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EP&S DIVISION TECHNICAL NOTE

No. 59

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MESB Design Notes: I. Tolerances on the Uniformity
of $\int B d\ell$ in D1 and D2.

ABSTRACT- It is found that $\int B d\ell$ in D1 must be uniform within 0.2% over a 10-inch region up to 6.6 GeV/c (15.4 KG) and within 0.2% over an 8" region from 6.6 to 9.3 GeV/c (21.8 KG), in order to hold aberrations in the y coordinate at the mass slit to a tolerable level. D2 is less critical since there is a nearby sextupole in the beam to use for correction, if an extra power supply can be found for it.

~~MESB Notes~~

~~Absorptions at mass slit due to D1 + D2~~

Theory

If ~~the~~ $\int B dl$ of a bending magnet has a quadratic variation with x (horizontal coordinate):

$$\int B dl = A_0 \left(1 + \frac{\epsilon x^2}{x_0^2} \right) \quad (1)$$

where ϵ is the fractional change in $\int B dl$ at $x = x_0$, then the fringe focusing in the vertical plane has an x -dependence given by:

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{\alpha^2}{L} \left(1 + \frac{2L\epsilon x}{\alpha x_0^2} \right)$$

where α = bend angle (radians), L = length. We care only about the variation about the central value:

$$\Delta \frac{1}{f} = \alpha \epsilon \frac{2x}{x_0^2} \quad (2)$$

(For reference, I note that such an aberration can be simulated by a sextupole magnet in various beam programs. In particular, Fox's program ~~from~~ BEAM has the sextupole focal lengths in the form

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{G}{1313 P} 2x \quad (\text{units: KG/inch, inches, GeV/c})$$

where G is the sextupole "gradient". Since $\alpha = \int B dl / 1313 P$,

(1) M.L. Good, ANL-6611 (1962); C.T. Murphy, U. of Mich. Bufile Chamber Note 42/65 (1965)

where B is the bending ~~mag~~ magnet field,

$$\epsilon = \frac{\epsilon}{x_0^2} \int B dl \quad (3)$$

~~gives~~ gives a relationship between a measured, ϵ ^{value of ϵ} and the input "gradient" value which simulates the effect.)

The variation in f , Eq. (2), induces a variation in $y'_b = dy/dz$ at the bending magnet:

$$\Delta y'_b = y_b \Delta \left(\frac{1}{f} \right)$$

which may be related to the effective target ~~b~~ broadening, Δy_t by

$$\Delta y_t = b \Delta y'_b \quad (4)$$

where b is the "upper right hand corner" element of the transfer matrix, T_{tb} , from the target to the bending magnet:

$$T_{tb} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$$

Let $y'_t =$ angle of a ray at the target. Then $y_b = b y'_t$.
Eq. (4) can ^{then} be written in ^a number of forms:

$$\Delta y_t = b^2 y'_t \Delta \left(\frac{1}{f} \right) = \frac{y_b}{y'_t} \Delta \left(\frac{1}{f} \right) = b y_b \Delta \left(\frac{1}{f} \right) \quad (5)$$

This may be related to the broadening at ^{the mass slit} (the first focus), Δy_m , and the slope at the mass slit, y'_m , by multiplying by the magnification (and note $y'_m = y'_t / m_v$):

(3)

$$\Delta y_m = b_{m_v}^2 \frac{y'_m}{y_m} \frac{\alpha \epsilon 2x_b}{x_0^2} \quad (6)$$

Summarizing the notation, Δy_m is the change of position of a ray at the mass slit which has slope y'_m and which passed through the bending magnet at x_b ; b_{m_v} is the transfer matrix element defined in Eq. (4); m_v is the magnification, y'_m/y_m ; α is the bend angle (radians); x_0 is the position in the bending magnet where $|B|$ differs by the fraction ϵ from its central value.

