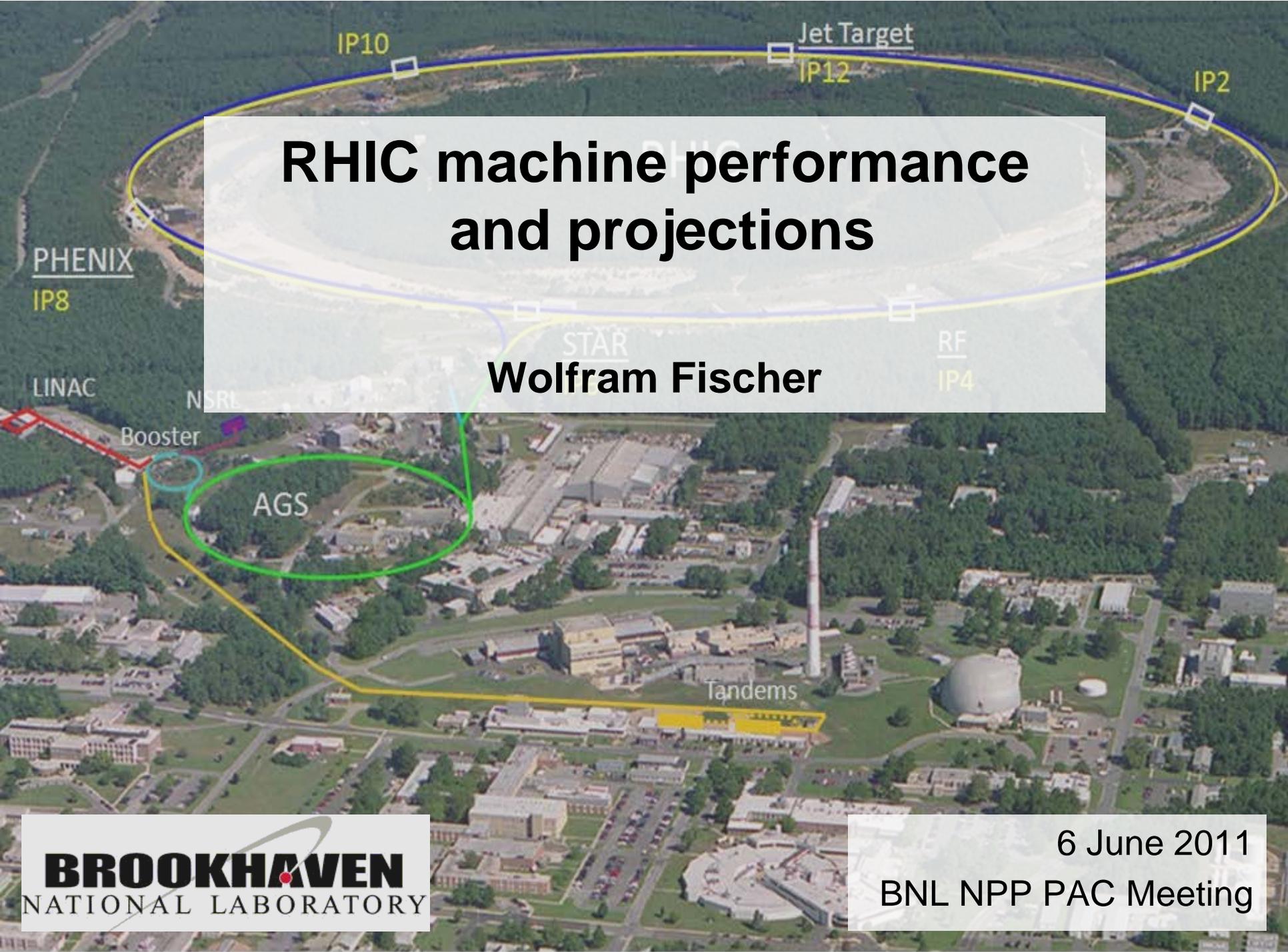


RHIC machine performance and projections

Wolfram Fischer



Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider

1 of 2 ion colliders (other is LHC), only polarized p-p collider

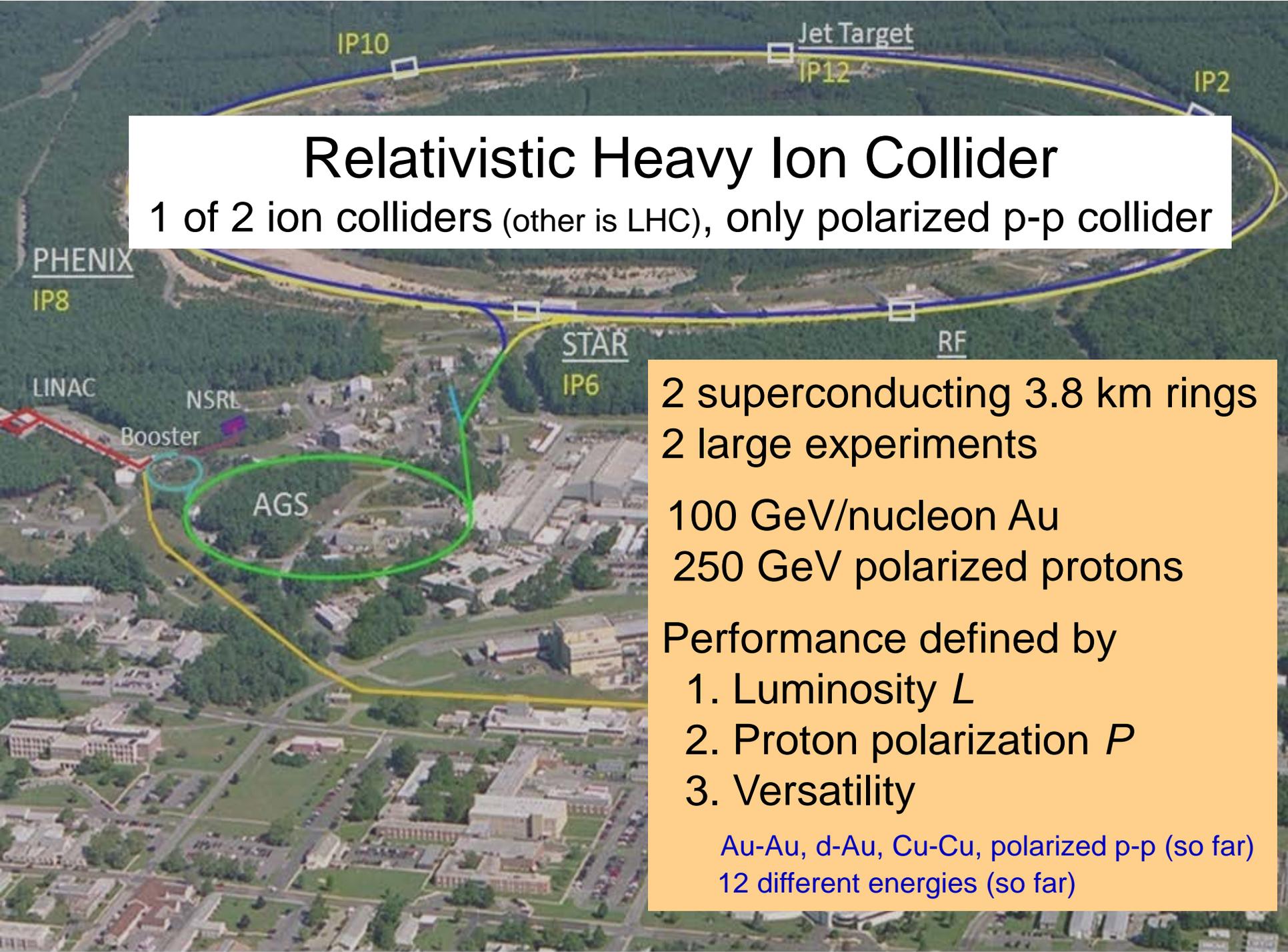
2 superconducting 3.8 km rings
2 large experiments

100 GeV/nucleon Au
250 GeV polarized protons

Performance defined by

1. Luminosity L
2. Proton polarization P
3. Versatility

Au-Au, d-Au, Cu-Cu, polarized p-p (so far)
12 different energies (so far)



Contents

1. Run-11 performance

p^+p^+ at $\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV, impact of A_nDY
Au-Au at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 19.6$ GeV and 200 GeV

2. Main upgrades for Run-12 and Run-13

Au-Au / U-U: EBIS, stochastic cooling
 p^+p^+ : polarized source, electron lenses

3. Further upgrades

56 MHz SRF, lower energy cooling,
energy increase, in-situ beam pipe coating, $^3\text{He}^+$

4. Projections for Run-12 to Run-14

Improvements for polarized protons in Run-11

AGS

- Magnets surveyed and adjusted horizontally ($P+$)
- Horizontal tune jump quads operational (reduced P profiles, $P +5\%$)
- Access Control System rebuild after fire on 11/09/11

RHIC

- Magnets surveyed and adjusted vertically ($P+$)
- New auto-transformer in Blue to reduce flattop-to-ramp MMPS transients (needed for 9 MHz rf, had done Yellow previously) ($P+$)
- Yellow snake installed in sector 9 after repair
- Inserts installed in beam dump (19 pieces, 12.7 cm long), allowed for higher intensity, at limit in Run-9 (Q4 quench without) ($L+$)
- 2 common storage cavities moved to sector 3, 2 more cavities installed => allows for permanent 9 MHz cavity ($L+$)

Main improvements for polarized protons in Run-11

RHIC

- 2 storage cavities permanently converted to 9 MHz, 1 bouncer cavity install in each ring (9 MHz) (*P+*, *L+*)
- Current limit for tq increased from 100 A to 140A IR6 to IR8 (*L+*)
- Collimation on ramp with continuous set point changes (*L+*)
- RHIC CNI polarimeters with new electronics (mitigates rate dependence)
- First H-jet polarization measurement at injection

