



ESRF

Update on detector development activities

T. Martin on behalf of ISDD/Detector Unit

Monday 18 March, 2024

Thanks to:

Beamline Control Unit
Mechanical Engineering
Network Unit
External collaborators
Colleagues from Experiments Division



D&E

Detector & Electronics Group

Instrumentation Services and Development Division

FAMILIES OF X-RAY DETECTOR AT ESRF

2D detectors

X-ray imaging detectors

Intense beams and high spatial resolution

- Scintillators + optics + visible light cameras
- sCMOS cameras

Scattering/diffraction detectors

Large area & single photon sensitivity

- Hybrid pixel detectors
- Photon counting or charge integrating

Energy dispersive detectors

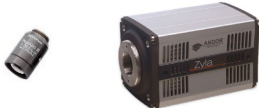
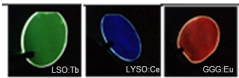
Discrete and monolithic devices

- Silicon Drift Diodes (SDD)
- HPGe detectors
- Digital Pulse Processors

Point detectors

Beam intensity and diagnostics

- Avalanche Photodiodes
- Ion chambers, PIN diodes
- Diamond, SiC beam monitors

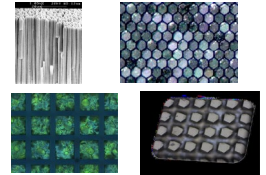


X-RAY IMAGING DETECTORS

■ Scintillators

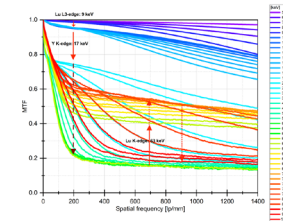
- ✓ **Microstructure scintillator:** identify micro-structured (30-50 μ m resolution) scintillators with improved properties, especially stability under radiation, high DQE, low afterglow

CeBr₃, ZnSe:Te, LuI₃:Ce, co-doped/undoped/low moisture CsI



- ✓ **High resolution scintillator:** development of high spatial resolution scintillators with higher efficiency than current available screens (LuAG:Ce, LSO:Tb, GGG:Eu)

- High density hafnate scintillators (Lu₂Hf₂O₇)
- Tool for simulation of energy deposition and spatial resolution

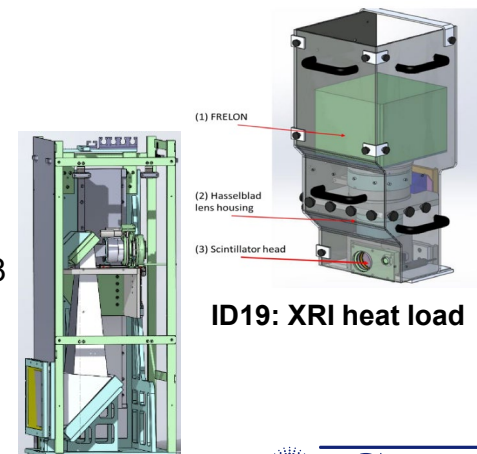


■ Optomechanics developments

- ✓ **Large Field of View Detector**, BM05 (20cm), BM18 (40cm)
- ✓ **Compact white beam microscope**, BM05
- ✓ **XRI heat load**, temperature up to 300°C, ID19
- ✓ **Detector systems**, high collection efficiency, rad hard., blue eraser, 1x, 2x, 4x mag., BM18
- ✓ **Optical components:** thin and perforated mirrors, Al coating, BM18



**BM05:
Microscope Topo**



ID19: XRI heat load

BM18: large FOV

sCMOS FRELON? - INVESTIGATION PHASE - : HORNET PROJECT

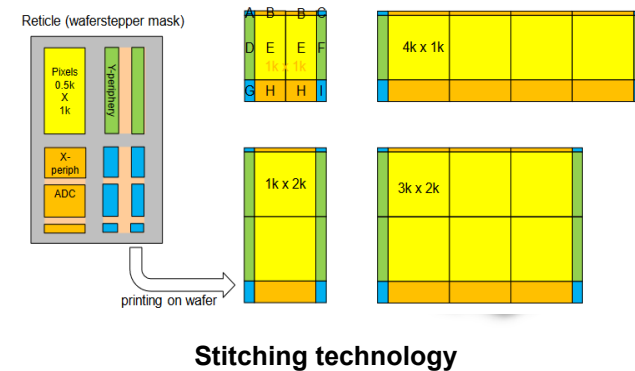
The Frelon camera

- More than 40 cameras produced at ESRF
- Excellent performance (at the time)
- Platform: different CCD sensors and optics