Data and examples

Table I shows input data for Eq. (6) for 5 modes of MESB. The value of $x_{b \max}$ includes half of the total sagitta (1.4") of the beam in D1 and D2. The bend angle, α , is $8^\circ = 0.14$ rad in all cases. The K- π separation listed for each mode is the separation at the nominal momentum limit of that mode, i.e., the momentum at which the K- π separation is twice the geometrical image width (except mode 4W, where the ratio is 1.5). (These momenta are 4, 6, and 6.6 GeV/c for modes 1, 3, and 4, respectively.) Values of $(\Delta y_m)_{\max}$ are listed under the assumption that $\epsilon = 0.2\%$ at $x_0 = 5''$, an apparently arbitrary case. In fact, this represents case is the maximum tolerable non-uniformity^{in D1}, as will be

(4)

shown in the next section. The ratio of $(\Delta y_m)_{\max}$ to the $K-\pi$ separation is also listed and is 0.81 for mode ~~4W~~ ^{4W} and slightly less for other modes, ~~Thus mode 4W is the mode most sensitive to~~ considering only D1.

The same ratio is, ^{usually} considerably smaller for D2. ~~Furthermore~~ Furthermore, D2 has a nearby sextupole magnet which can be used to correct the aberration. Therefore D2 is of no concern, unless it has aberrations ~~which are very large in~~ which are of higher order than sextupole and are very large.

A criterion for maximum allowable non-uniformity in D1

As can be seen from Eq. (6), the non-uniformity of D1 will produce a phase space plot, ^{for pions} at the mass slit which has the qualitative appearance of Fig. 1 (ignoring all other aberrations).

Fig. 1

~~This ~~eye~~ shape is reminiscent of the ~~shape~~ that of the chromatic aberration~~

This shape is qualitatively the same as that ~~is~~ shown in Fig. 15 of EP&S 72-1, a shape which results from the unremovable chromatic aberrations.

The mass slit has been shaped to as to roughly cover this shape (see separate report).

Thus a reasonable criterion for the maximum acceptable non-uniformity in D1 ~~is~~ seems to be that the aberration be no worse than ~~chrom~~ the chromatic aberration. Comparing $\Delta y_{\max}$ (line 8, Table I) with $\Delta y_{\max}$, chromatic (line 4) we see that the criterion is met for mode 3 and slightly exceeded for modes 1 and 4. To be more exact, I display in Figs. 2 and 3 the actual phase space plots for modes 1E and 4W. Fig. (a) shows the shape derived from the Monte Carlo in BEAM, including chromatic aberration but assumed no aberration from D1. In the Monte Carlo, a 4" target was assumed; the momentum bites were ~~2~~ 3% for mode 1 and 1½% for mode 4. The effective shape of the mass slit is shown as a dotted line (assuming that the mass slit is 40" long and has a slope of 0.6 mrad). Fig. (b) shows the phase space derived from Eq. (6) with $\epsilon = 0.2\%$ at $x_0 = 5"$, i.e., resulting from D1 aberrations alone. The mass slit is supposed to

(6)

intercept any pion to the right of the dotted line. We see that Mode 1E is predicted to have some leak through. However, these hand-calculated phase spaces cannot be taken literally, since chromatic effects and clipping by collimators has been ignored. Hence Monte Carlos were run with a sextupole added at the end of D1, with G given by $\Sigma q_i (3)$ ($\epsilon = 0.2\%$, $x_0 = 5''$). The resulting phase space plots (computer print out) are shown in Fig. 4; both chromatic and D1 aberrations are now correctly included. The number of ~~particles~~ π 's which leak thru the mass slit is $\approx 1\%$ or less.

Details: Momentum dependence and the sagitta question

The criterion that $\epsilon = 0.2\%$ at $\pm 5''$ is dictated by modes 1 and 4. Mode 1 is supposed to ~~work up to 6 GeV ($\bar{p}$'s)~~ to separate $\bar{p}$'s up to 6 GeV/c; Mode 4 is supposed to make a cleaner K beam at 6 GeV/c (with a loss of flux), or perhaps can be used to extend the momentum limit for K^- to 6.6 GeV/c. (15.4 KG).