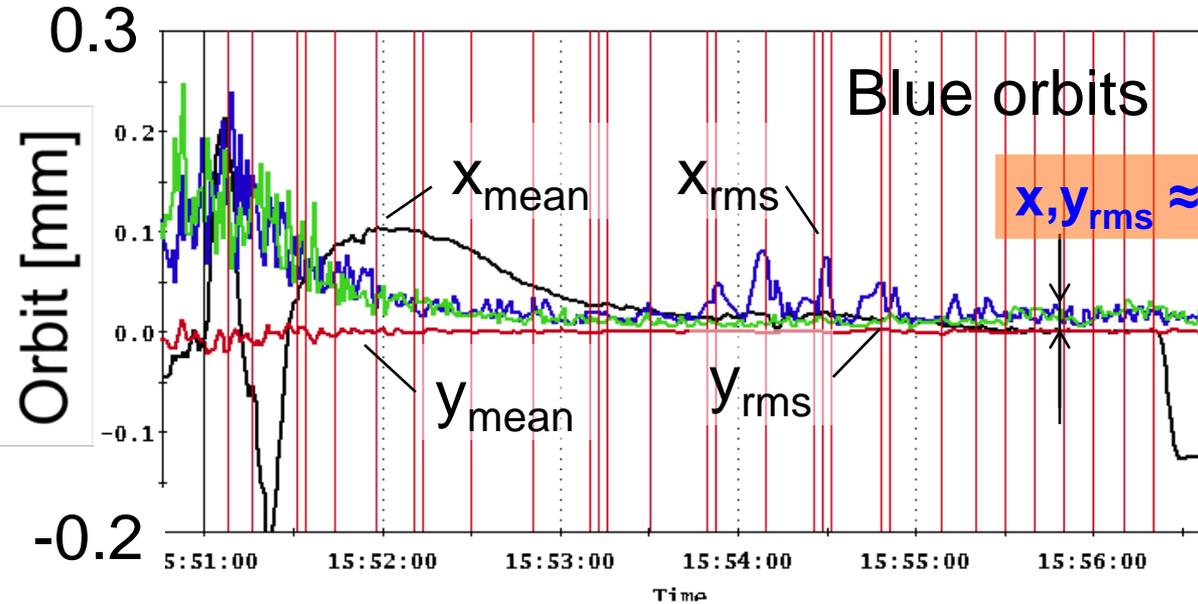
RHIC beam and optics control

- All ramps with orbit, tune, and coupling feedback (*P+*, *L+*)
- Ramps $Q_v = 0.673$ (near low order resonance) (*P+*)
- Radial loop control via all BPMs (previously only 2) (*P+*, *L+*)
- Octupoles on ramp to suppress instabilities (*L+*)
- Operational use of 10 Hz orbit feedback in store (*L+*)
- First use of beta-beat correction in operation (*L+*)

Beam control improvement – feedbacks on ramp

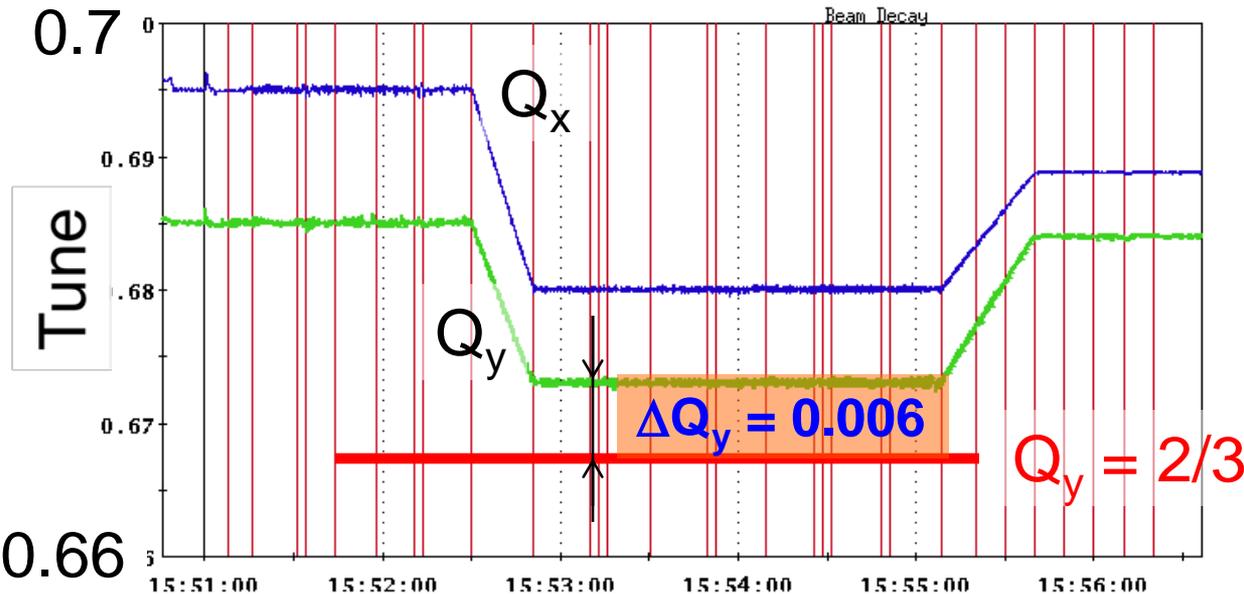
M. Minty,

A. Marusic et al.



Orbit feedback on every ramp allows for

- Smaller y_{rms} (smaller imperfection resonance strength)
- Ramp reproducibility (have 24 h orbit variation)

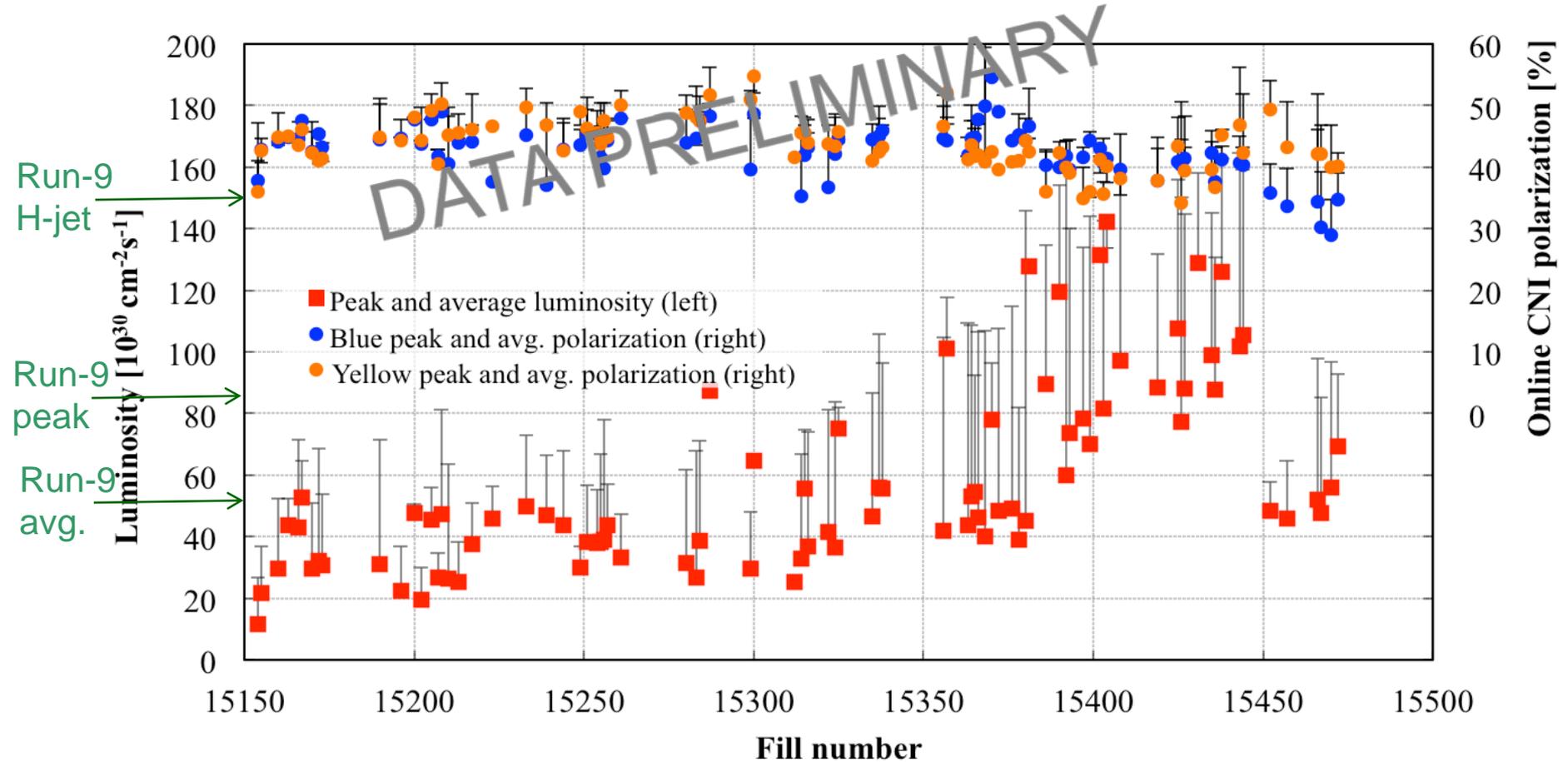


Tune/coupling feedback on every ramp allows for

- Acceleration near $Q_y = 2/3$ (better P transmission compared to higher tune)

