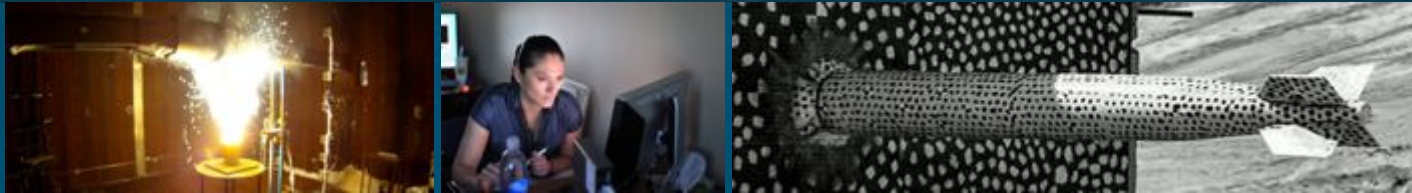


SST-Explorer

Enabling System-level Performance and Reliability Analysis for Designs with Real-World IPs

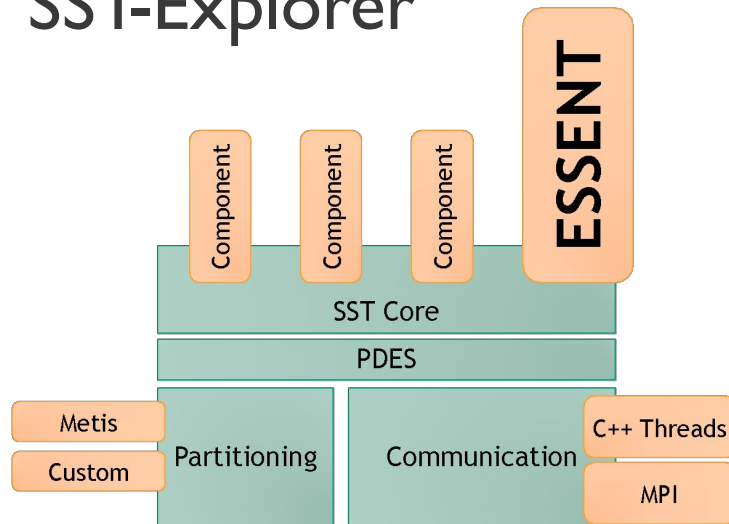
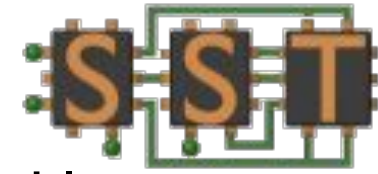


NC STATE UNIVERSITY

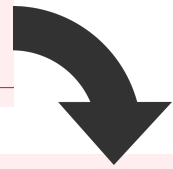
Arun Rodrigues, Amro Awad, Clayton Hughes, Sapan Agarwal, Michael Skoufis,
Gwen Voskuilen, Shubham Nema, Rohin Razdan, Alan Gardner, Scott Hemmert, and
Simon D. Hammond

PRESENTED BY

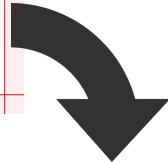
Arun Rodrigues



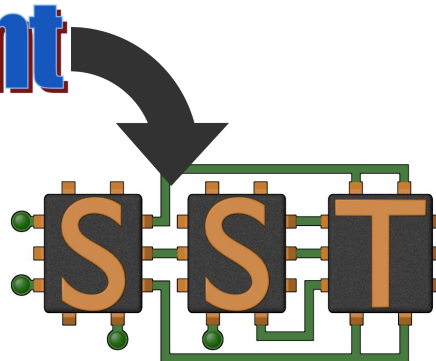
CHISEL



FIRRTL



essent



- SST: Parallel, Open, Multi-scale, Interoperable
 - SST Core framework: PDES, utilities and interfaces for simulation components
 - SST Element libraries: Libraries of components that perform the actual simulation
- C++ Models: functional to cycle-accurate
 - Wide range of models for network, processor, memory, etc...
- SST-Explorer Goals
 - Allow mixed-mode simulations that combine RTL-level components and high-level components
 - Explore Reliability with fault injection and tracking



C Simulator

```
#include "uint.h"
```

```
UInt<x> in_sig;  
UInt<x> out_sig;  
UInt<x> sig;
```

```
eval()
```