Above 6.6 GeV/c, neither mode 1 nor mode 4 will be used to separate masses. Mode 3 will be adequate to separate π^+ from p up to the momentum limit of 9.3 GeV/c. If anybody tries to separate $\bar{p}$ from π^- at 9 GeV/c, the loss of flux caused by switching to mode 4 is intolerable.

Thus we can demand that above 6.6 GeV/c, the D1 non-uniformity must satisfy mode 3, which has a looser tolerance (see Table I). For equal chromatic and D1 aberrations, one can allow $\epsilon \leq 0.32\%$ at ~~$x_0 = 5''$~~ $x_0 = 5''$; since only $\pm 4''$ are used in mode 3, this criterion is better stated as $\epsilon \leq 0.20\%$ at $x_0 = \pm 4''$.

~~If these criteria cannot be met without the addition of pole face windings~~ under this condition the ~~situation~~ phase space plots for mode 3W are shown in Figs. 5(a) ~~plot~~ (Monte Carlo, no D1 aberration), and 5(b) (hand calculation of aberrated D1), and 6 (Monte Carlo including chromatic and D1 aberration).

The maximum x -values assumed included and exth $0.7''$ in all modes, corresponding to the half sagitta of the path of the particle through D1. If a curved SBD coil is used, or if a model can be used to calculate SBD along curved paths, the tolerances are loosened slightly: at 6.6 GeV/c, $\epsilon \leq .18\%$ at $x = \pm 4.5''$; at 9.3 GeV/c, $\epsilon \leq .18\%$ at $x_0 = \pm 3.5''$.

If these tolerances cannot be achieved without the addition of pole face windings, it would of course be desirable to design the windings to achieve ϵ values about one-half as large as those stated above.

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 D. Berley E. Willen
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(8)

Table I - Aberrations from non-uniformities
in SBD for D1 & D2

	Mode				
	1W (MPS)	1E	3W	3E	4W
m_v	2.13	2.41	0.62	0.61	1.00
$y'_m \text{ max}$	1.8 mr	1.6	1.9	1.9	1.2
K- π separation	0.17"	0.19"	0.049"	0.049"	0.060"
Δy_{max} , chromatic	0.09"	0.71	0.040	0.042	0.040
<u>At D1:</u>					
b	340"	325	645	620	645
$x_{\text{max}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{includes} \\ \frac{1}{2} \text{ sagitta} \end{array} \right\}$	5.3"	5.2	4.2	4.0	4.1
$(L_{im} x_0^2 / \epsilon)_{\text{max}}^*$	1400 in ³	1440	320	305	540
$\Delta y_m \text{ max}$	0.11"	0.12	0.025	0.024	0.044
$\Delta y_m \text{ max} / K-\pi \text{ sep.}$	0.65	0.64	0.51	0.49	0.73
<u>At D2:</u>					
b	200"	163"	520	645	372
x_{max}	4.7"	3.7	3.3	1.8	2.3
$(\Delta y_m x_0^2 / \epsilon)_{\text{max}}^*$	1500 in ³	260	175	190	105
$\Delta y_m \text{ max}$	0.12"	0.02"	0.014	.008	.0085
$\Delta y_m \text{ max} / K-\pi \text{ sep.}$	0.70	.10	.29	.16	.14
* if $\epsilon = \frac{1}{5}\%$ at $x_0 = .5"$					

(9)

(a)

(b)

Fig.2 - Mode I E phase spaces, and mass slit projection at the mass slit.

(a)

(b)

Fig. 3 - Mode 4 W phase spaces and mass slit projections

Mode E 1

(11)