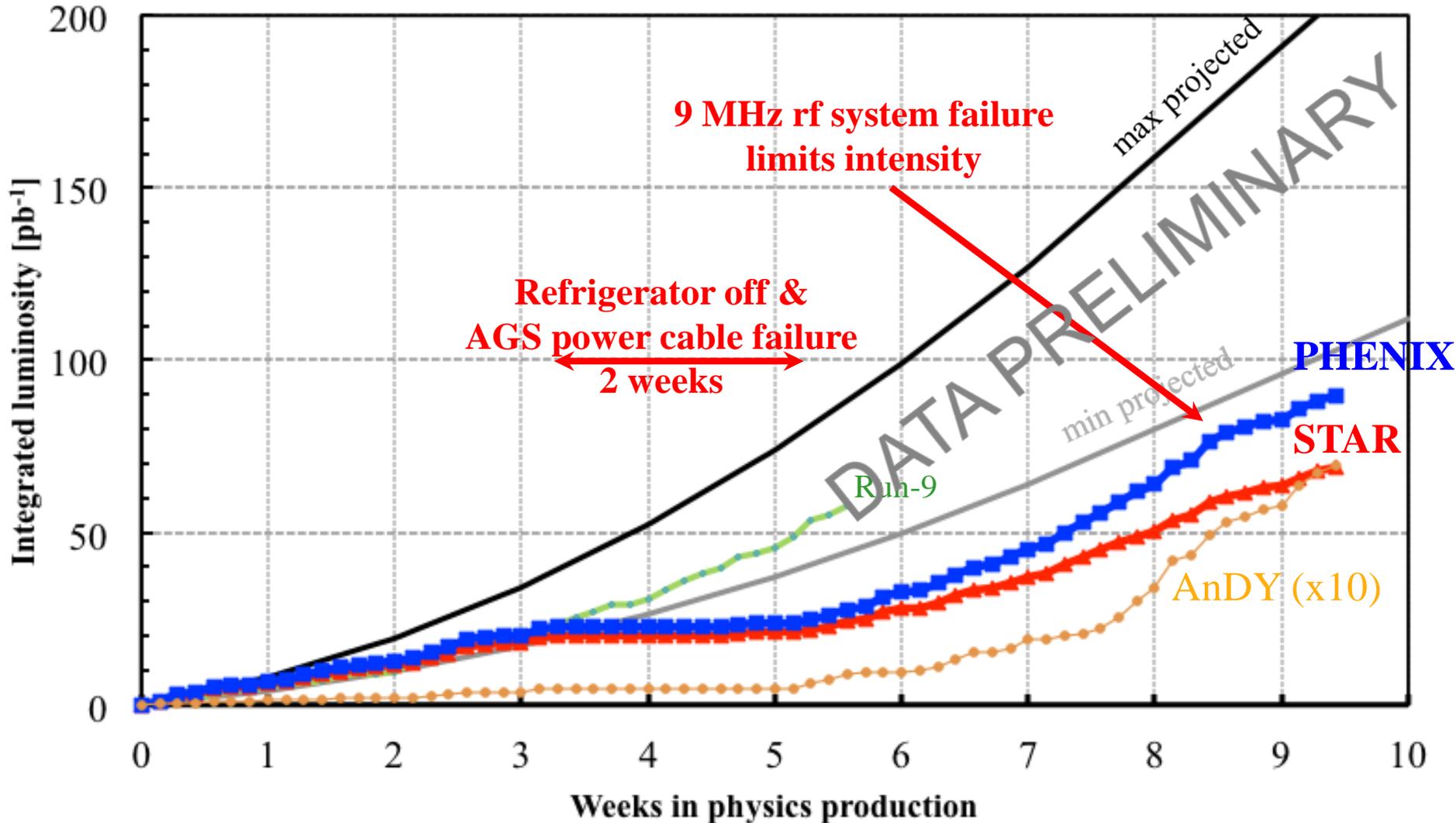
Run-11 250 GeV store overview – polarization and luminosity

Run Coordinator: Haixin Huang

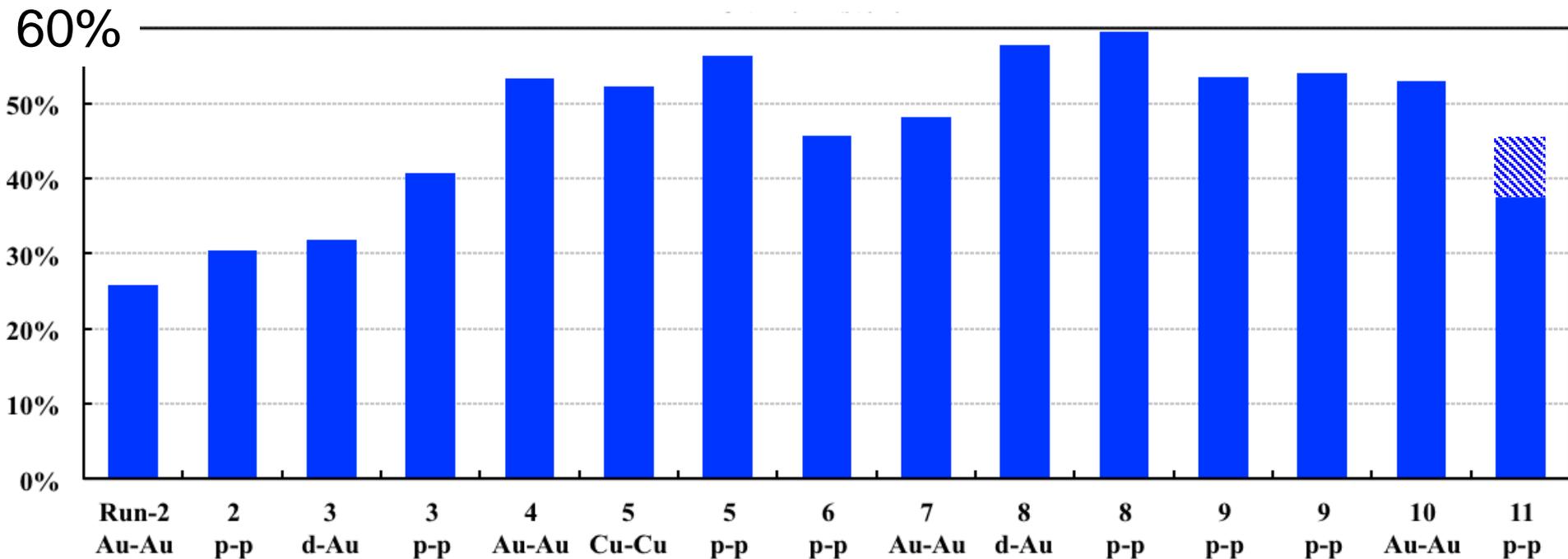


Run-11 polarized proton luminosity $\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV

Run Coordinator: Haixin Huang



RHIC time-in-store history (% of calendar time)



Time-in-store lower than in previous runs

- No common reason identified for reduced time-in-store
- Increase in MTTR (Mean Time To Repair), PS overall about the same as Run-9
- 2 largest events (refrigerator off, AGS power cable) account for 9%
- Effect on performance stronger than linear (scheduling difficult, less time for implementation of improvements, more time re-establishing machine)

Unusual events in 250 GeV polarized proton Run-11

- Total of 6 snow days during start-up (>20 h excused time in January), delayed physics by about ½ week
- Fast emittance growth in Blue ring (intermittently observed in 2007 and 2009, tracked down to loose wire in dump kicker thyatron module B), delayed physics by about ½ week
- Breaker trip on 03/07/11 leads to refrigerator shut-off and helium venting in 2:00 and 6:00 service buildings, loss of about 3.5 tons of He, after repair encounter difficulties in purchasing replacement He, operation re-established on 03/17/11 – 219h downtime
- Power cable failure shut-down most of AGS equipment and part of building 911 – 78h downtime
- New 9 MHz RF system breaks 1 week before run end (current shield for bellows failing leading to overheating), luminosity cut in half

Polarization in Run-11 (analysis still ongoing)

Store polarization as measured by H-jet (measures $\langle P \rangle$): 46% in Run-10 vs. 35% in Run-9

(polarization has a profile, max. polarization in center is up to 65%)

- AGS horizontal tune jump system operational
tested in Run-9, $P +5\%$ with high intensity
- Acceleration near $Q_v = 2/3$ in RHIC
measured P transmission as function of Q_v in Run-9, tested ramp with Au in Run-10, simulated differences between Au and p ramp last summer
- Vertical orbit control on ramp
20 μm measured orbit rms late in ramp – real rms depends on BPM offsets
- First H-jet measurement at injection