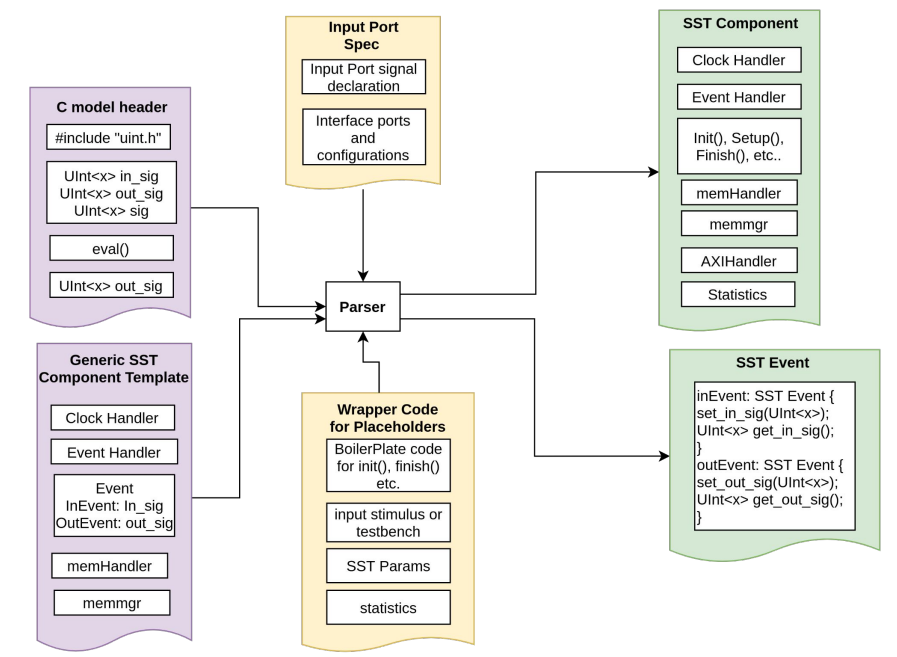
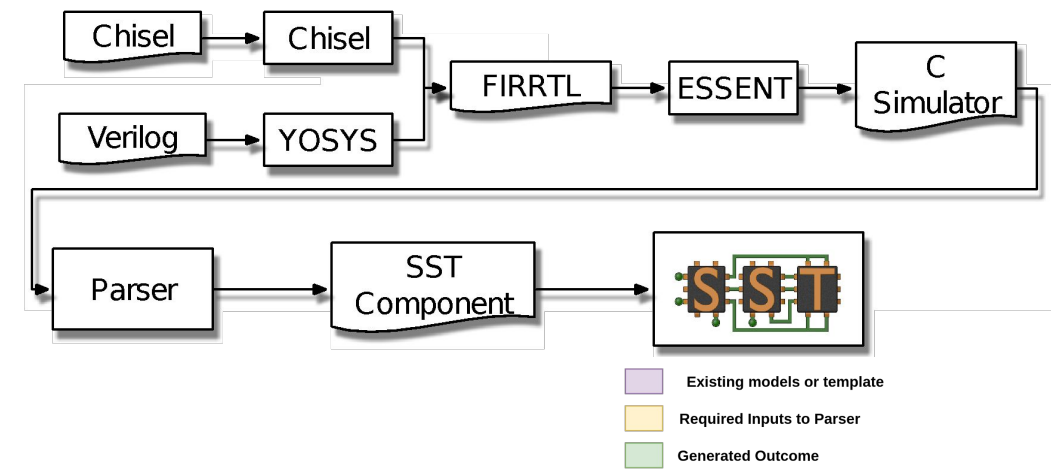
- ESSENT produces output file (.h) includes...
- Headerfile defining basic types (e.g. UInt<T>)
- List of signals (in, out, internal)
- Eval() function which does the actual simulation
- User supplies testbench wrapper code to provide input stimulus

```
module Adder(  
  input    clock,  
  input    reset,  
  input [7:0] io_in0,  
  input [7:0] io_in1,  
  output [7:0] io_out  
);  
  assign io_out = io_in0 +  
  io_in1;  
endmodule
```