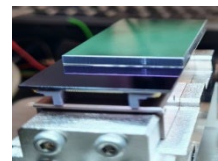
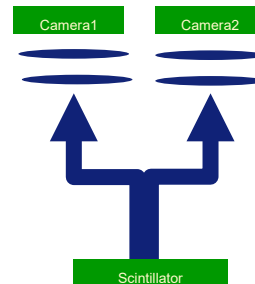
What's next: sCMOS Frelon?

A family of customisable sCMOS cameras for synchrotron X-ray imaging?



ELFIS2 sensor

- Developed for ESA by Caeleste (Be)
- Interesting detection performance:
 - ✓ Pixel size: 15 μm
 - ✓ Full-well capacity up to 320 ke^- (ITR mode)
 - ✓ Readout noise down to 2.5 e^- r.m.s. (HG mode)
 - ✓ Frame rate for 4Mpixel: 140 fps



Well suited for
taper/FOP
coupling

- And some key “uncommon” features:
 - ✓ Global shutter with deadline-free readout
 - ✓ Backside illumination (QE > 90%)
 - ✓ Radiation hardened
 - ✓ Hardware binning
 - ✓ Scalable size up to 8k×8k pixels (64M) by “stitching” of 512×1024 pixel blocks
 - ✓ Family sensor (6.5 μm pixel size)

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Energy dispersive detectors

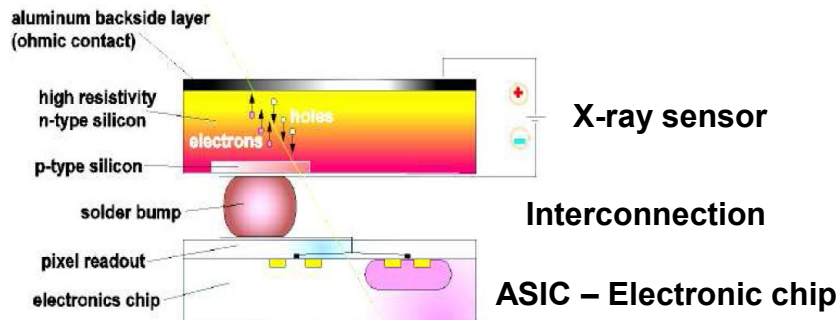
Discrete and monolithic devices

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- Digital Pulse Processors

Point detectors

Beam intensity and diagnostics

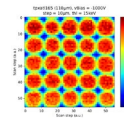
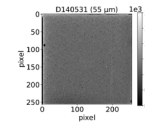
- Avalanche Photodiodes
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SCATTERING/DIFFRACTION DETECTORS

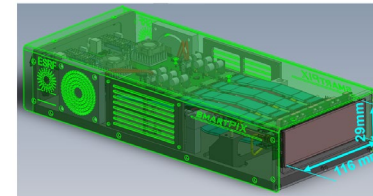
■ Characterization of pixelated semiconductors

- ✓ High-flux **CdZnTe**, CdTe, GaAs

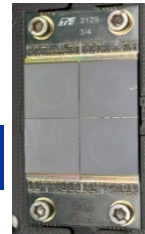
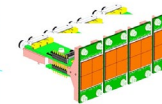


■ SMARTPIX: **In-house** development based on the CERN Medipix3-RX chip (2011)

- ✓ Pixel 55 µm. Compatible with Si, CdTe, CZT, GaAs,... sensors (bipolar)
- ✓ Mounting, calibration, commissioning and maintenance in-house
- ✓ Max 2 kHz frame rate (target 4 kHz in 6-bit mode)
- ✓ Low latency distributed DAQ: Lima2 & RASHPA
- ✓ Deployment in 2024-2025 (8 systems)