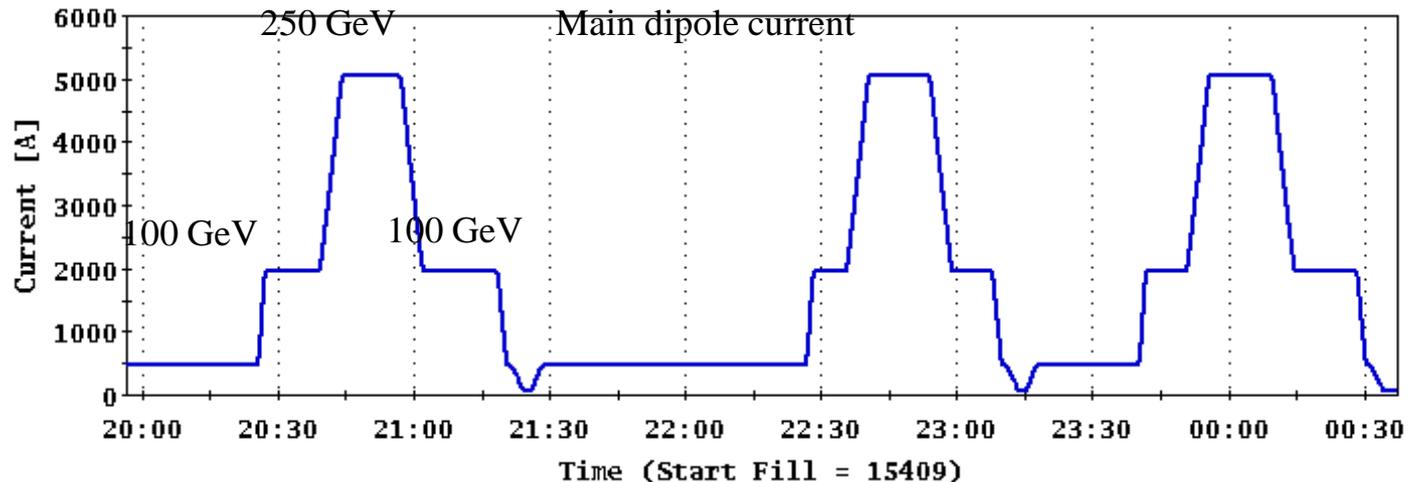
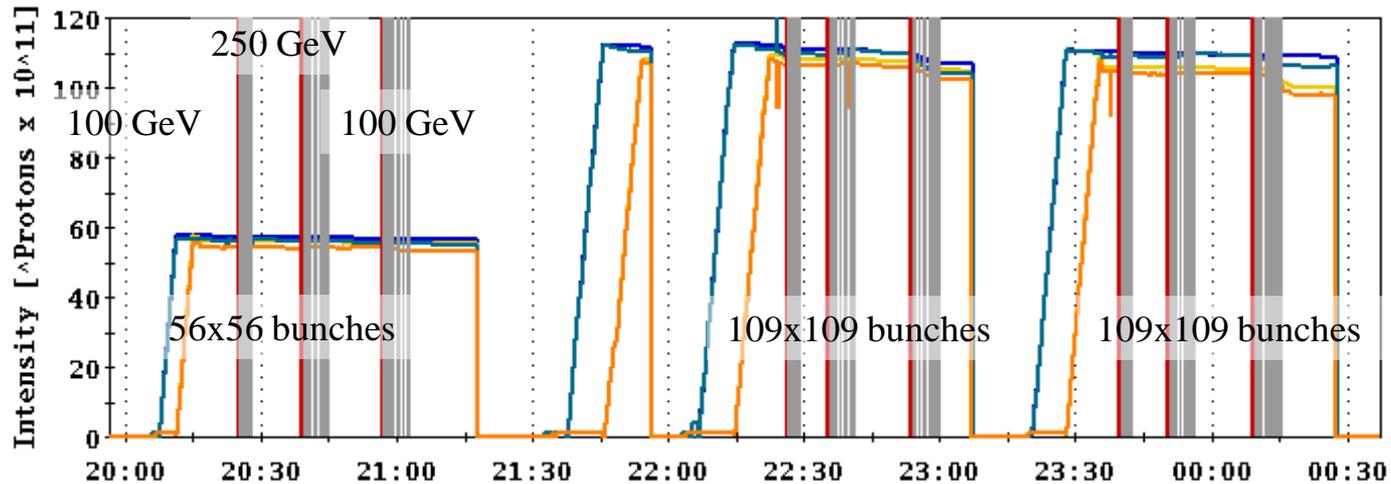
Possible incremental improvements for next run

- Changes in source/LEBT/MEBT
- Smaller emittance growth (less P profile in AGS and RHIC)
- Small change in store energy in RHIC (P lifetime reduction)

Up/down ramp with polarized protons in Run-11

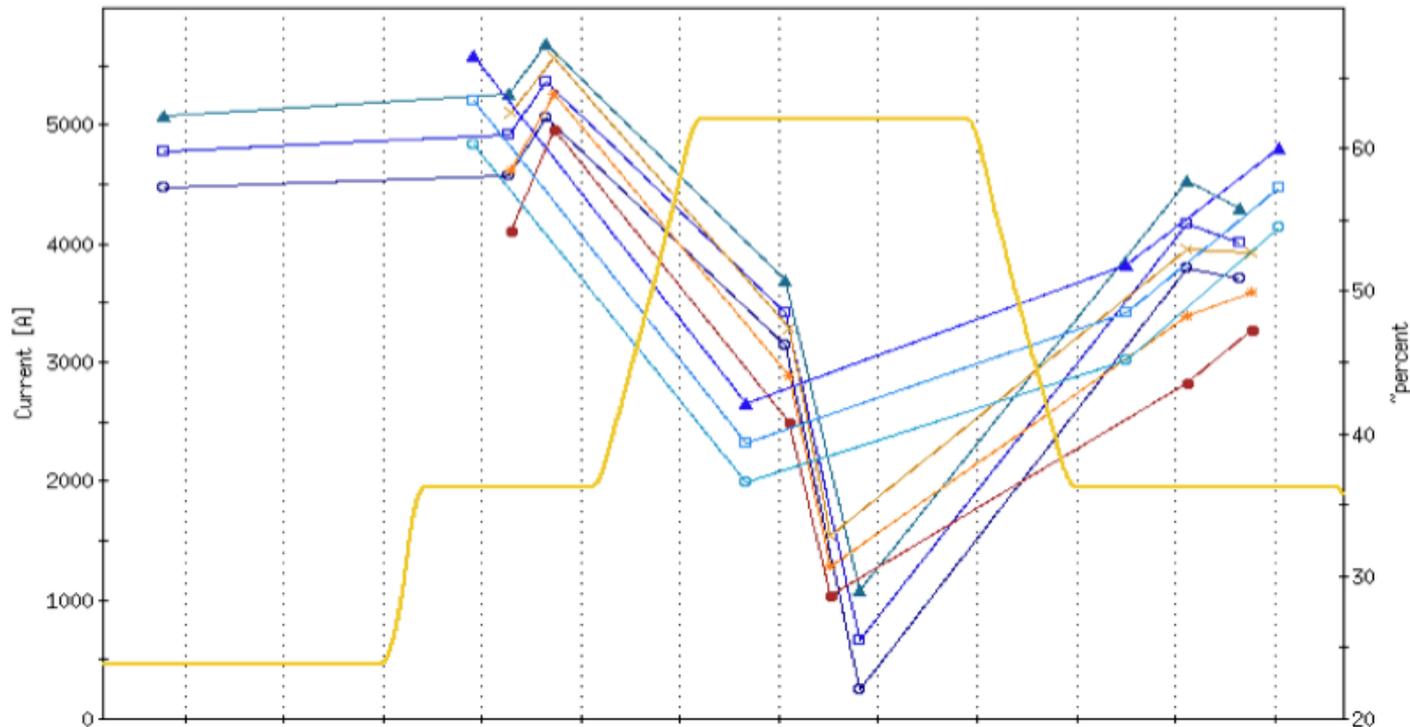
Another measurement of the store polarization

Setup and 3 up and down ramps with up to 109x109 bunches in only 2 shifts
(simultaneous orbit/tune/coupling/chromaticity feedback essential)



Up/down ramp with polarized protons in Run-11

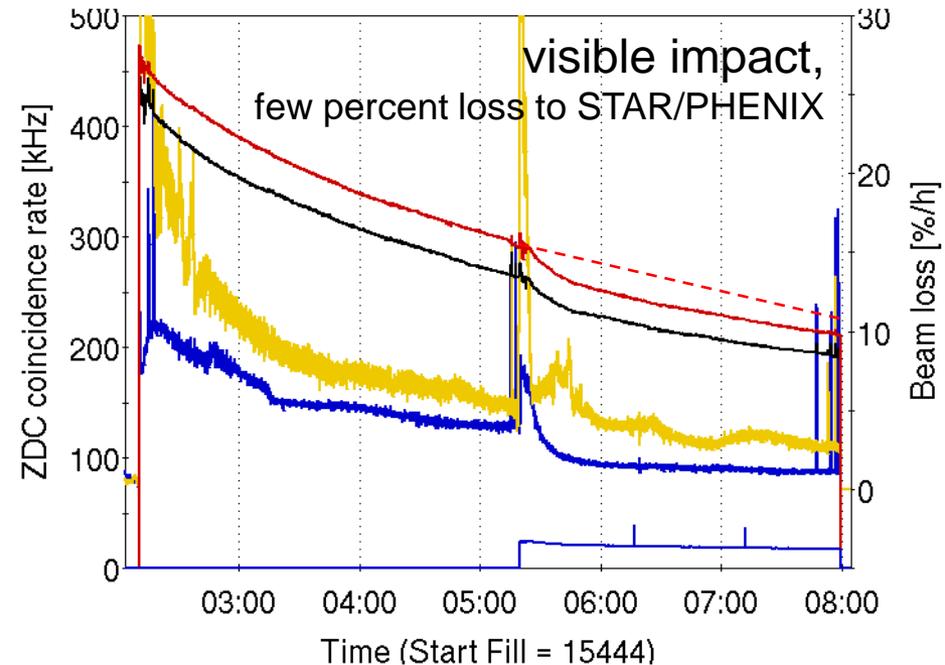
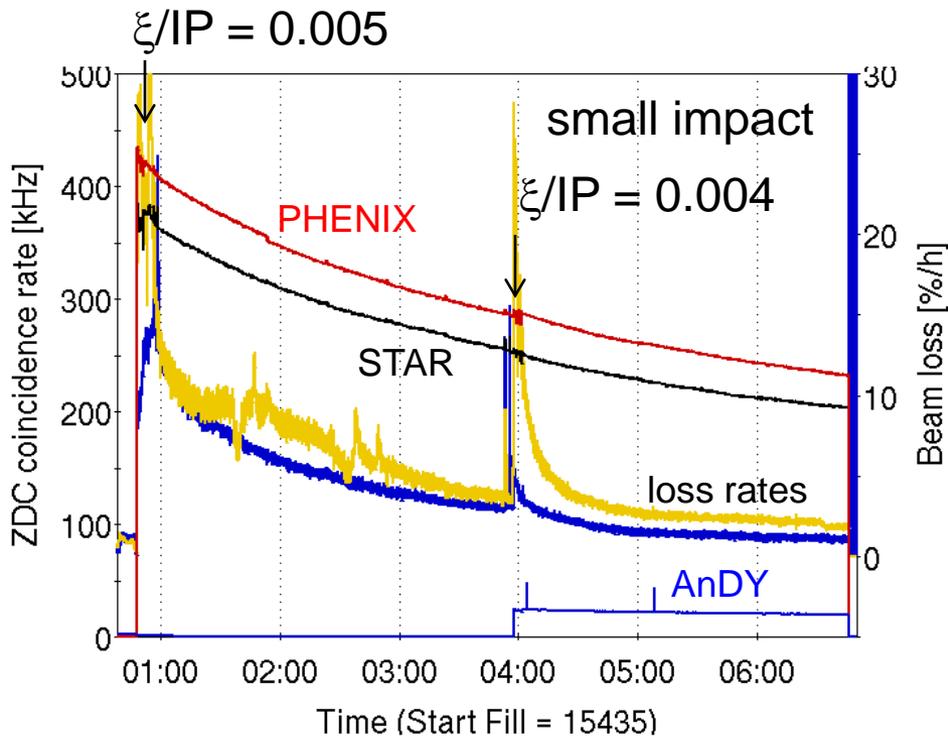
Compare CNI measurement at 100 GeV before and after up/down ramp