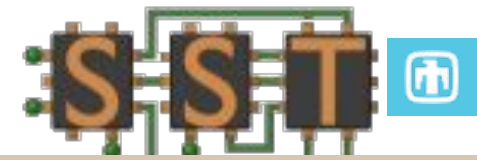
```
#include <uint.h>  
  
typedef struct Adder {  
  UInt<8> io_in0;  
  UInt<8> io_in1;  
  UInt<8> io_out;  
  
  void eval() {  
    UInt<9> _T = io_in0 + io_in1;  
    io_out = _T.tail<1>();  
  }  
} Adder;
```

4 SST/ESSENT: Workflow

- SST-Explorer framework allows a simple workflow which can transform Chisel or Verilog code into an SST component
- SST-Explorer parser reorganizes the C simulator created by ESSENT in to an SST component
 - (optionally) adds fault injection & tracking capabilities
- ESSENT output + Template + user supplied code and port maps → SST Components and Events.
 - Templates: ‘generic’ components, UART-based, or AXI interfaces.
- Use cases
 - Fast high-level models + slow detailed models = improve simulation speed
 - High-level “placeholder” components + low-level components early in design cycle



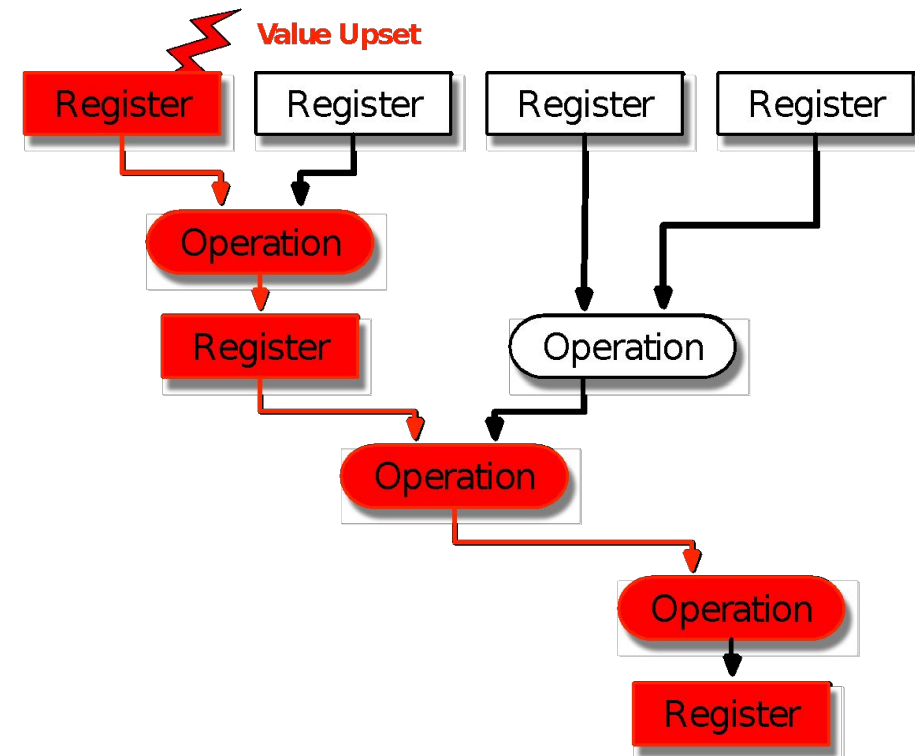
Fault Tracking



- SST-Explorer allows fault injection **and tracking**
- ESSENT Uint<T> and Sint<T> structures replaced
 - New structure stores original data, “faulty” data, and info on inciting upset
 - Operators overloaded so fault information is propagated
 - Faults are tracked and fault corrections are noted
- For each fault
 - Where it started
 - What it affected

```
template <int N>
class Uint {
    Uint_<N> origData; // correct data
    Uint_<N> data; // faulted data

    list<upsetDesc> upsets; // fault track
};
```



6 Fault Corrections & Diagnosis



Other Use Cases

- Detect fault corrections
 - Data struct carries 'correct' value, can determine if math operations restore faulted to correct
 - Useful for determining where faults squashed
- Multi-fault diagnosis
 - Origin of each fault is tracked
 - Can determine which upset (of many) caused fault or error

Summary: SST-Explorer

- RTL models to be integrated with SST
- Fault injection & tracking

