in many cellular functions.