- Polarization ratio 100 GeV before / 100 GeV after: **0.79±0.02%**
- If up and down ramps are identical, loss from 100 to 250 GeV is **11%**
- With 63% polarization at 100 GeV (Run-9 H-jet) expect **56%** at 250 GeV
- H-jet measurement in Run-11 was **46%**

A_n DY in Run-11 (250 GeV pp)

- Beam envelope function $\beta^* = 3.0$ m at IP2
- Reduced IP2 crossing angle from initially 2.0 mrad to zero
- Added 3rd collision with following criteria (last instruction):
 1. $N_b \leq 1.5 \times 10^{11}$
 2. Beam loss rate $< 15\%/h$ in both beams
 3. Not before first polarization measurement 3h into store



Future operation of A_nDY

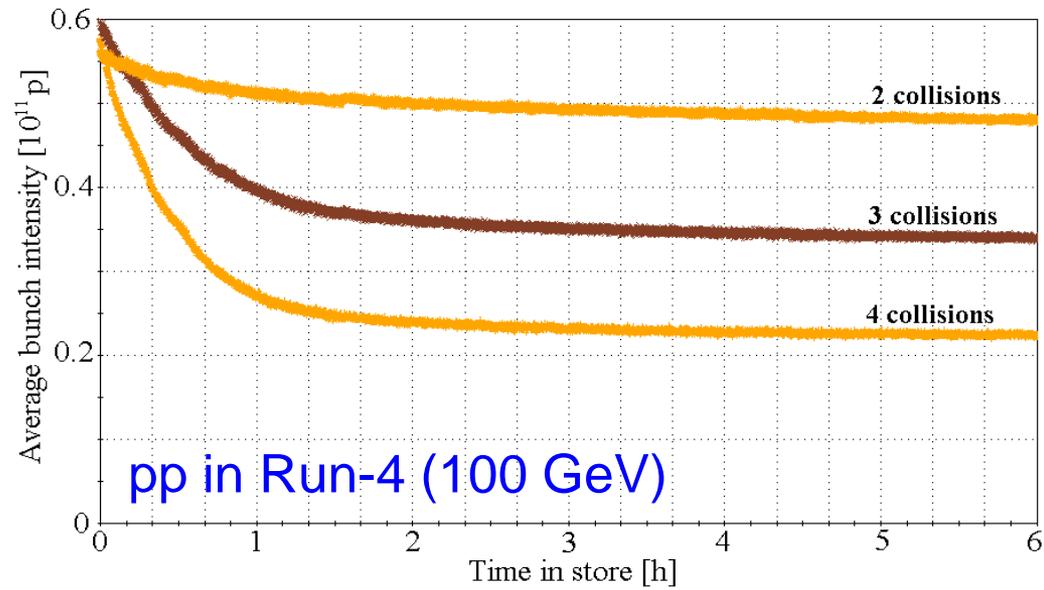
- Can reduce β^* at IP2
have run with $\beta^* = 2.0$ m previously for BRAHMS
 $\beta^* = 1.5$ m probably ok, needs to be tested
- Longer stores
10h instead of 8h in Run-11 (depends on luminosity lifetime and store-to-store time)
- Collide earlier in store when conditions are met
needs coordination with polarization measurement, PHENIX and STAR
- Electron lenses (see later) if A_nDY runs beyond Run-13
increases max beam-beam tune spread, currently $\Delta Q_{\text{max,bb}} \approx 0.015$
can be used for to increase $\xi \sim N_b/\epsilon$ and/or number of collisions

Run-11 luminosity at A_nDY:
max ~ 0.5 pb⁻¹/store

With improvements:

~ 3 x increase,
 ~ 10 pb⁻¹/week

(A_nDY sees stronger impact of prematurely aborted stores than STAR and PHENIX)



Run-11 peak polarization and luminosity

Run Coordinator: Haixin Huang

		Run-9 achieved	Run-11 achieved	Run-11 projections
Polarization P	%	35★	46★	35–50★
Peak luminosity L_{peak}	$10^{30} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	85	145*	85–170
Avg. store luminosity L_{avg}	$10^{30} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	55	90*	55–100
Luminosity per week L_{week}	pb^{-1}	18	25	18–35
Time-in-store	%	53	37 (46**)	55

★ Online H-jet measurement (average over transverse profile)

* Average of 6 best stores.

** Excluding down time due to refrigerator and AGS power cable failure.

- Good progress with peak performance
- Overall performance held back by reduced reliability
- Established operation of $A_n \text{DY}$ with small impact on STAR/PHENIX

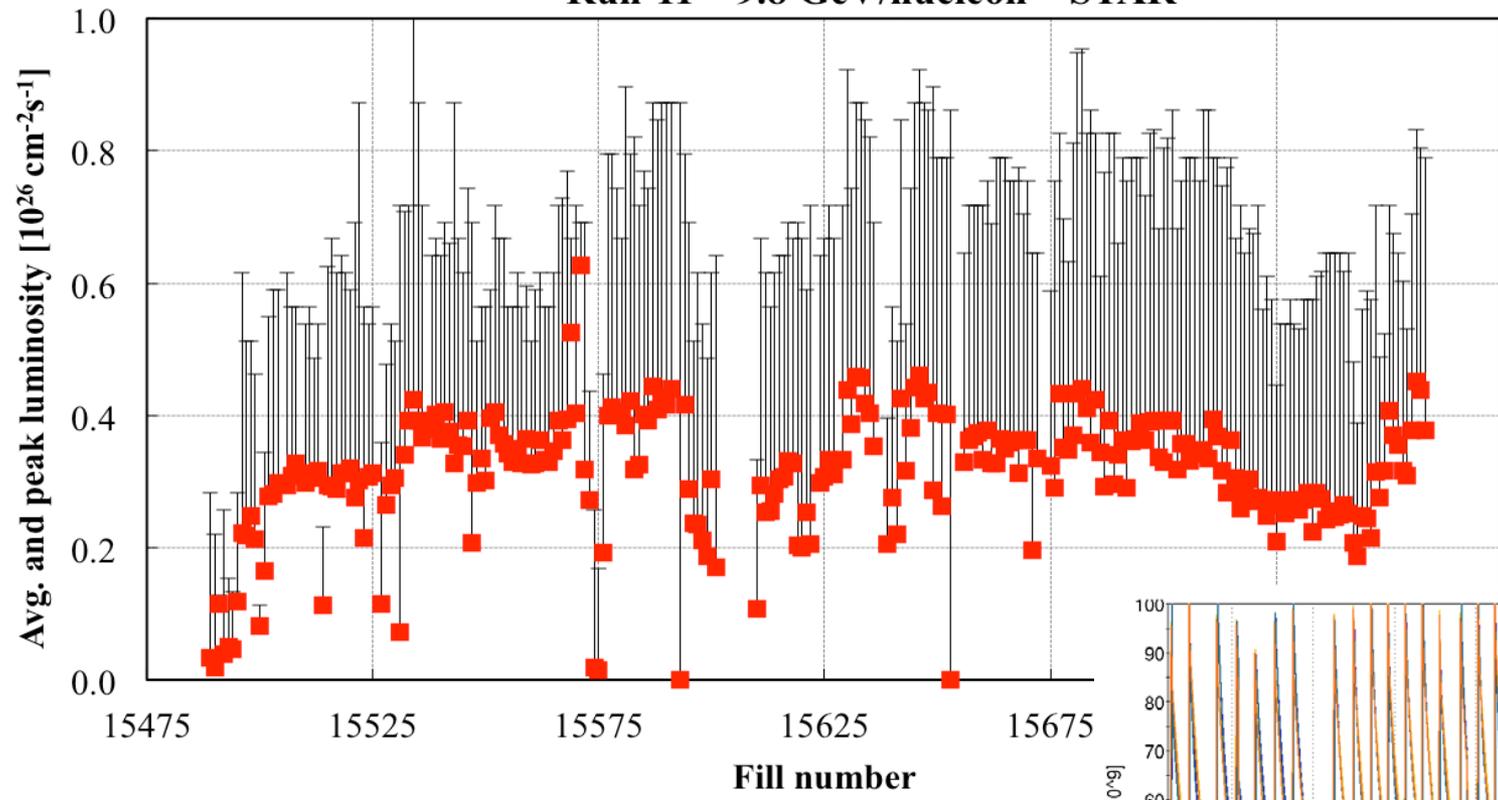
Improvements for heavy ions in Run-11

- Upgrade of longitudinal and vertical stochastic cooling systems
addressed feedthrough vacuum problems, mechanical problems,
Blue-Yellow cross-talk of vertical planes
- Separate common storage rf cavities (197 MHz)
less beam loading during rebucketing – main intensity limit in Run-10
- Improved feedbacks (orbit, tune, coupling, chromaticity) on ramp
reduced ramp setup time, ramp reproducibility
- 10 Hz orbit feedback at store
reduced background
- Improved store orbit feedback
improves stability of store conditions
- Better collimation on ramp
fewer aborted ramps with beam losses
- Beam dump upgrade
needed for higher intensity
- New Be beam pipe in PHENIX (smaller ID – 40 mm vs. 74 mm now)