SMARTPIX-WB-1M
2048 x 512 pixels



■ JUNGFRAU, **Developed by PSI**

- ✓ **One Jungfrau 4M** commissioned in 2022 at ID29, now in user operation
- ✓ **One 1M Jungfrau** on-going order for ID09

■ CITIUS, **Developed for the SPring8-II Upgrade Program**

- ✓ **Available at the ESRF** for evaluation
- ✓ In-house development of a **bonding station** to coupling a Fiber Optic Plate (FOP) to imaging sensors
- ✓ **Presentation Monday** at 11:15 and **Wednesday** at 10:00



■ XIDER, **ESRF and University of Heidelberg**, moving to XIDyn collaboration

- ✓ High dynamic range digital integrating detector, 100 µm and 200 µm pixel pitch, CdTe and CZT sensors
- ✓ **Presentation Monday** at 15:00 by M. Wilson



SCATTERING/DIFFRACTION DETECTORS

SPHIRD

- R&D collaboration with AGH University of Science and Technology (Krakow)
- A high quality **high-rate X-ray photon counting detector**
- Design and test of **two** test readout ASICs:
 - Microelectronics technology node: **TSMC CMOS 40 nm**
 - With a sensor pixel pitch of **50 μm** (prototype), target in the **30 - 40 μm** range
- Prototype detectors: **CdTe**, **high-flux CZT**, **Si**
- Maximise the count rate capabilities:
 - > **60 Mcps/pixel** with full pixels (at 10% pile-up)
 - > **15 Mcps/pixel** with small pixels
- X-ray hit relocation (arbitration algorithm) prevents count losses at the pixel corners
- Investigate the possibility of achieving **higher spatial resolution** (subpixel relocation)

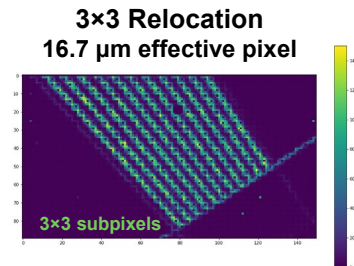
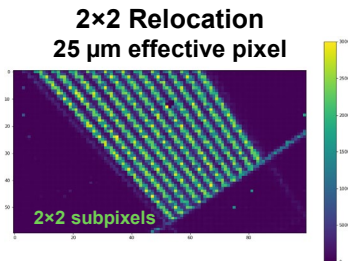
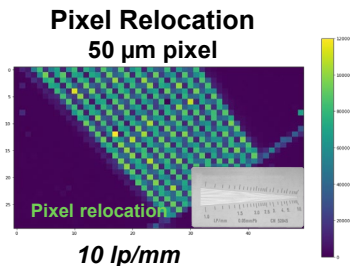
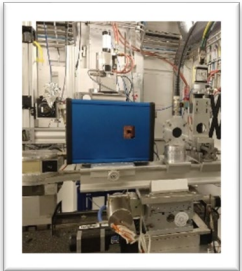
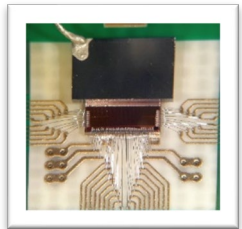


Image of an X-ray
resolution test pattern
(Si sensor, 16 keV)

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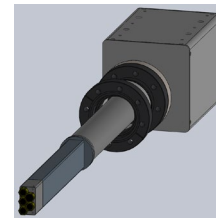
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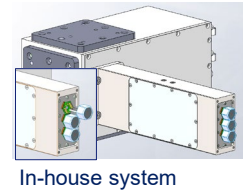
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INTEGRATION AND STUDY OF ENERGY DISPERSIVE DETECTORS

■ Development of compact SDD (Silicon Drift Detector) modules

- ✓ **Optimized modular version** (hexagonal geometry), vacuum-compatible
- ✓ Sensor fabricated by Mirion



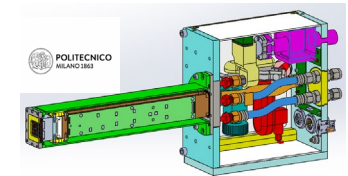
■ Monolithic sensors

✓ Development of two ARDESIA 16-channel optimized with ESRF/Politecnico di Milano:

- ID16a : In vacuum version, integration and design of mechanics
- ID24: Integration of **1mm thick** SDDs sensor, in air

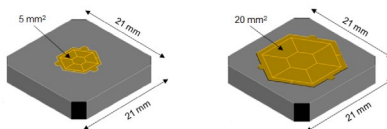


16 × 25mm²
1mm thick SDDs

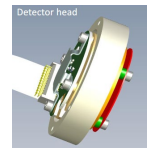
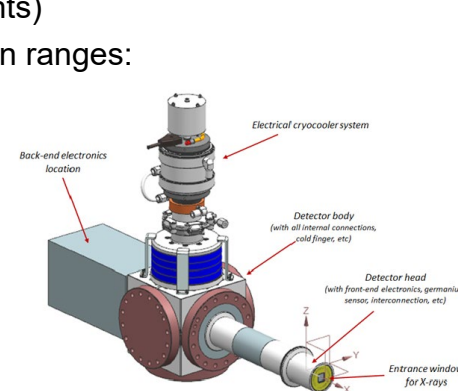


✓ Design a new generation of Germanium detectors for X-ray spectroscopy applications in the energy range 5 keV to 100 keV

- Horizon Europe : 10 partners, Synchrotrons and industrial partners
- Monolithic crystal of 7-element (5mm²/elt and 20mm²/elt variants)
- Custom readout ASICs with 3 gains to optimize performance in ranges:
5-15 keV / 15-37.5 keV / 37.5-100 keV
- DPP: Xpress4



Sensors fabricated, MIRION



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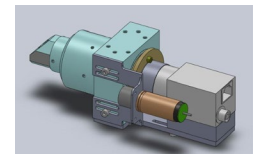
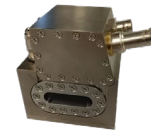
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BEAM INTENSITY AND DIAGNOSTIC

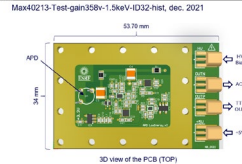
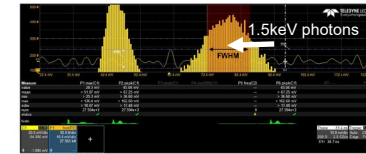
- **“FAST” Ionization Chamber: Development of a high flux version**

- ✓ 5 kV high voltage compatible
- ✓ Adaptive absorption, **Easy maintenance**



- **Extend the energy range of APD system to lower energy:** New preamplifier design

- ✓ Based on MAX40213 amplifier (low-noise device for LiDAR ‘Light Detection and Ranging’)
- ✓ Noise level decreased, to operate at working energy from 0.5keV (~3keV on the actual version)

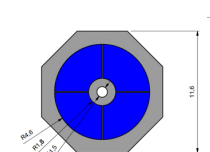


- **Beam viewers:**

- ✓ CCD → CMOS: Evaluation & **upgrade** with new CMOS Ace Basler (acA1440-73gm)
- ✓ Improvement of **spatial resolution** with thin film scintillator

- **Compact 4-quadrant photodiode**

- ✓ Vacuum compatible
- ✓ Sensor fabricated by Mirion



60mm² (4 × 15mm²)
Ø 1.5mm aperture



21mm × 14mm



Nahel BELGHERZE
Analog electronic
Frelon



Paolo BUSCA
Frelon
Xider



Elia CHINCHIO
Ipool



Cédric COHEN
Energy Dispersive Det.
LEAPS



Emmanuel COLLET
Frelon
Smartpix



Paul-Antoine DOUISSARD
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Christophe JARNIAS
Opto-mechanics
Indirect detection



Menyhert KOCSIS
Team Head
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Thierry MARTIN
Unit Head
Diagnostic



Eric MATHIEU
Mechanics
Diagnostic



Julien MATHIEU
LPE, Polishing
Scintillators



Leila NIONGUI
Physical measurement



Kristof PAUWEL
Indirect detection
Citius



Marie RUAT
HPD-Dectris
SC sensor

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION