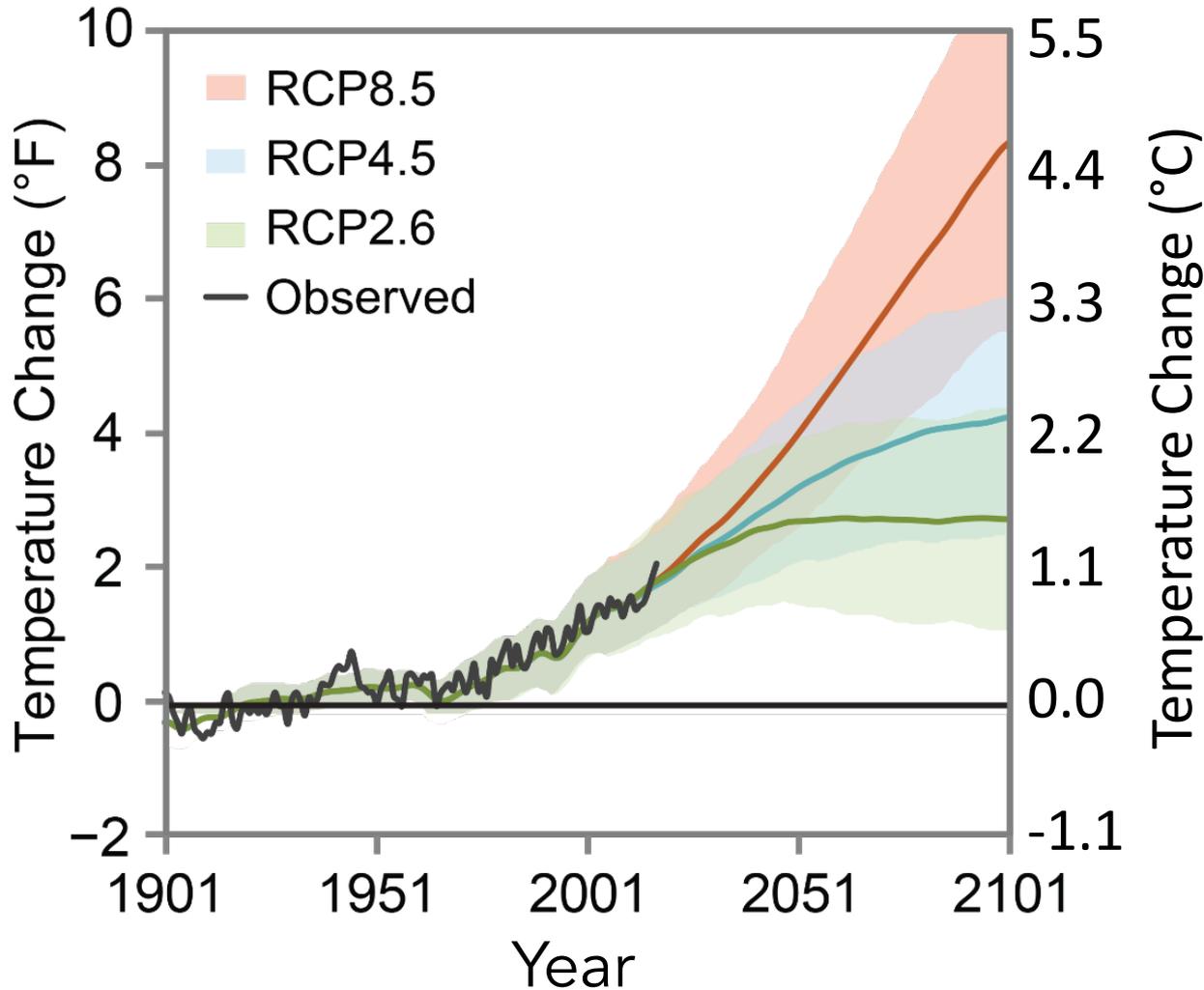


Leaf to Landscape Scale Remote Sensing of Arctic Vegetation Structure and Function

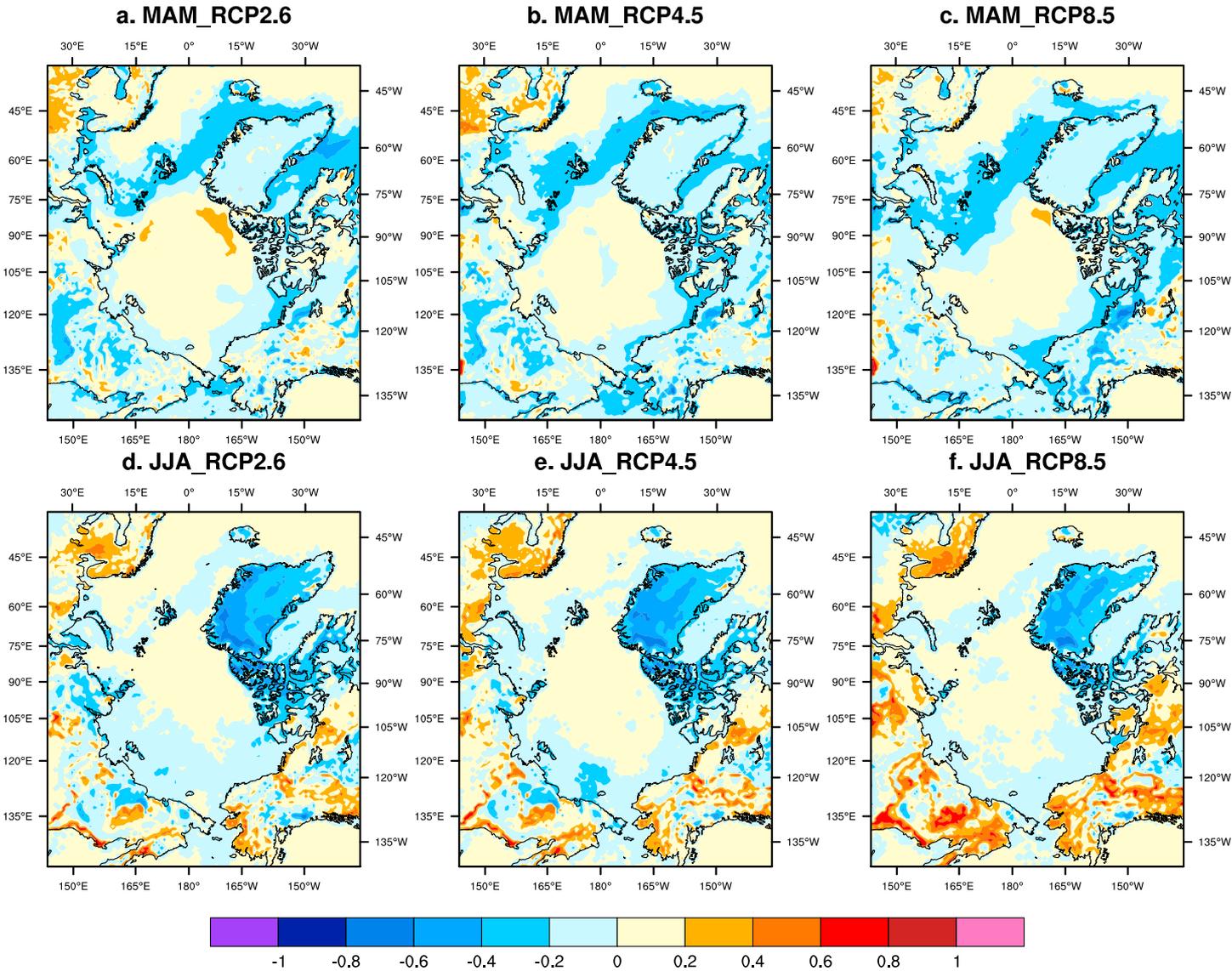
Shawn Serbin¹, Daryl Yang^{1,2}, Ran Meng^{1,3}, Andrew McMahon¹,
Amy Breen⁴, Kim Ely¹, Wouter Hantson⁵, Dan Hayes⁵, Alistair
Rogers¹ and Stan Wullschleger⁶

¹Brookhaven National Laboratory, ²Stony Brook University, ³Huazhong Agricultural University, ⁴University of Alaska – Fairbanks, ⁵University of Maine, ⁶Oak Ridge National Laboratory

Projected Global Temperature Change Resulting from Different CO₂ Emission Scenarios



Biophysical Feedbacks to Climate in the Arctic



Primarily Albedo feedback

Zhang et al. (2018)

Primarily ET feedback

NGEE-Arctic



Office of Biological and Environmental Research



Ivotuk, AK

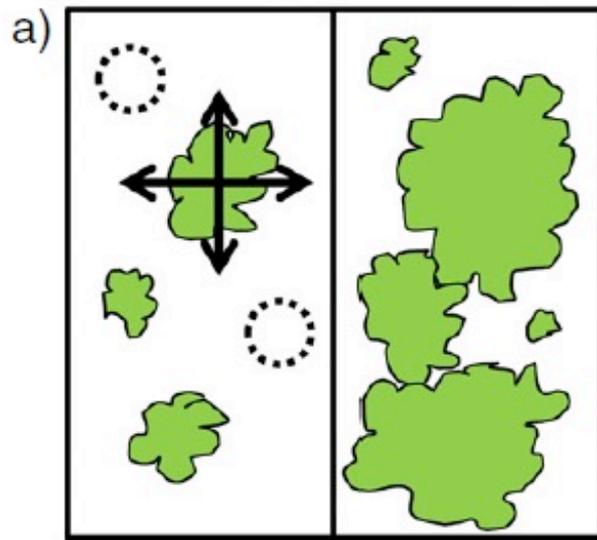
Ten-year project to reduce uncertainty in Earth System Models (ESMs) through the development of a predictive understanding of carbon-rich Arctic ecosystem processes and feedbacks to climate – focusing on:

- Synthesis activities
- Experiments & manipulations
- Observations across scales
- Model-data integration

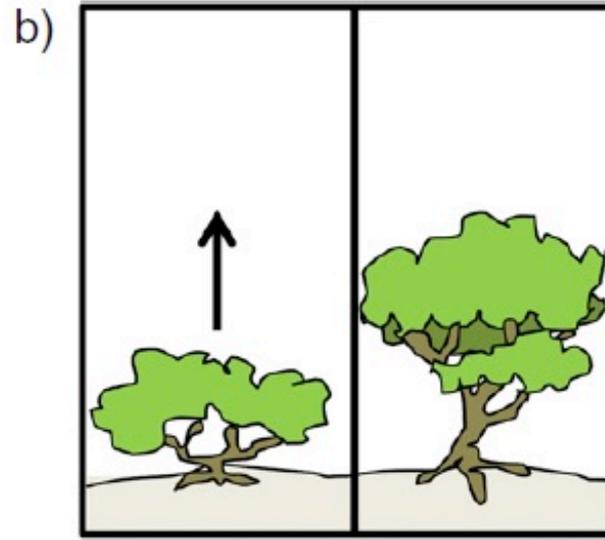


Shrub Expansion in the Arctic

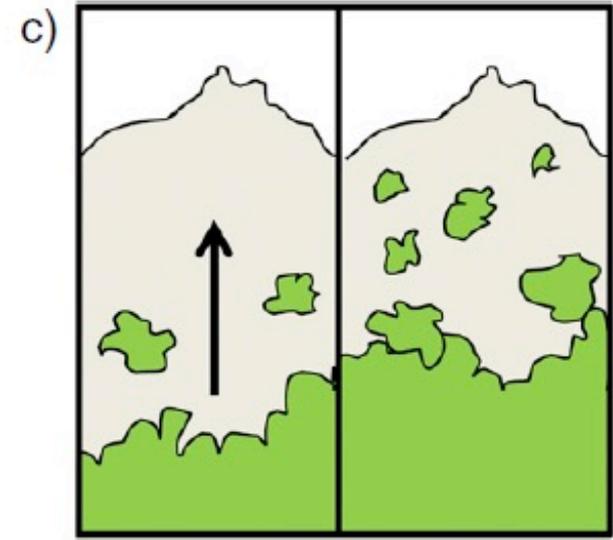
Myers-Smith et al. 2011 (*Environmental Research Letters*)