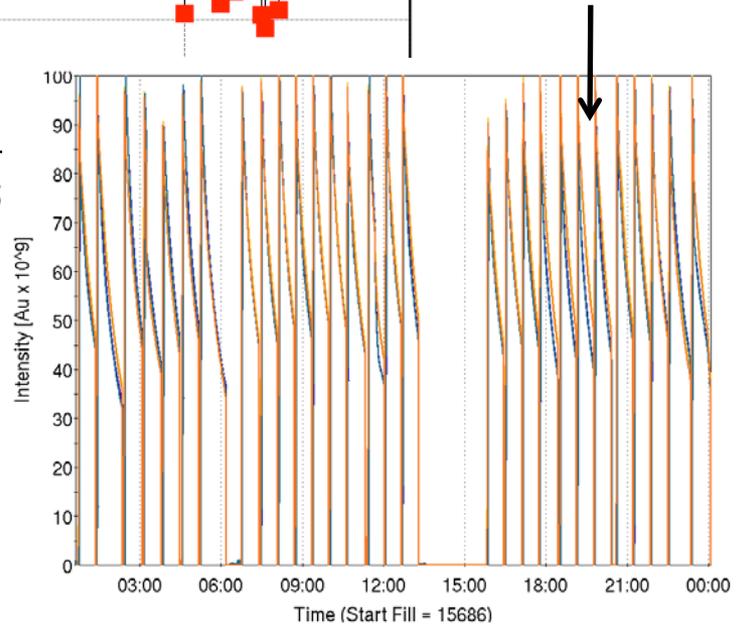
Run-11 Au-Au $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 19.6$ GeV (nominal injection energy)

Run Coordinator: Greg Marr

Run-11 9.8 GeV/nucleon STAR



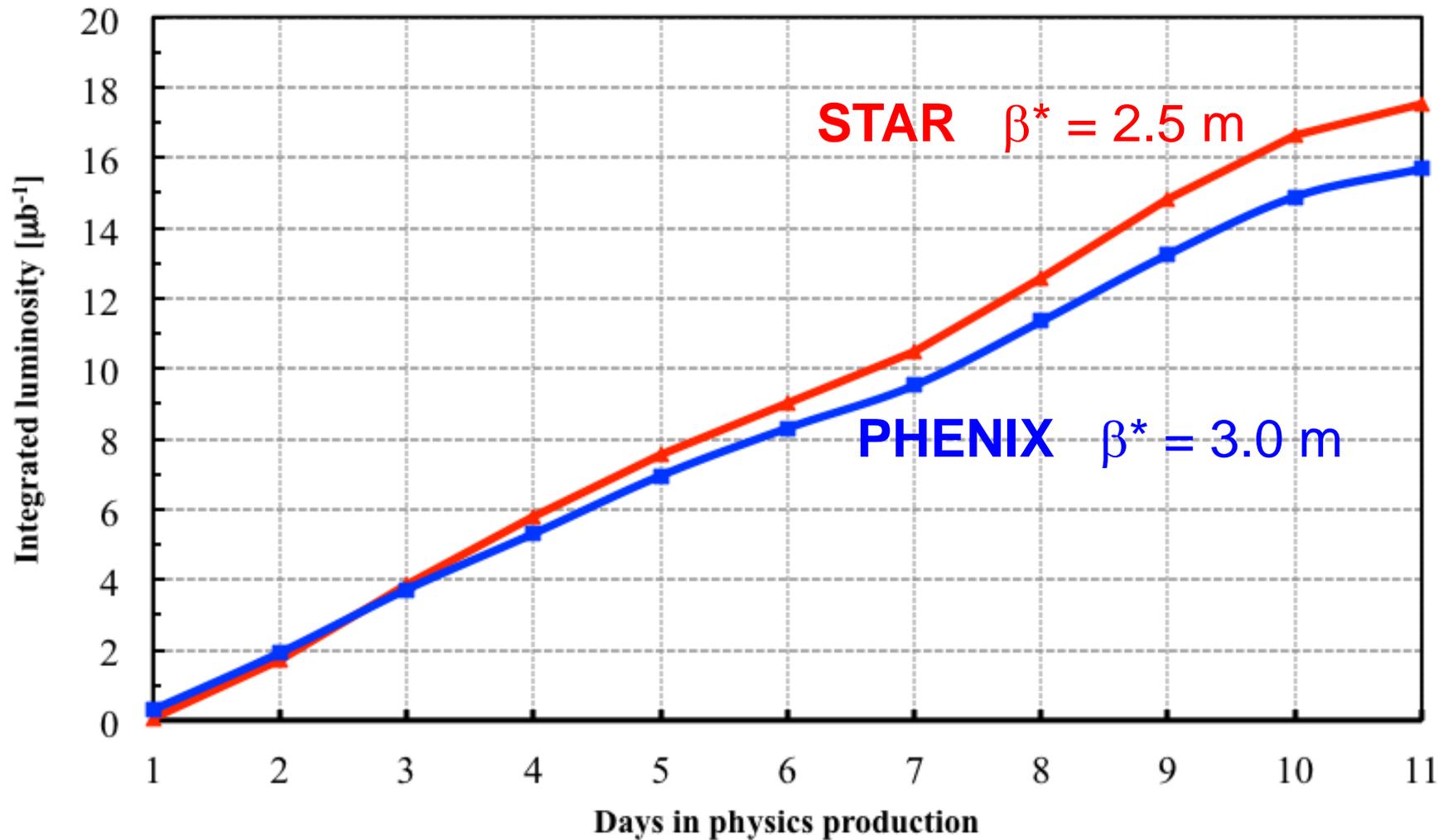
Typical day (04/25/11)



3 days to physics, 10 days in physics
35 min store length
71% of calendar time in store
STAR: $17.5 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$ (175x Run-2)
PHENIX: $15.7 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$ (157x Run-2)

Run-11 Au-Au $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 19.6$ GeV (nominal injection energy)

Run Coordinator: Greg Marr

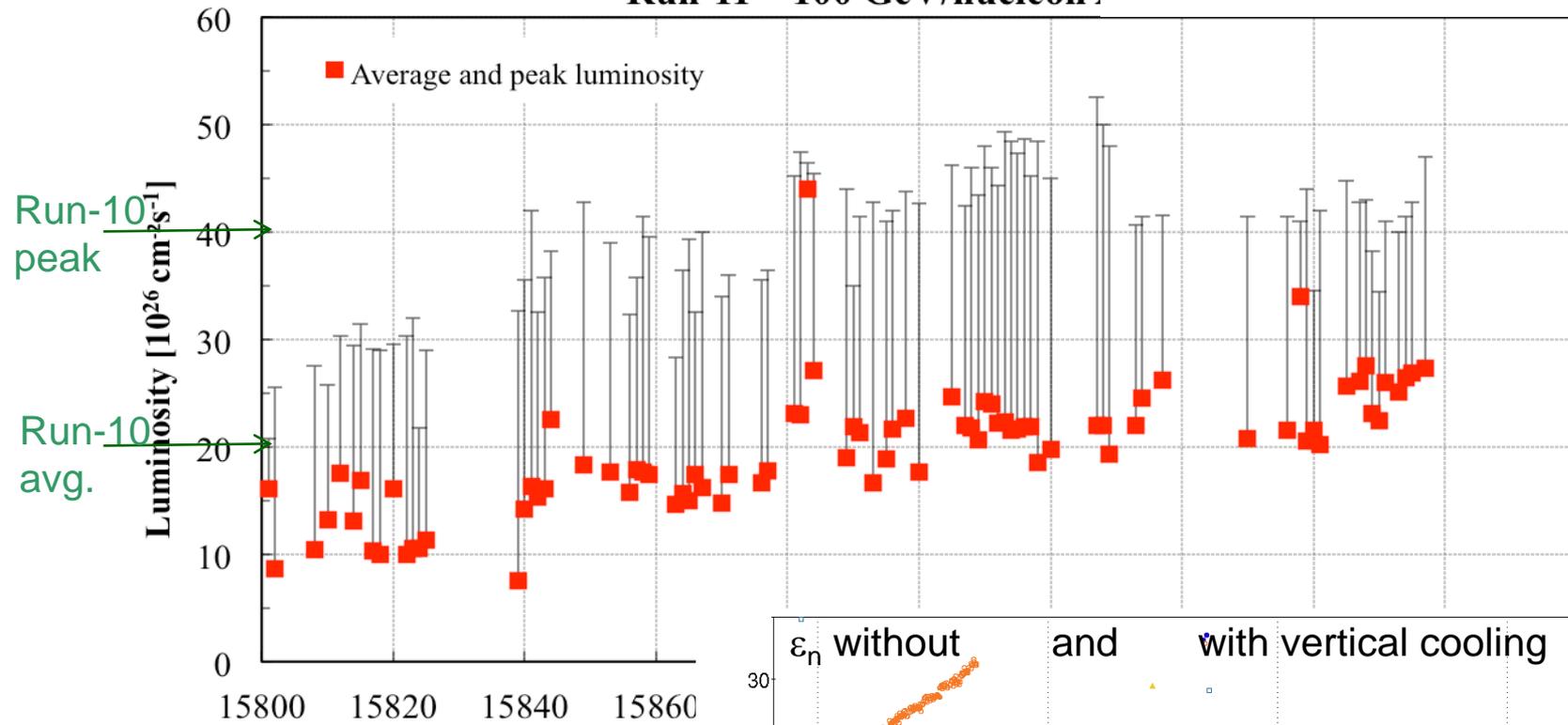


Steady operation throughout whole period

Run-11 Au-Au $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV (still under way)