ASS	XMAX	DXMAX	YMAX	DYMAX	K1	K2	K3	K4	X1	DX1	Y1	DY1					
4.00000	.10000	.23769	.00228	3	5	3	4	.001	.02000	.020	.00380						
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2					
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	11	2	0	17					
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	9	6	1	31					
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	7	12	16	9	63					
0	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	8	19	19	5	81					
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	9	8	28	23	117					
0	0	0	0	0	1	6	10	14	19	27	20	138					
0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	4	13	16	27	141					
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	7	8	21	25	145					
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	10	28	24	124					
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	6	26	22	106					
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	7	20	29	126					
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	11	18	92					
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	19	75					
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	8	15	56					
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	2	4	5	39					
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	3	2	22					
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	1	9					
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	5	22	61	78	164	262	291	271	226	.888 = UP/TOTAL
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	1	7	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	5	8	6	7	2	3	37	
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	6	9	9	7	7	13	4	8	64	
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	6	6	15	19	23	19	12	15	118	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	10	13	14	15	20	19	11	109	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	6	6	17	25	26	23	17	122	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	8	26	35	21	9	104	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	19	29	31	27	21	130	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	31	26	29	20	118	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	15	23	27	34	104	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	17	25	28	22	105	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	5	11	23	20	32	26		121	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	3	9	13	19	21	14		86	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	5	9	14	16	10	16		76	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	4	7	7	8	9	8	49	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	4	8	2	5	0	26	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	7	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	5	22	61	78	164	262	291	271	225	.888 = UP/TOTAL
93 (CENTRAL RAY Y)/WAIST= 1.125 YMAX,YMIN= .313 .120 YMIN/GEOM.IMAGE HT :																	
TO MASS= .370 NTHIT= 3192 KILLK= 334 NK= 1474 KOUT/KIN= .815 NPI= 900																	
TR 0 9 22 39 56 75 92 126 106 124 145 141 138 117 81 63																	
AM																	
Q2 D1 SEXD DRF1 Q3 ENTR SEP1 WALL STOP SEP2 EXIT																	
0 0 0 0 16 84 0 7 16 165 70 403																	
SEX1 PLIM SEX2 DRF4 D2 DD2 Q6 MASS																	
0 0 1250 0 0 31 0 0 415 45 0 425																	
MESB, MODE E1 ** 1 ** **SMALL BENDS, DATE= 03/28/73																	

Fig. 4 (a)

S JPRINT XMAX DXMAX YMAX DYMAX K1 K2 K3 K4 X1 DX1 Y1
 MASS MASS 4,00000 ,10000 ,09975 ,00144 3 5 3 4 ,001 ,02000 ,020

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	3	1	1	0	8
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	4	4	5	4	2	3	31
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	5	12	9	10	6	2	6	56
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	9	7	12	21	13	7	4	87
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	15	24	21	23	10	7	130
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	13	24	45	19	9	7	141
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	7	18	36	44	40	24	10	10	193
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	7	18	41	50	39	31	16	2	209
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	8	17	37	41	37	41	21	14	219
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	7	7	19	27	58	47	41	23	11	244
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	4	13	34	46	46	37	22	11	219
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	5	15	30	38	42	38	25	12	208
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	5	19	27	52	35	36	27	7	211
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	10	25	33	35	26	14	6	154
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	13	16	30	35	30	19	7	155
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	3	6	19	21	24	18	20	6	121
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	2	13	17	15	19	8	3	82
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	10	14	9	10	10	5	64
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	8	5	7	2	1	3	28
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	1	0	6
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	18	40	73	199	403	549	484	419	248	124	,611 =
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	5	2	5	7	5	9	4	41
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	4	9	20	19	31	18	18	15	8	148
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	12	8	20	24	25	19	19	18	154
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	7	13	23	35	13	16	11	11	137
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	9	22	25	39	25	29	24	9	186
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	16	24	40	21	27	13	8	155
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	30	39	35	33	18	2	172
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	29	41	45	37	10	0	172
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	49	37	35	48	8	0	181
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	41	35	48	36	8	0	171
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	28	40	42	36	10	2	164
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	12	21	62	44	27	15	9	191
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	10	26	33	33	23	24	7	162
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	7	19	16	22	36	26	20	11	162
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	6	16	21	32	21	24	19	14	158
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	8	6	14	19	24	27	13	19	18	153
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	3	2	8	10	10	9	2	6	3	58
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	18	40	73	199	403	549	484	419	248	124	,507 =