Infilling



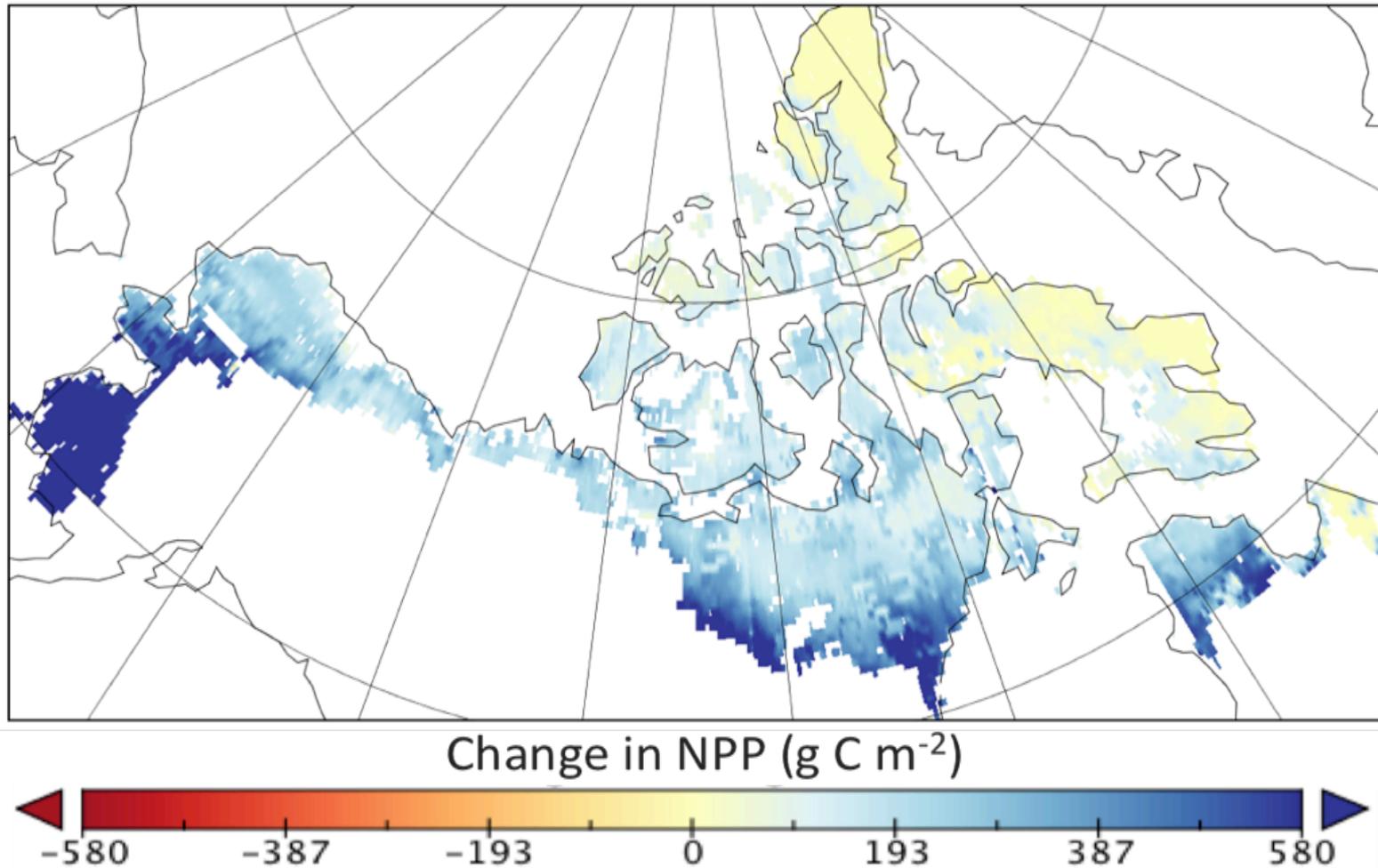
Growth



***Migration of
existing shrubline***

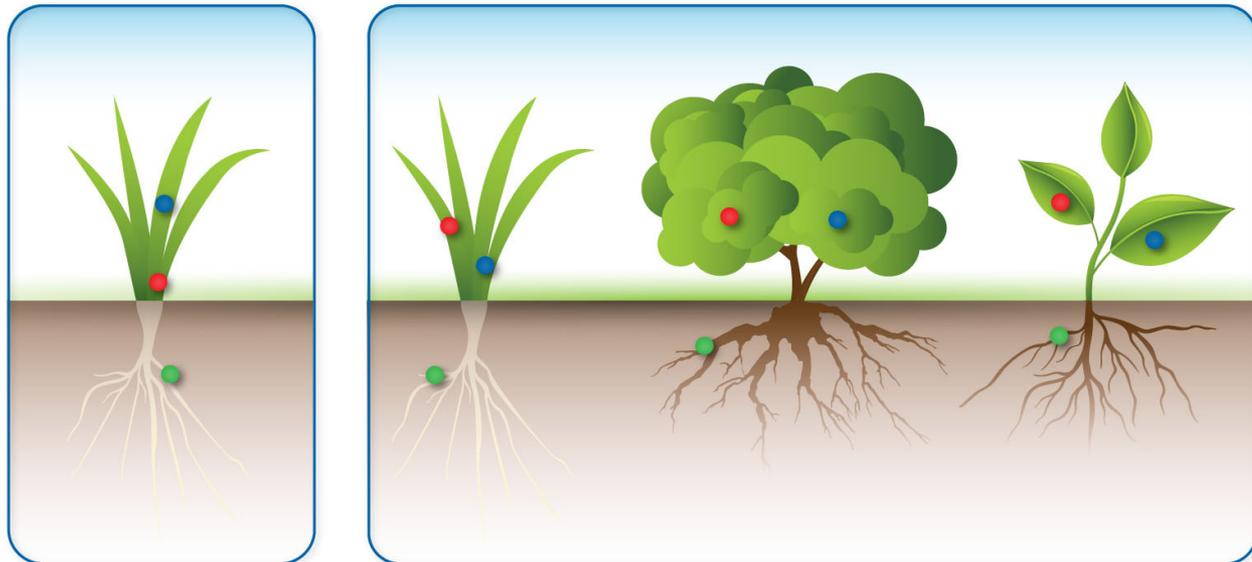
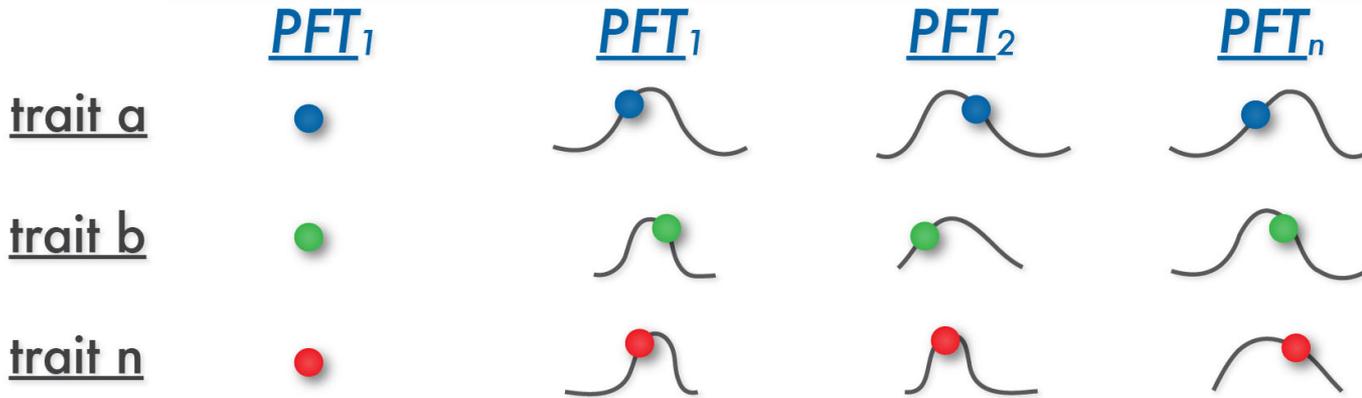
Shrub Expansion in the Arctic

Change in Shrub Net Primary Productivity (NPP)
2100 – 2010 (ecosys model, RCP8.5)

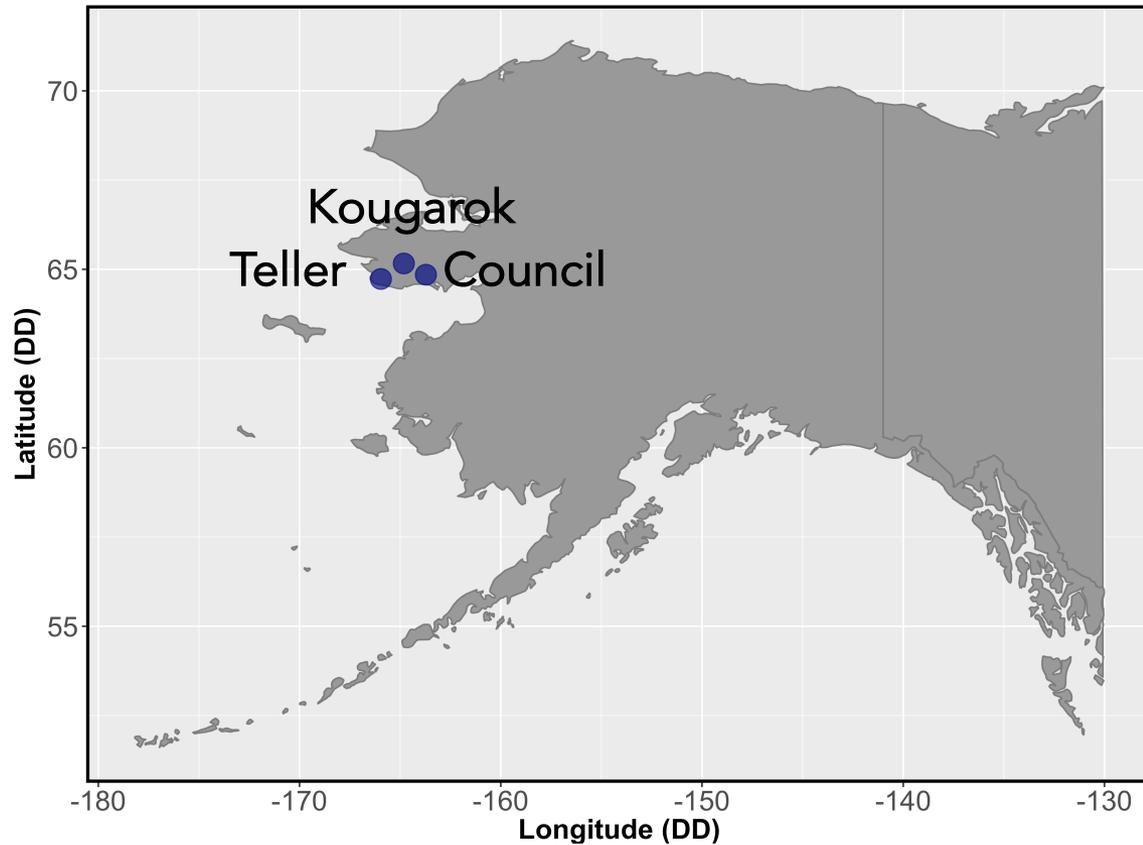
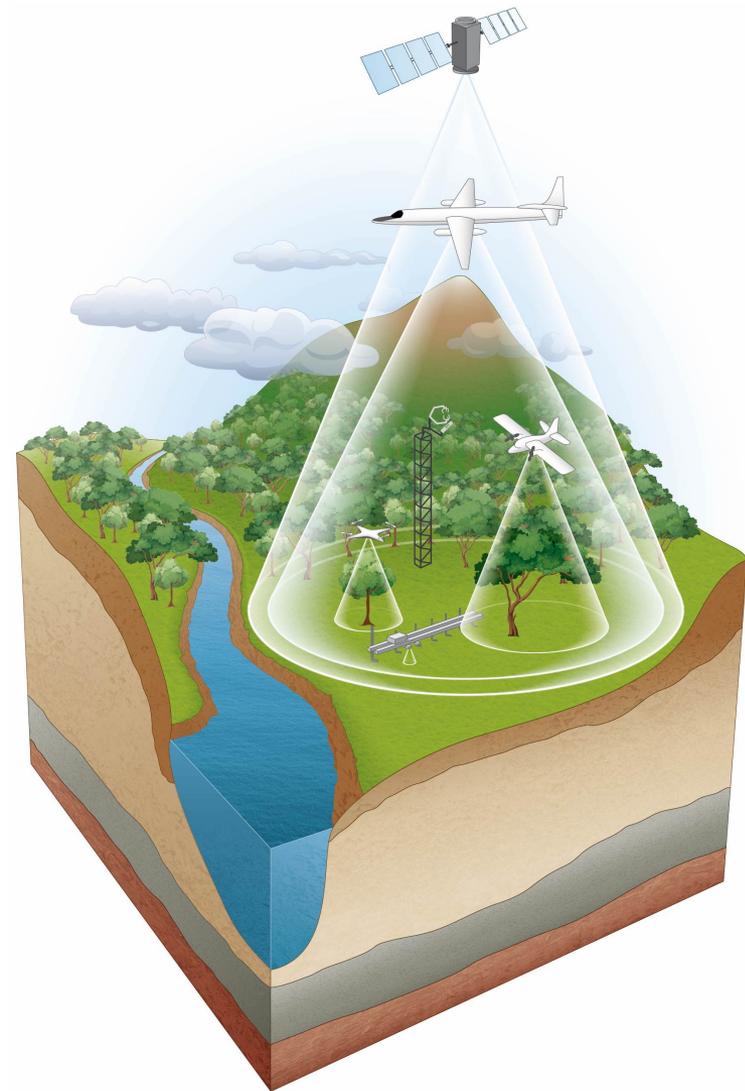


Improving Model Parameterization

Current models *NGEE Arctic trait-enabled models*



Multi-scale Remote Sensing of Arctic Vegetation to Inform Modeling



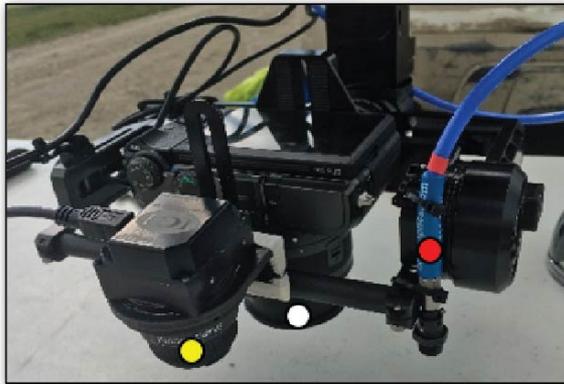
Unmanned Aerial Systems (UASs)

(I) Osprey UAS

(a) UAS Platform



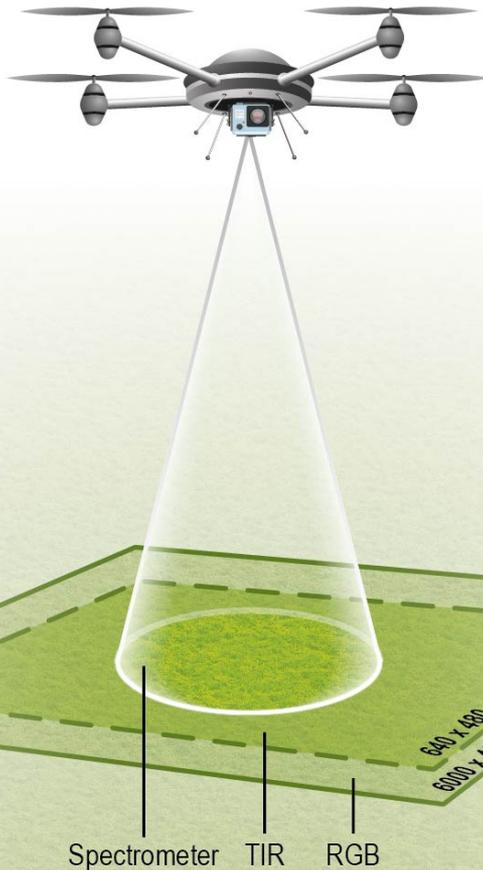
(b) Multi-sensors



- RGB camera
- WiFi connector
- GPS
- TIR camera
- VNIR spectrometer

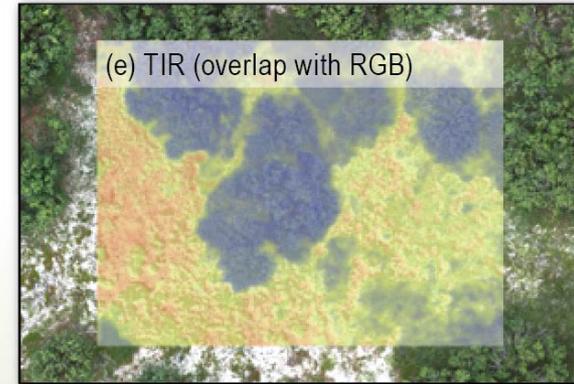
(II) Sensor Footprints

(c) Images & spectra



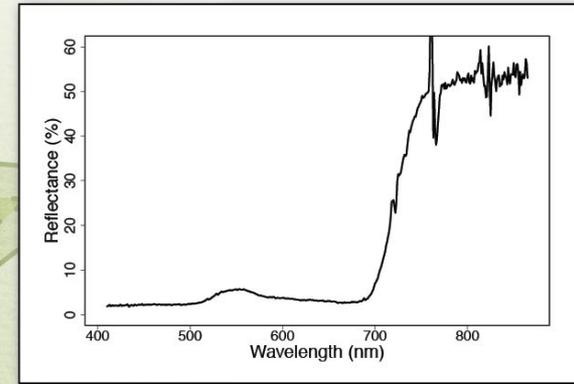
(III) UAS Data Products

(d) RGB & TIR imagery



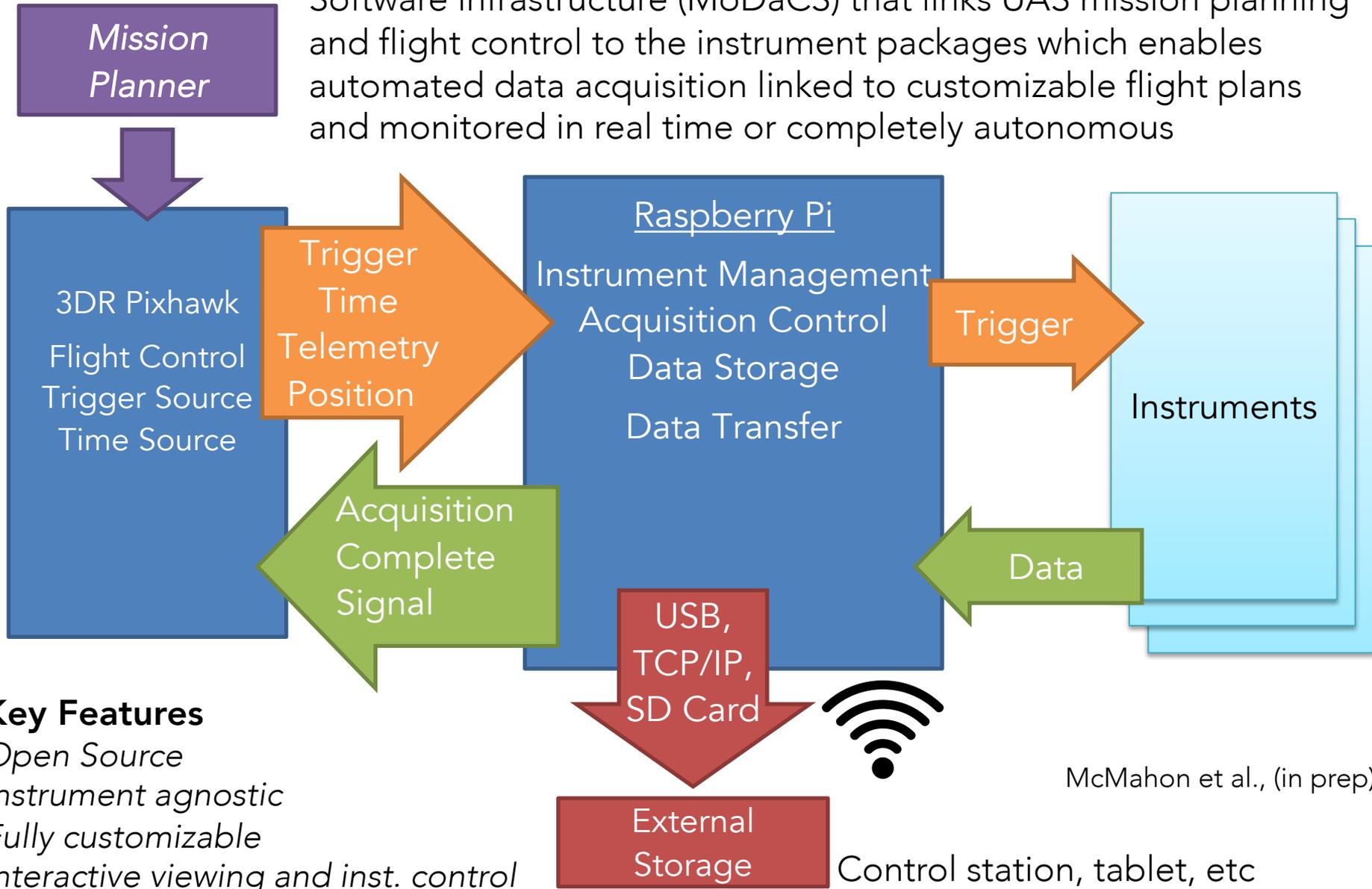
(e) TIR (overlap with RGB)

(F) Reflectance spectra



UAS data acquisition & flight management

Software infrastructure (MoDaCS) that links UAS mission planning and flight control to the instrument packages which enables automated data acquisition linked to customizable flight plans and monitored in real time or completely autonomous