1% lead thru

= ,048 (CENTRAL RAY Y)/WAIST= 1,253 YMAX,YMIN= ,085 ,036 YMIN/GEOM,IN
 MISSION TO MASS= ,540 NTHIT= 2345 KILLK= 1291 NK= 1364 KOUT/KIN= ,514 NPI= 6700
 TUM DISTR 6 28 64 82 121 155 154 211 208 219 244 219 209 193 1
 S IN BEAM
 RT Q1 83 Q2 0 D1 0 SEXD 0 DRF1 0 Q3 0 ENTR 37 SEP1 0 WALL 0 STOP 0 SEP2 122
 74 0 SEXT 0 PLIM 0 DR64 0 DRF3 0 D2 0 DD2 0 Q6 0 DRF4 0 MAS2 0 MAS3 89
 0
 B E A M MPS 4** 4 ** DATE= 03/

Fig. 4 (b)

Mode 4 W

Fig. 5. Mode 3W phase space plots

JPRINT	XMAX	DXMAX	YMAX	DYMAX	K1	K2	K3	K4	X1	DX1	Y1																												
MASS	MASS	4,00000	,10000	,06169	,00233	3	5	3	4	,001	,02000	,020																											
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	2	8																						
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	3	1	2	4	9	7	6	7	45																					
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	2	2	1	7	10	8	9	20	11	78																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	4	0	2	5	8	7	21	20	15	13	97																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	6	5	9	23	25	27	21	28	148																				
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	3	5	9	13	16	30	33	34	24	171																				
0	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	3	1	2	9	10	12	24	38	34	35	26	199																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	2	4	6	12	13	18	41	30	37	31	199																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	4	6	8	11	20	28	32	27	33	173																				
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	4	4	6	6	12	20	19	47	29	36	186																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	4	3	6	8	10	33	34	31	32	166																				
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	2	7	11	14	23	36	29	34	159																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	4	11	10	24	27	39	39	28	186																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	5	6	10	13	26	34	34	32	165																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	4	3	11	11	25	28	39	35	161																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	2	1	6	9	14	23	22	33	19	134																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	5	5	5	21	24	24	32	118																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	6	11	9	18	18	16	82																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	9	13	10	15	8	57																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	3	1	2	0	4	13																				
0	0	0	0	3	3	5	11	19	38	34	69	103	158	257	420	488	486	451	,672 =																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	2	3	1	6	0	17																				
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	2	6	7	7	8	11	16	14	20	15	14	126																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	6	10	5	9	17	12	20	14	16	20	15	147																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	4	5	12	9	14	21	17	22	13	14	135																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	7	14	19	29	27	20	22	23	168																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	11	16	24	26	34	29	29	173																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	9	20	40	37	34	32	176																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	17	42	47	60	43	212																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	55	62	49	62	232																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	36	43	54	43	178																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	16	37	39	46	48	191																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	7	17	25	51	49	39	191																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	6	9	18	25	24	23	17	130																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	7	9	19	19	14	28	22	24	149																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	4	4	8	15	14	23	22	18	26	137																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	7	1	8	9	12	12	16	15	16	15	116																				
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	3	2	2	2	6	7	6	6	7	10	7	64																				
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3																				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																				
0	0	0	0	3	3	5	11	19	38	34	69	103	158	257	420	488	486	451	,592 =																				
.040 (CENTRAL RAY Y)/WAIST=												1,332 YMAX,YMIN=		,073		,033 YMIN/GEOM,I																							
MISSION TO MASS=												,690 NTHIT=		1590 KILLK=		700 NK=		2710 KOUT/KIN=		,795 NPI=		11300																	
UM DISTR												13		57		82		118		134		161		165		186		159		166		186		173		199		199	
IN BEAM																																							
T	Q1	Q2	D1	SEXD	DRF1	Q3	SEP1	WALL	SEP2	EXIT																													
	73	87	0	0	0	0	1	34	639	132	79																												
1	PLIM	SEX2	DRF3	D2	DD2	Q6				MASS																													
	9	452	0	0	0	10	13	0	0	865																													
MESB, MODE MPS 3 ** 3 **												CRAM IT AL IN 12 INCH TARGET												DATE= 03															

Fig. 6