Key Features

Open Source

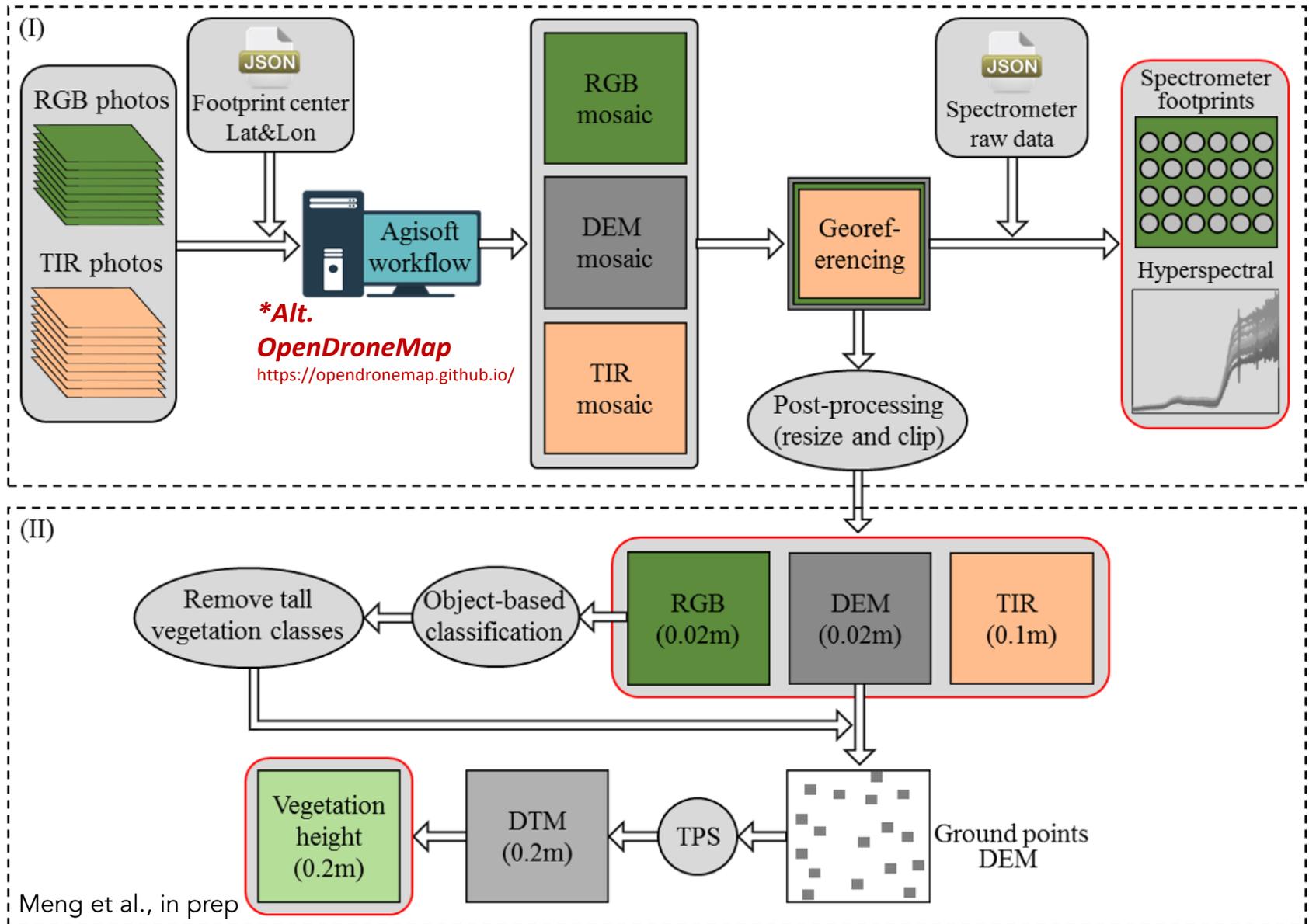
Instrument agnostic

Fully customizable

Interactive viewing and inst. control

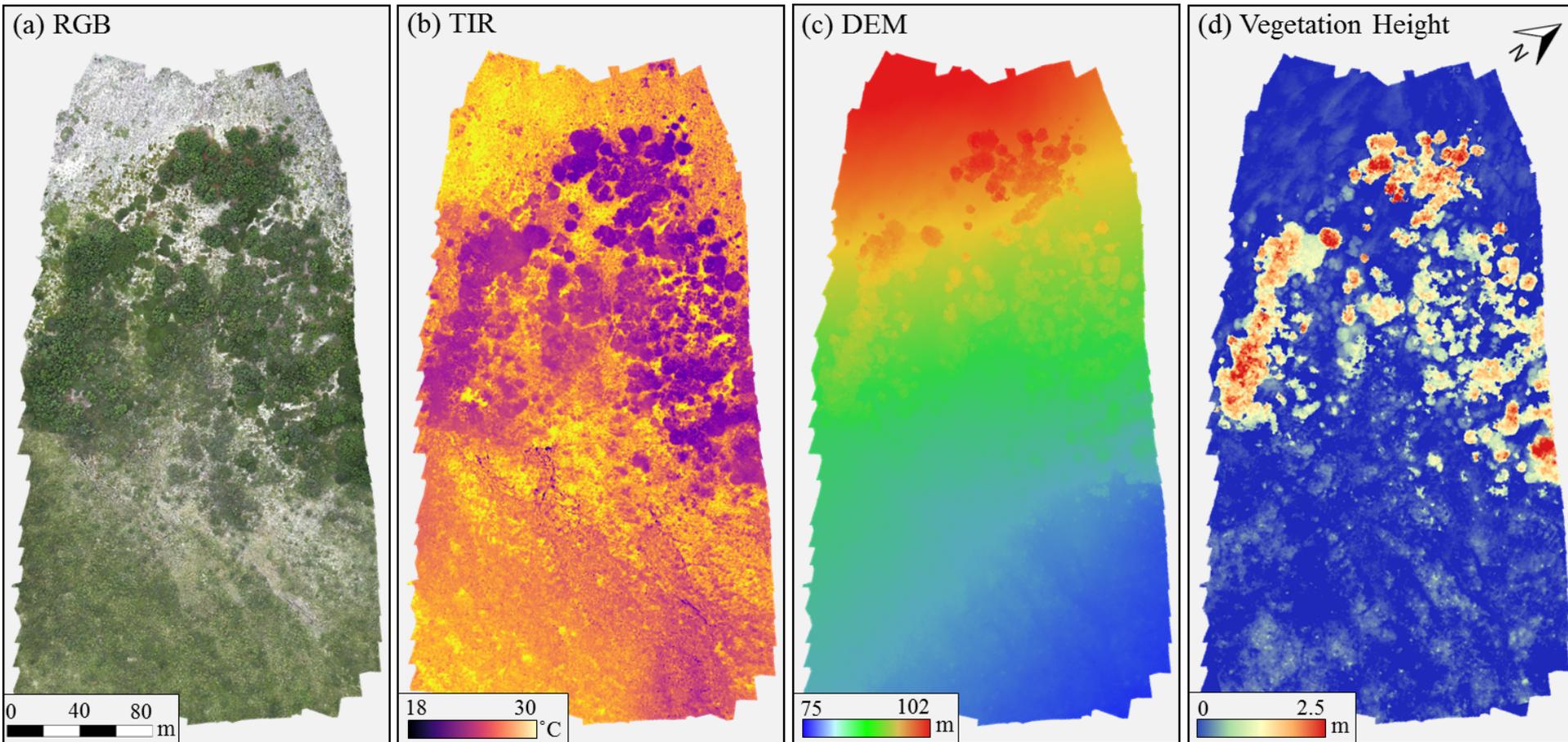
McMahon et al., (in prep)

UAS Data Processing Workflow



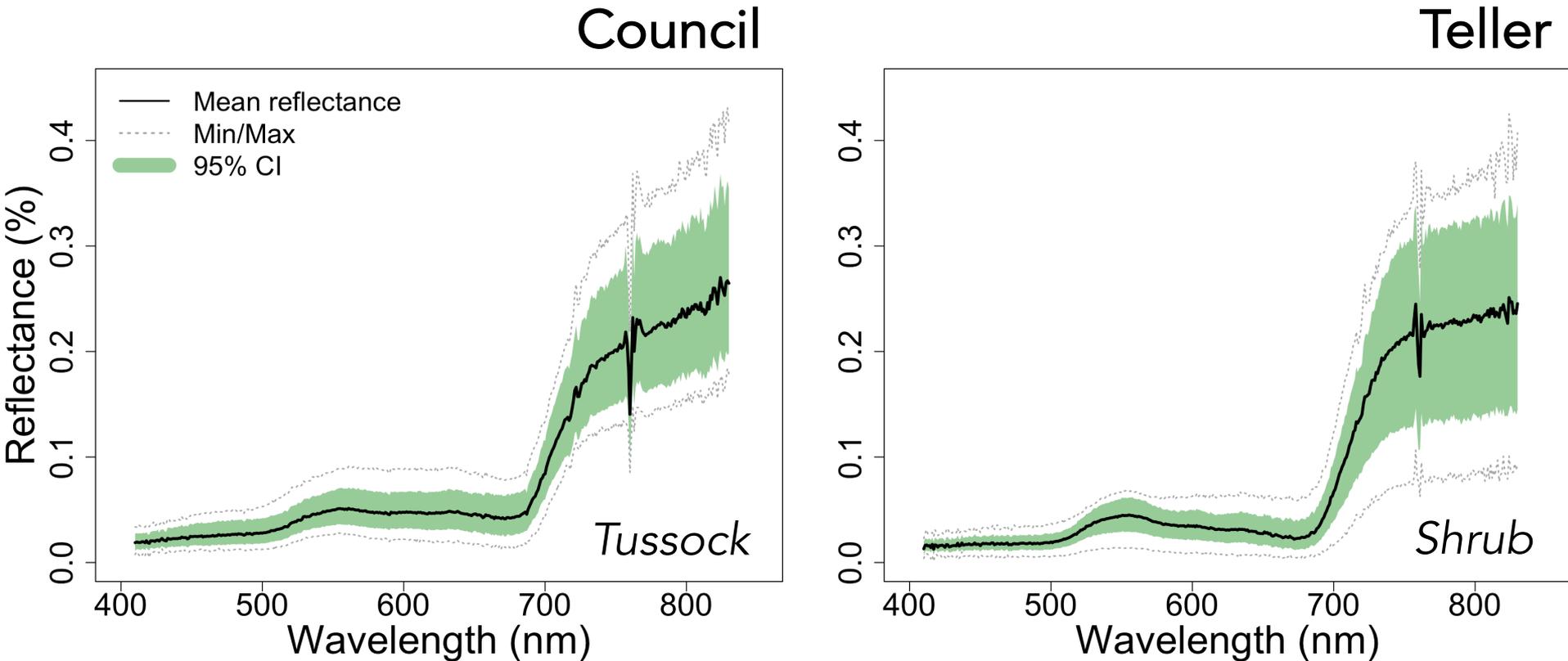
UAS Remote Sensing of Arctic Vegetation

Kougarok

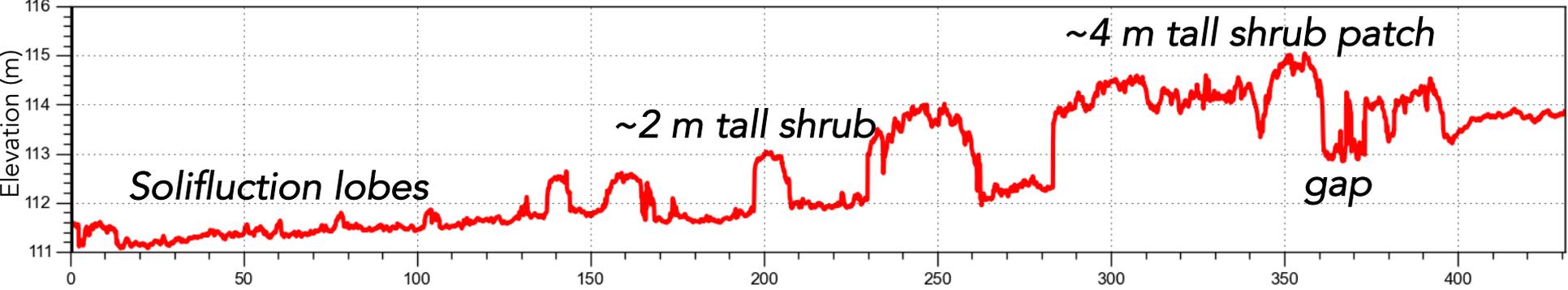


Imaging systems (RGB & TIR) generate high resolution ortho-mosaic imagery and a corresponding digital elevation model (DEM) from SfM. We then calculate vegetation height using the DEM and an interpolated digital terrain model (DTM)

UAS Remote Sensing of Arctic Vegetation



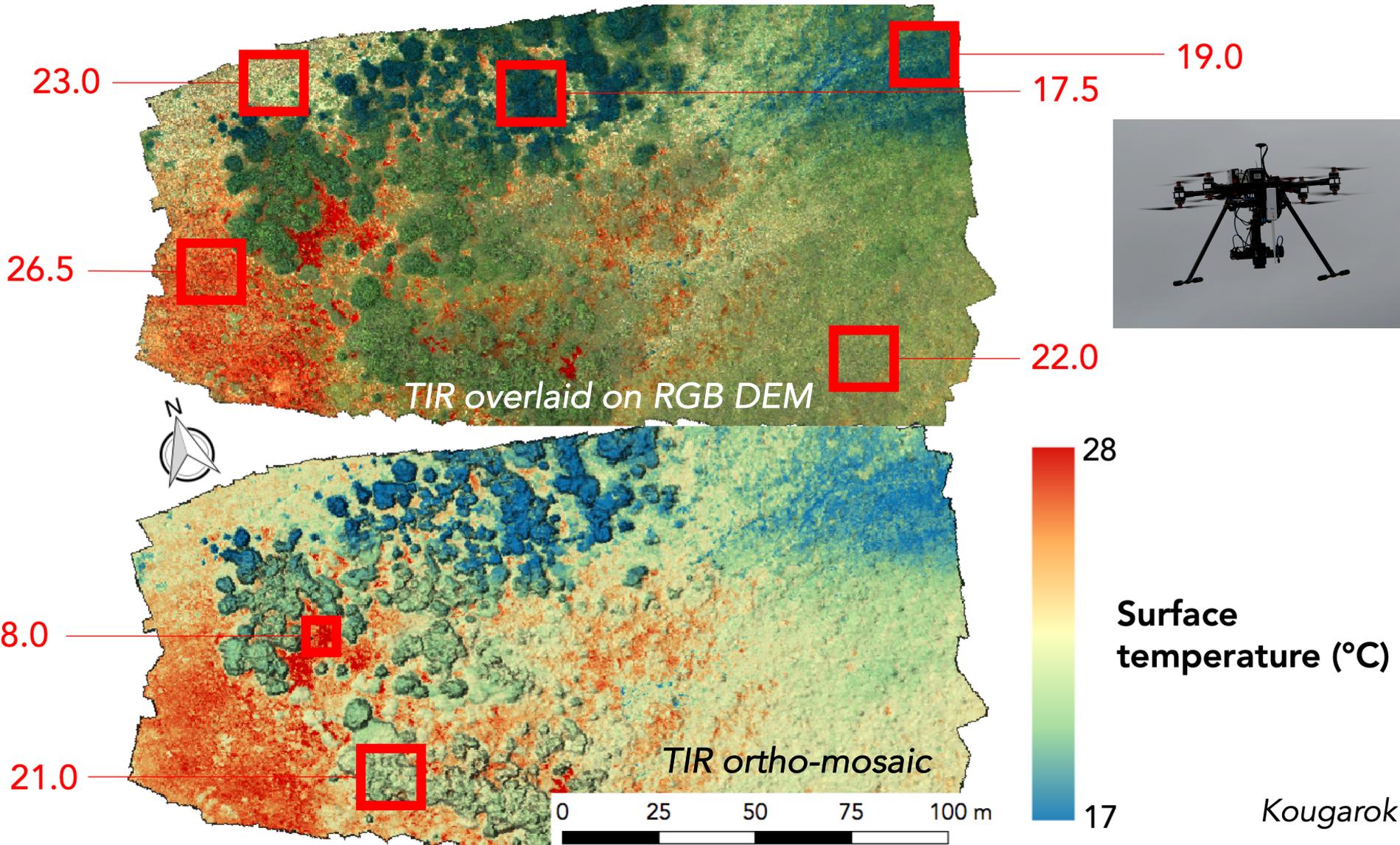
We are measuring the variation in surface reflectance across each UAS flight using our dual OceanOptics FLAME spectrometer configuration, which can account for variable illumination conditions



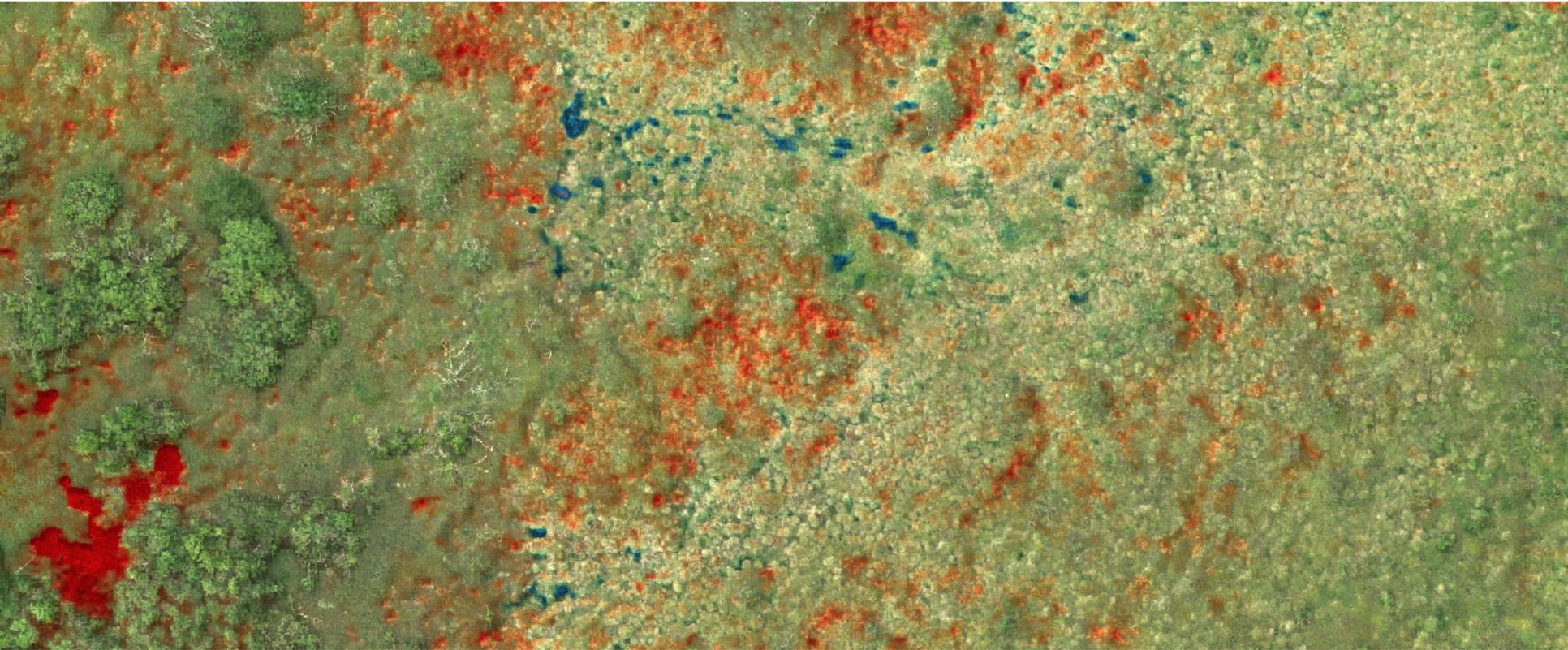
0 5 10 15 20 m



Spatial Variation in Surface Temperature



Fine-scale Temperature Variation – Driven by Vegetation Composition & Structure



17

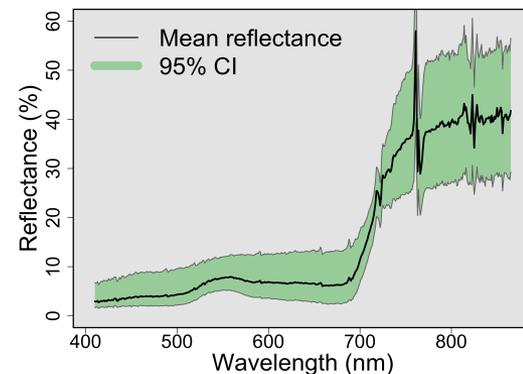
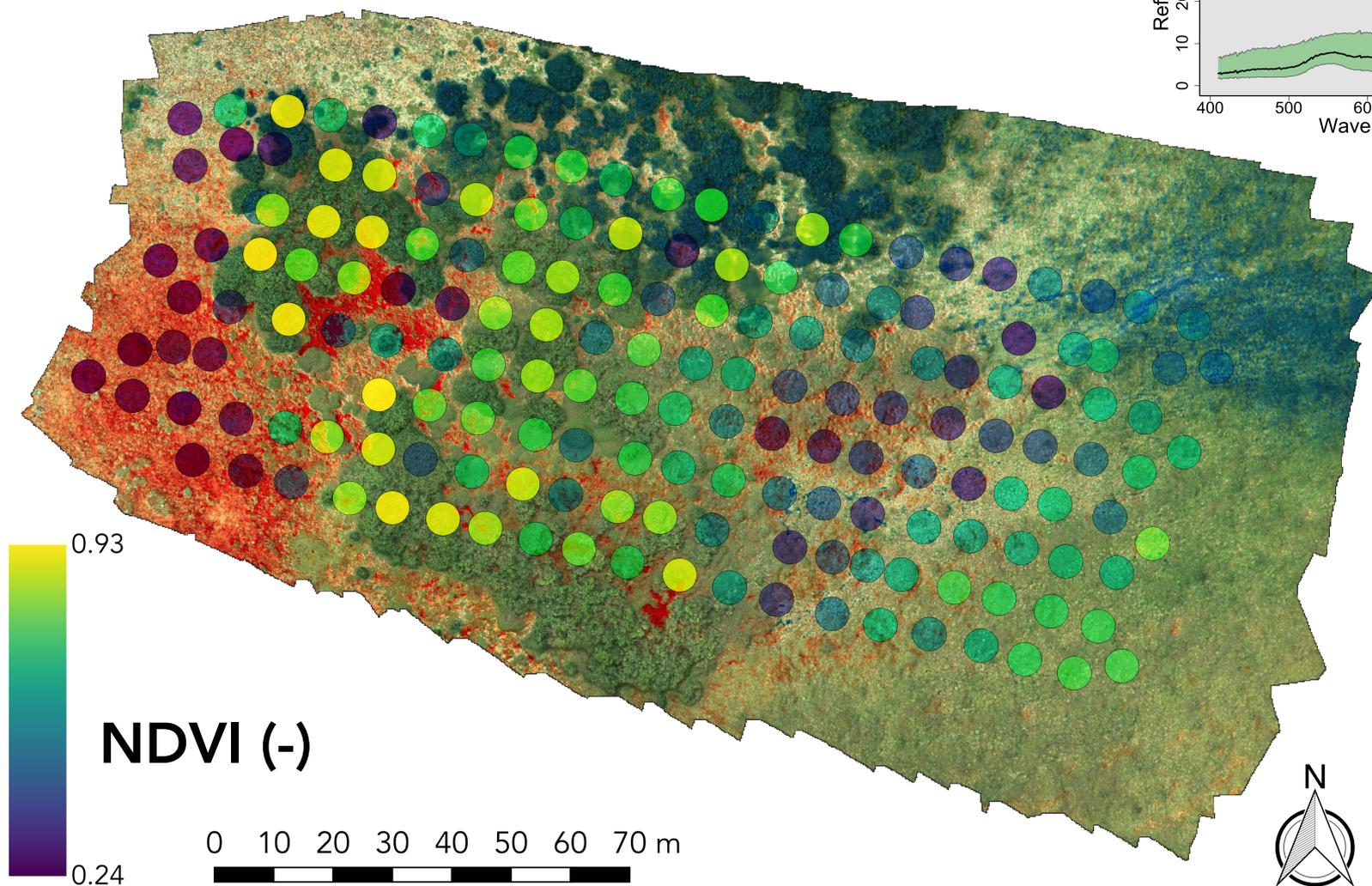
Temperature (°C)

28

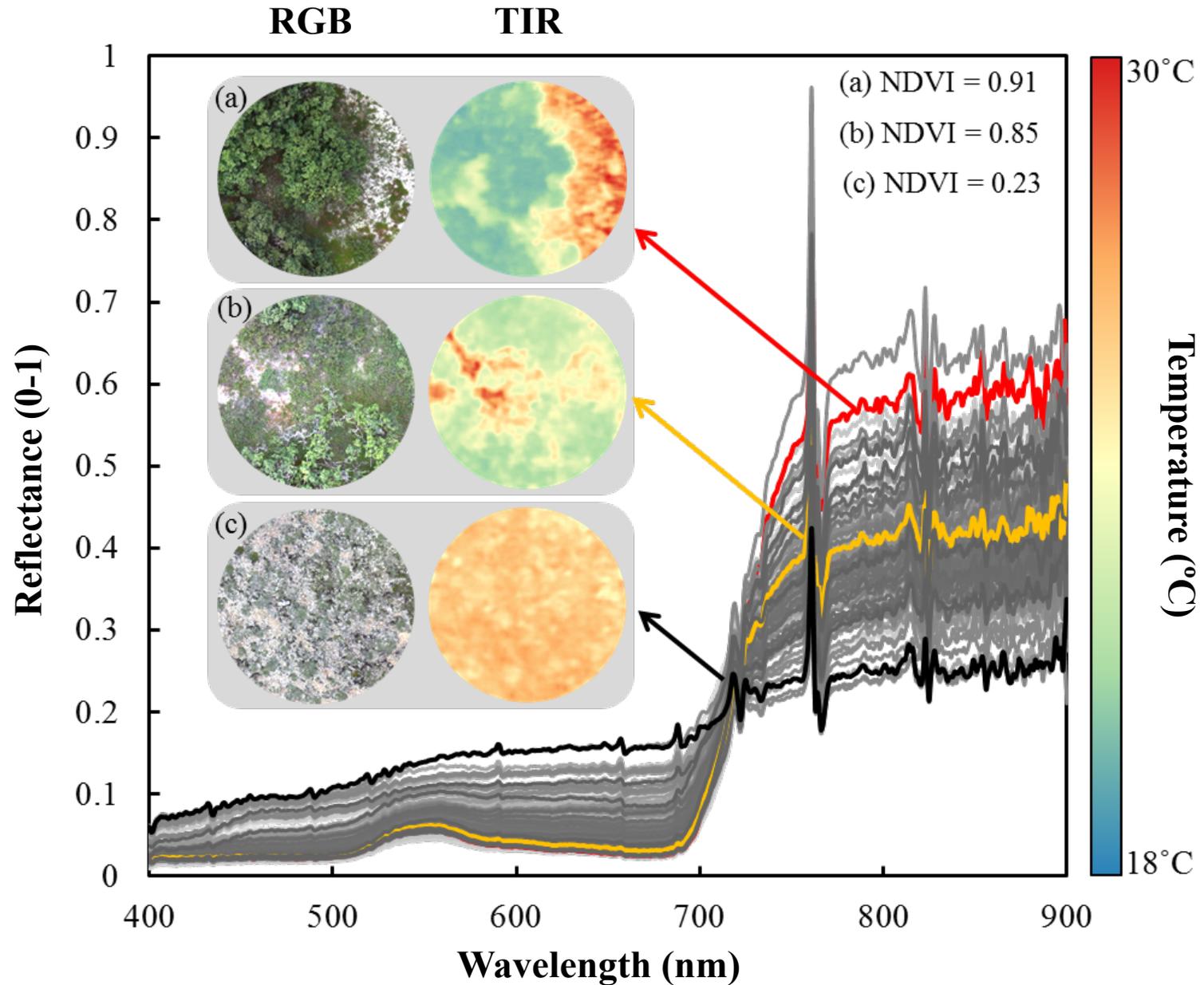


Landscape Variation in Vegetation Optical Properties

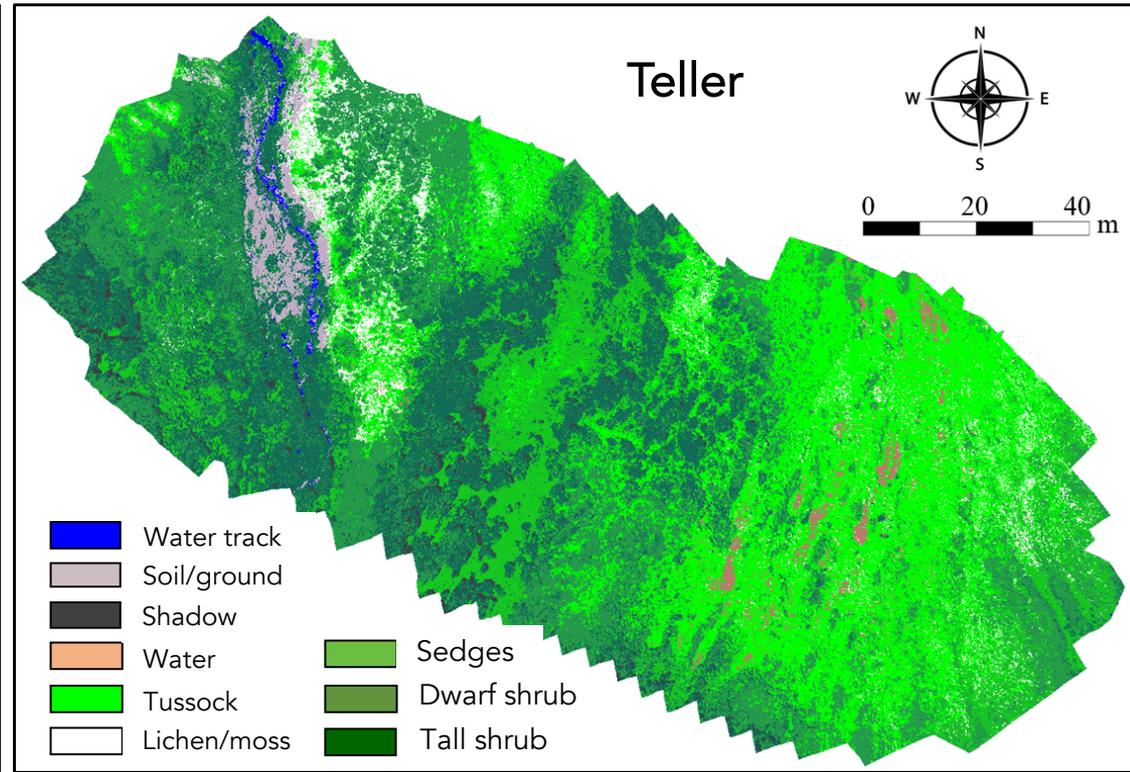
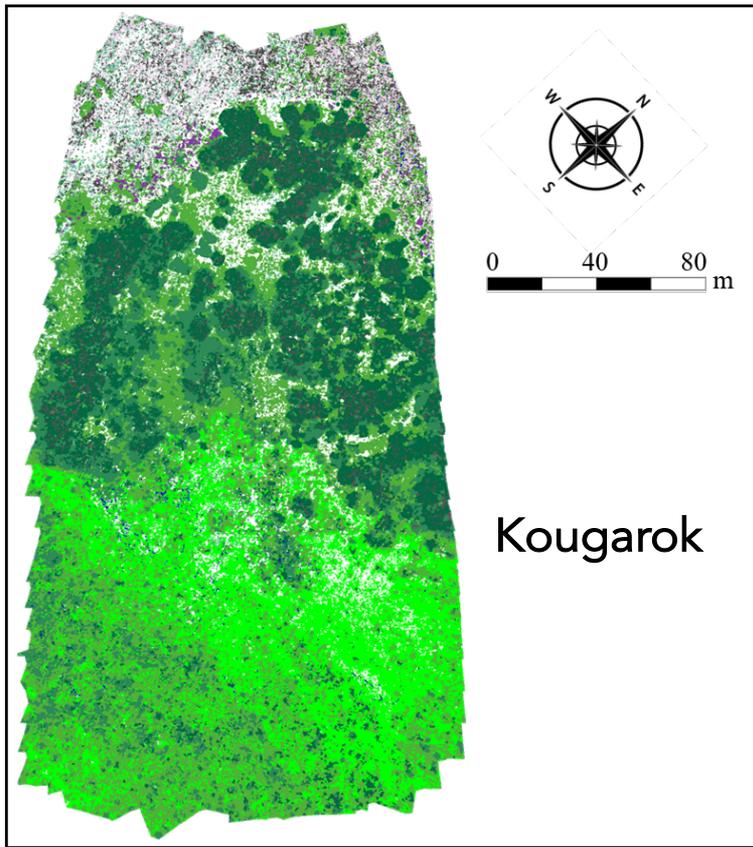
Higher surface reflectance in shrub dominated areas



Multi-sensor Vegetation Characterization



Mapping Species Composition at Fine Scales



Alder

Birch

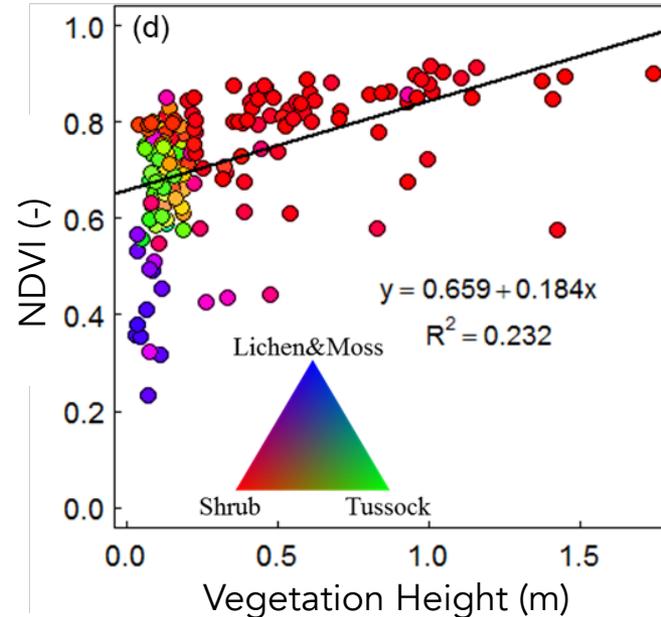
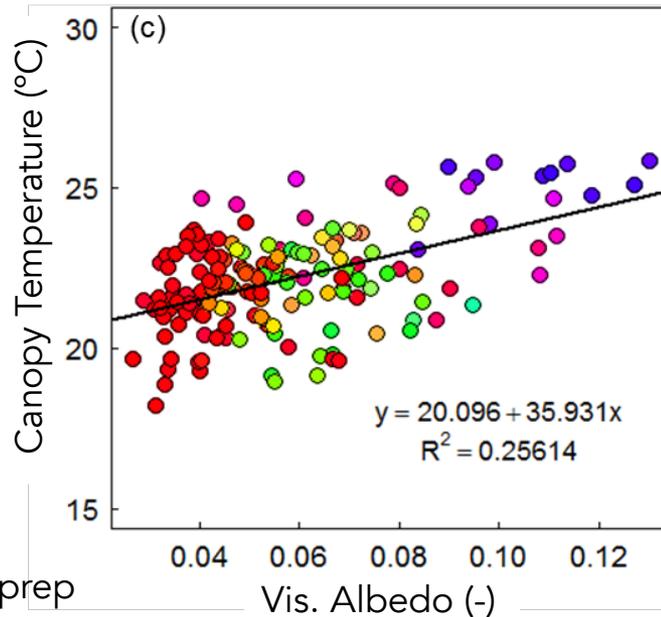
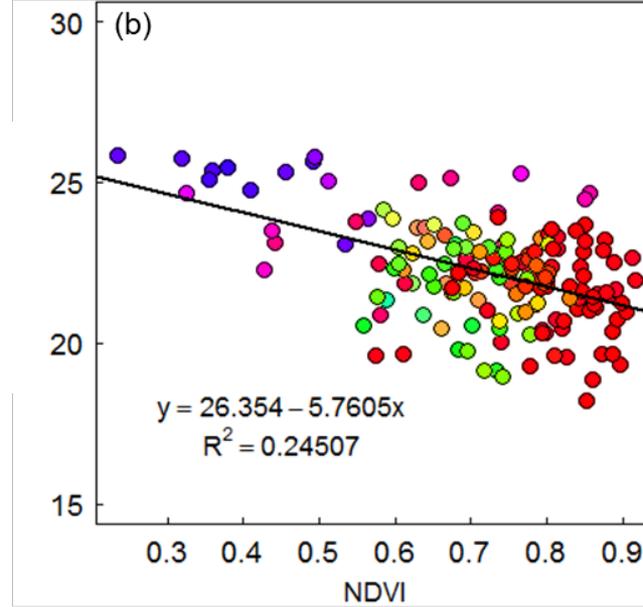
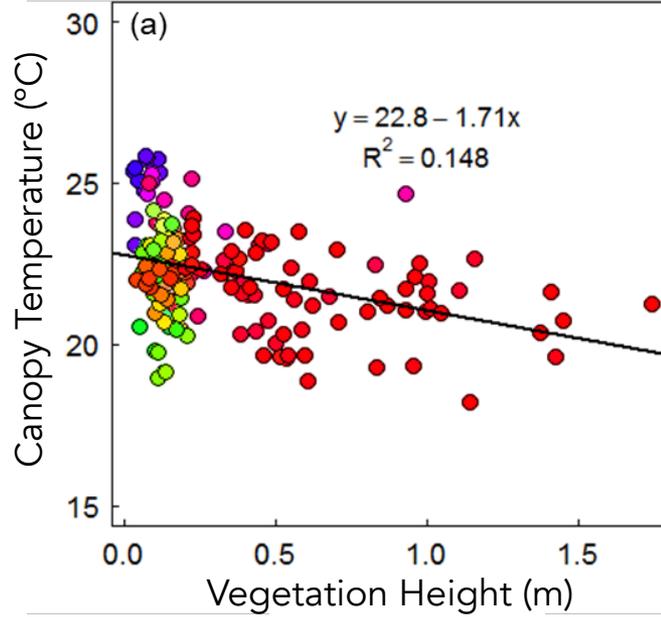
Willow

Tussock

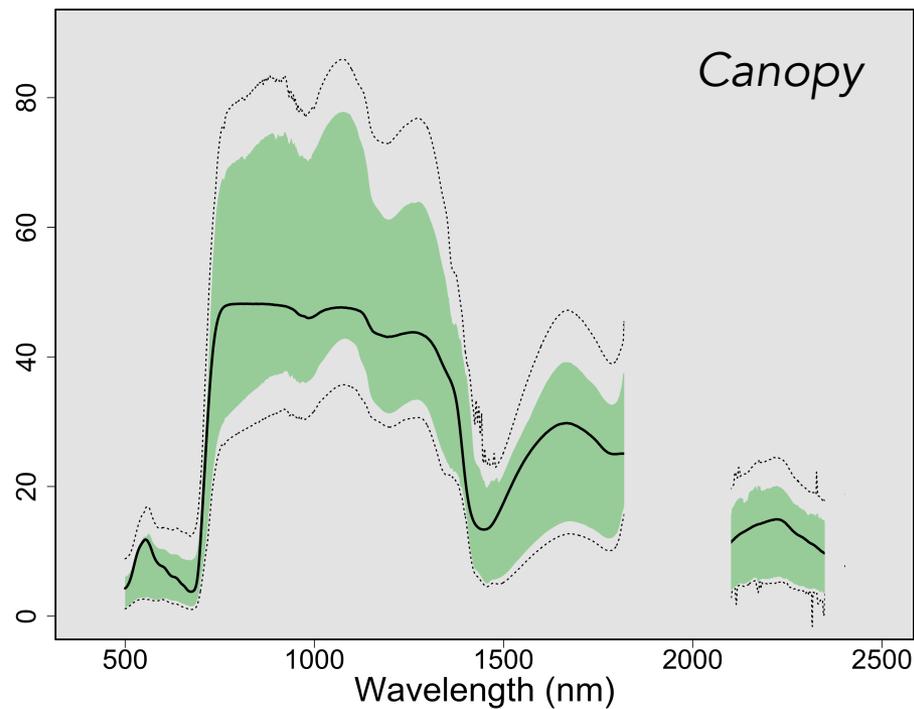
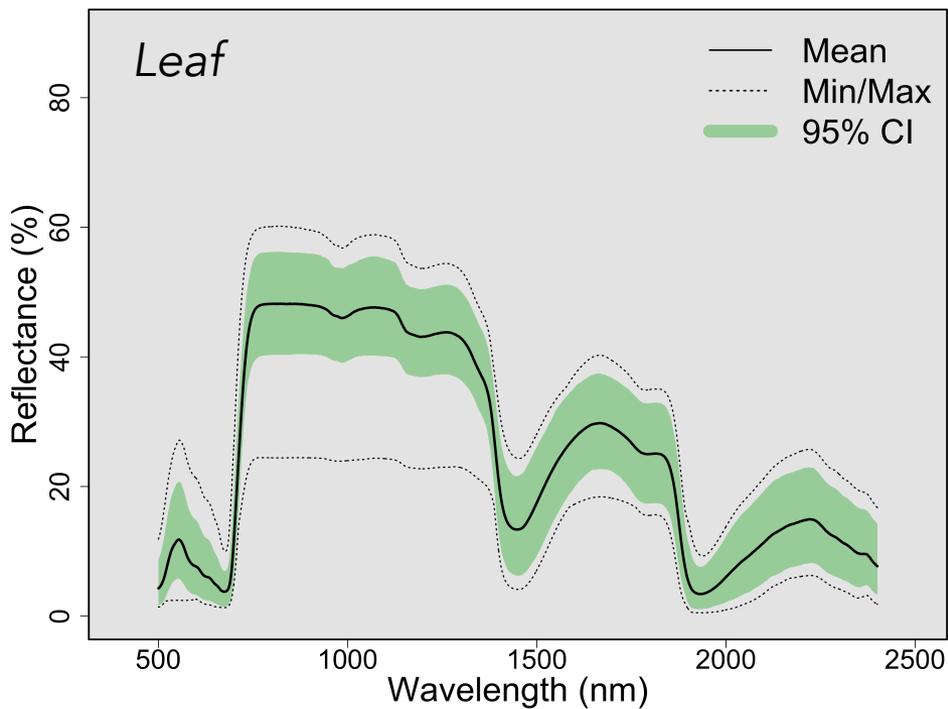
Lichen



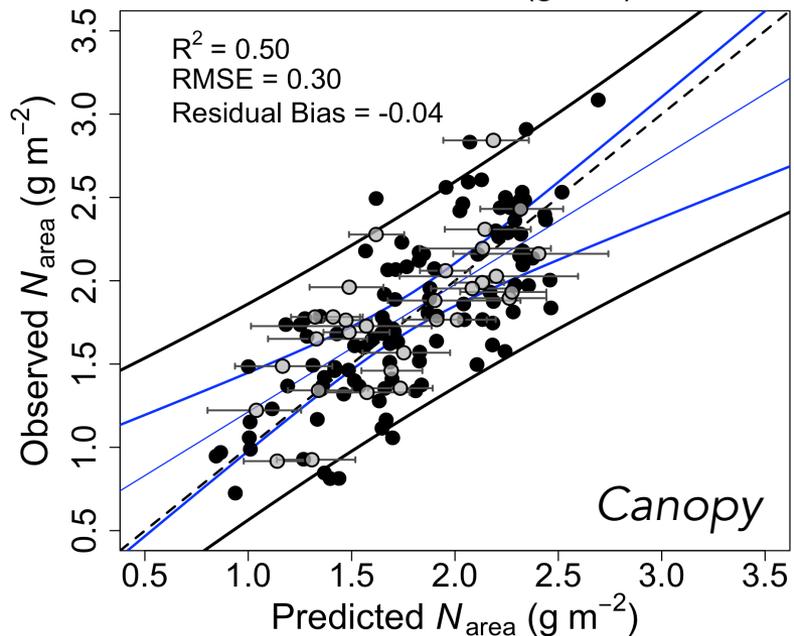
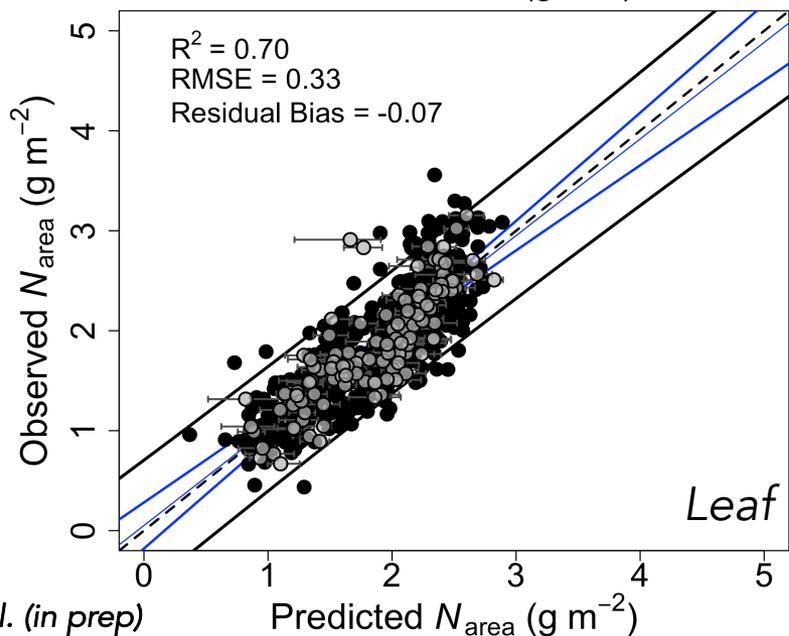
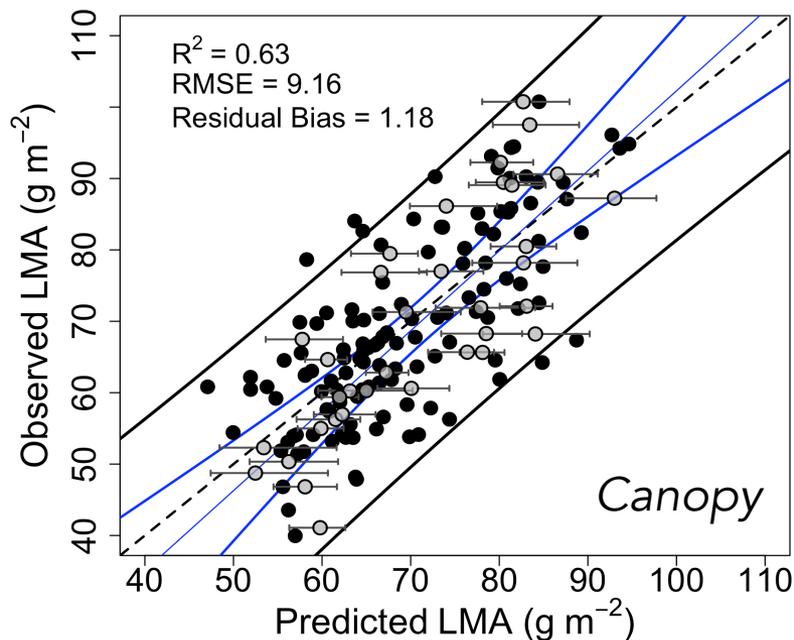
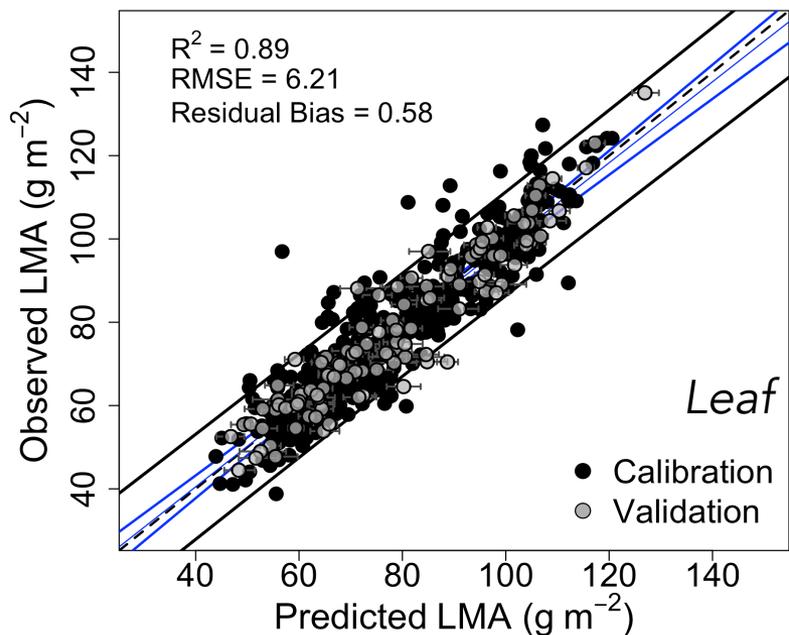
Spatial Patterns Driven by Species Composition & Structure



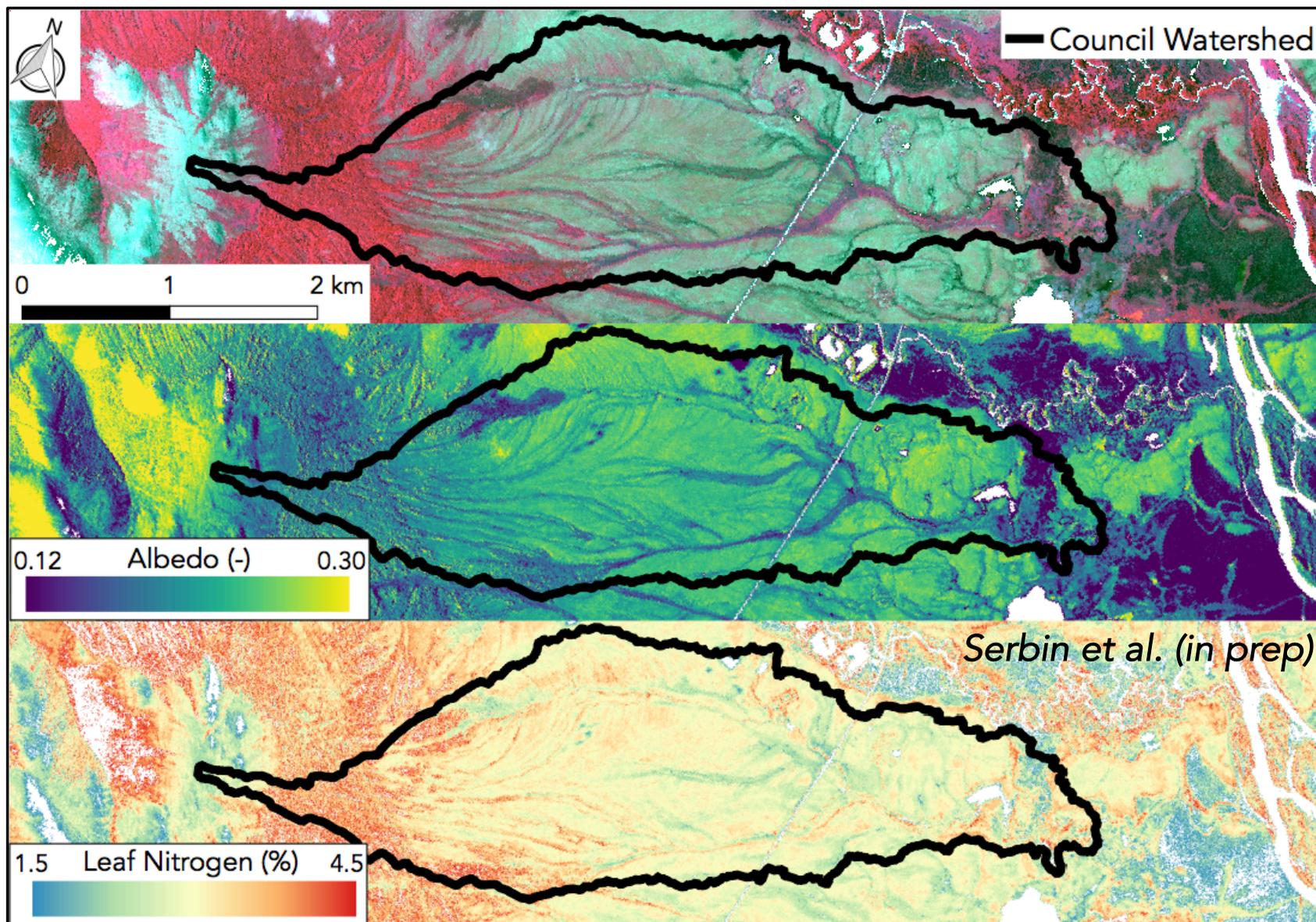
Scaling Arctic Vegetation Functional Traits



Scaling Arctic Vegetation Functional Traits



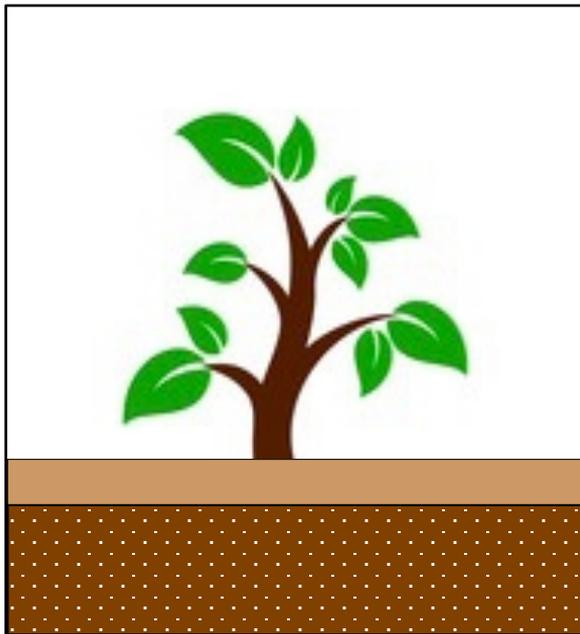
Mapping Arctic Vegetation Function



Leveraging NASA AVIRIS-NG ABoVE Airborne Campaign data

Integrating Remote Sensing and Modeling

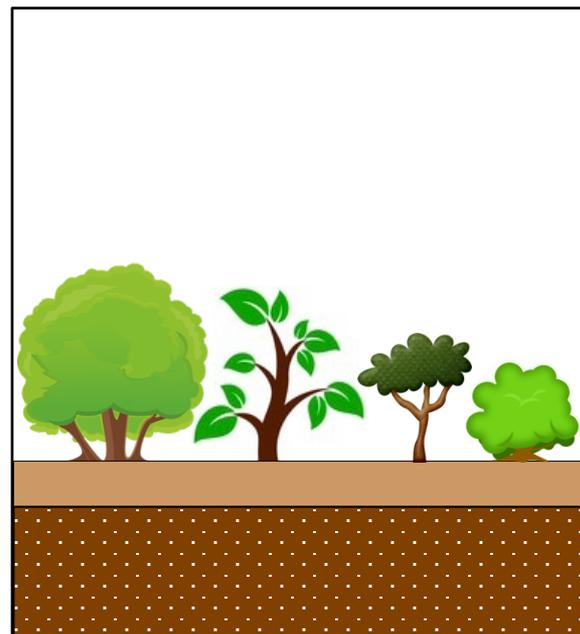
ELM
"Big-Leaf" vegetation



DOE E3SM Land Model



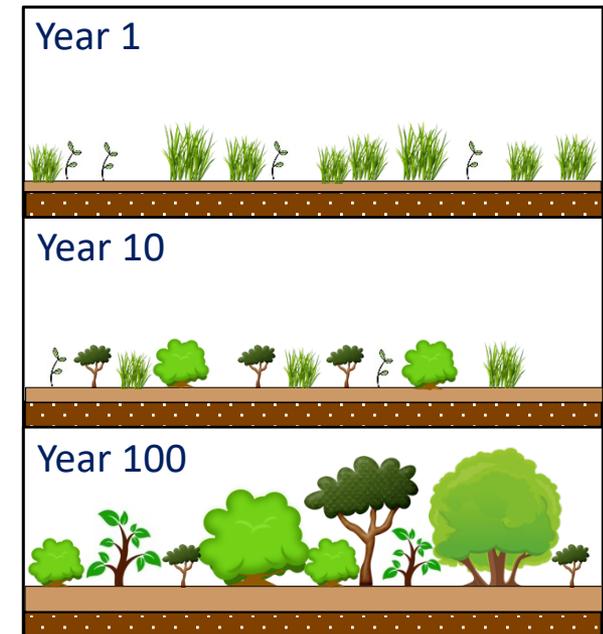
FATES
Demographic vegetation



*Functionally Assembled
Terrestrial Ecosystem
Simulator*



ELM-FATES
Patch & Cohort Dynamics



Provide initialization,
parameterization, and
benchmarking data to
test ELM/FATES

Thank You!

Questions?

Acknowledgements:

Margaret Torn – LBNL

Sebastian Biraud – LBNL

Alexey Shiklomanov – PNNL

Charles Miller – NASA JPL

Verity Salmon – ORNL

Colleen Iversen – ORNL

Terri Velliquette – ORNL

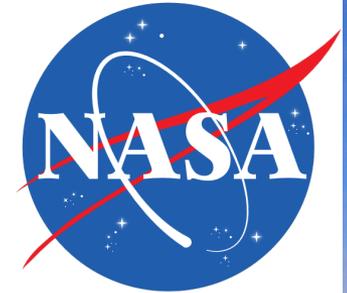
Alison Boyer – ORNL

Forrest Hoffman – ORNL

Jitu Kumar – ORNL

Wil Lieberman-Cribbin - ITE

Bailey Morrison – BNL



NASA ABoVE