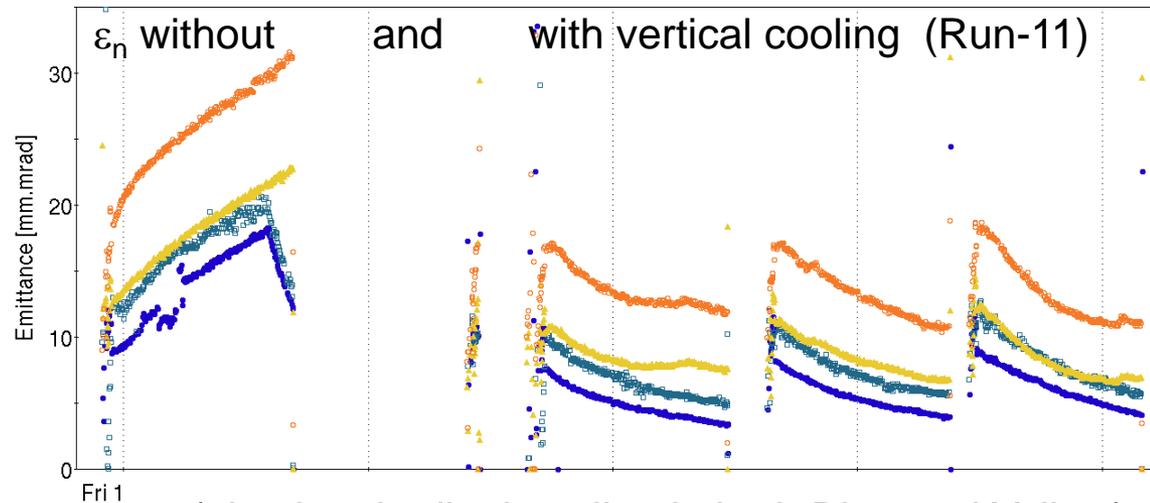
Run-11 100 GeV/nucleon

Run Coordinator: Greg Marr



Setup to physics in 4 days
(from operation at injection energy)

Exceed peak and average
luminosities from Run-10.

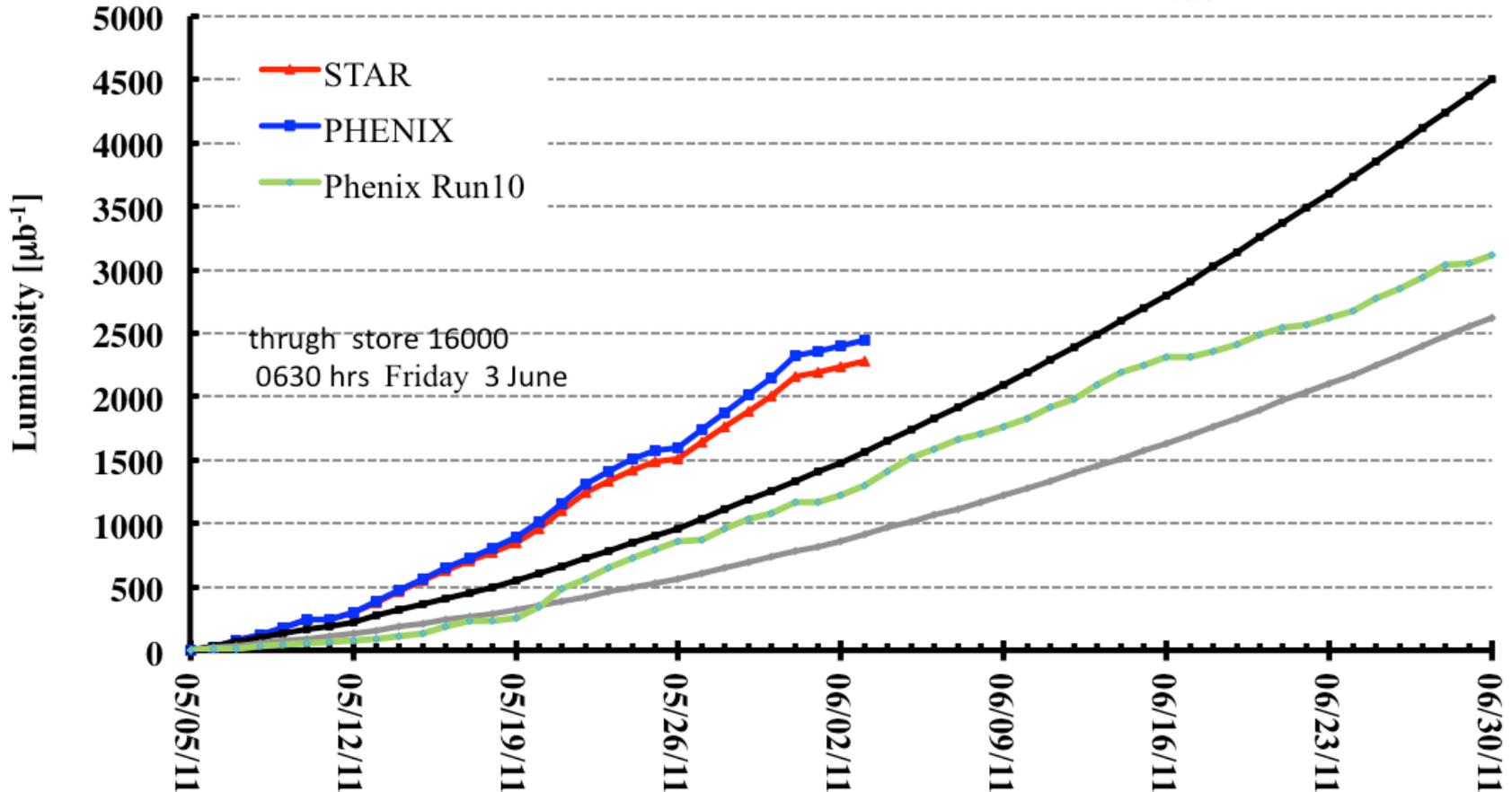


(also longitudinal cooling in both Blue and Yellow)

Run-11 Au-Au $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV (still under way)

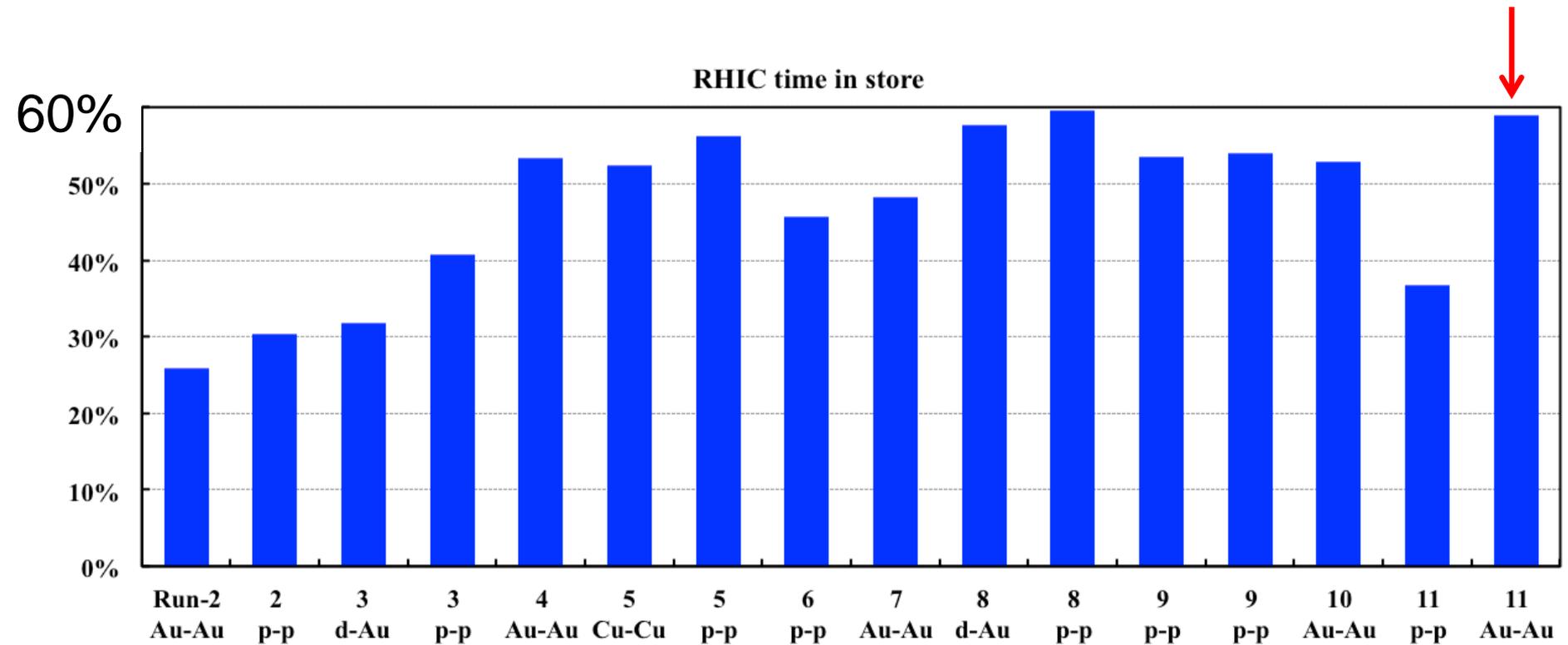
Run Coordinator: Greg Marr

RHIC Run-11 delivered Au-Au luminosity Run-11 ($\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV)



Presently on track to meet projections ...

Run-11 Au-Au $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV (still under way)



Time in store recovered to historical value

- Number of hardware problems resolved during pp operation
- Profit from commissioning of feedbacks and ramp collimation during pp
- Fewer new systems

Run-11 Au-Au luminosity (still under way)

Run Coordinator: Greg Marr

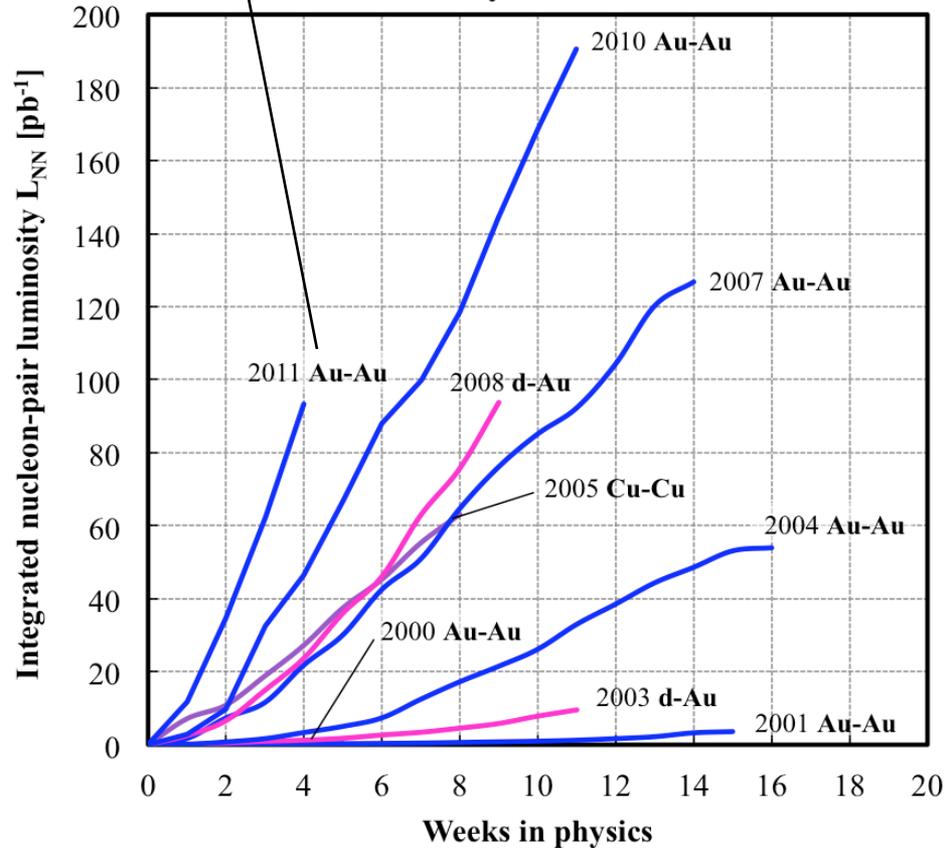
		Run-10 achieved	Run-11 achieved (to date)	Run-11 projections
Peak luminosity L_{peak}	$10^{26} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$	40	45	40-45
Avg. store luminosity L_{avg}	$10^{26} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$	20	30	20-25
Luminosity per week L_{week}	μb^{-1}	650	800	650-900
Time-in-store	%	53	58	55

- Setup faster than anticipated
- Good progress with peak and average performance
- About half the beam loss is now due to burn-off
- Integrated luminosity presently on track

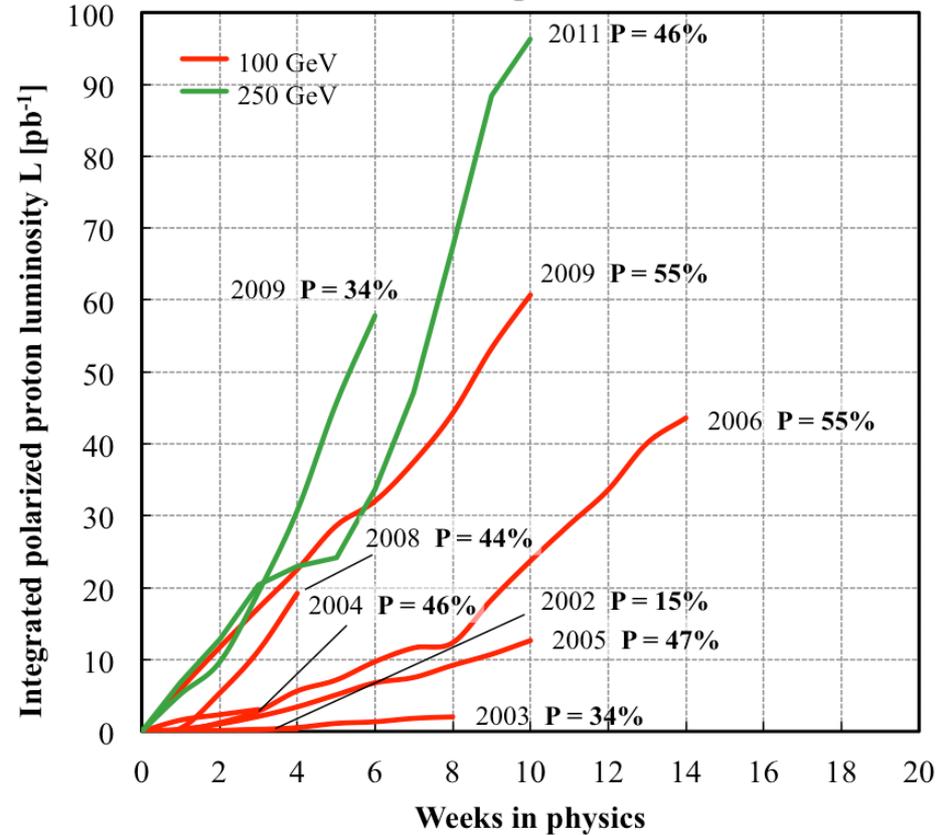
RHIC heavy ion and polarized protons 2000-2011

2011 Au-Au run still under way

Heavy ion runs



Polarized proton runs



Main upgrades for Run-12

Heavy ions

- EBIS operation for RHIC (Au, U)
needs to replace Tandem performance
- 1st use of horizontal stochastic cooling in both beams
then 3D cooling in both planes
- Incremental changes to lattice (β^* , Q'' reduction)
 β^* squeeze in store after emittance reduced through cooling

Polarized protons

- Incremental changes to improve polarization
source, emittance growth – particularly in AGS, store energy, ...
- Upgrade of 9 MHz RF system
high-intensity acceleration, smaller vertex and hourglass effect
- Incremental changes to store lattice
 $\Delta\beta/\beta$ reduction

Upgrades for Run-13

Heavy ions

- Incremental changes to stochastic cooling
- Incremental changes to lattice (β^* , Q'')

Polarized protons

- Upgraded polarized proton source
order of magnitude more intensity, P +5%
- Electron lenses
partial compensation of head-on beam-beam effect
will need commissioning time
- Incremental changes to store lattice
 β^* reduction, optimization for e-lens operation

Upgrades for Run-14 and beyond

Heavy ions

- 56 MHz SRF (Run-14)
increased longitudinal focusing, 30-50% more luminosity
- Low energy cooling (earliest for Run-17)
moved out by at least 2 years
need to finish e-lenses and 56 MHz SRF before resources are available

Polarized beams

- 56 MHz SRF (Run-14)
- Energy increase (+10% to 275 GeV)
yields +45% in W production cross section
- In-situ beam-pipe coating
reduction of Secondary Electron Yield in arcs, R&D under way
- Polarized ^3He
R&D on source started (EBIS as ionizer), need polarimetry

Electron Beam Ion Source (J. Alessi et al.)

- 10 A electron beam creates desired charge state in trap within 5 T superconducting solenoid
- Accelerated through RFQ and linac
- Injected into AGS Booster

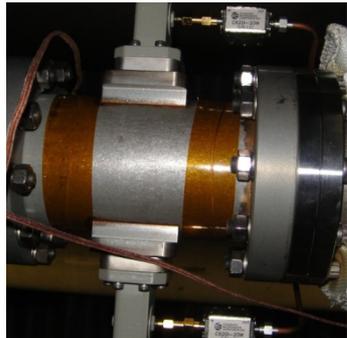


EBIS under commissioning:

- So far created He^+ , He^{2+} , Ne^{5+} , Ne^{8+} , Ar^{11+} , Ti^{18+} , Fe^{20+} , Au^{32+}
- Delivered beam to NSRL
- Work on $\sim 4x$ increase in Au^{32+} intensity in AGS Booster (2x from electron current, 2x from transmission)
- Received U cathode
- Tandem still available as backup next year

RHIC – 3D stochastic cooling for heavy ions

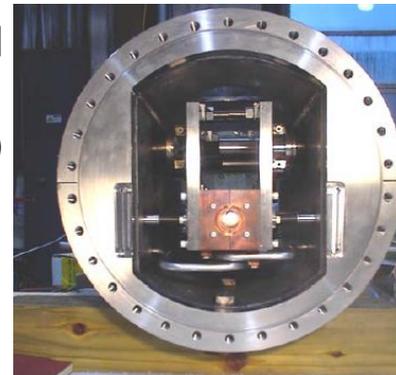
longitudinal pickup



Y h+v pickups

B h+v kickers

longitudinal
kicker
(closed)



Fiber Optic
Links,
transverse

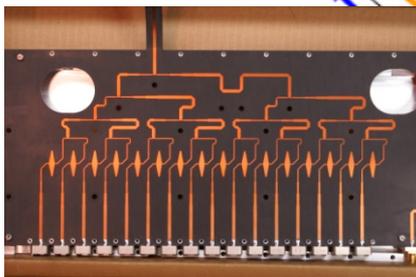
MicroWave
Links,
longitudinal

horizontal kicker
(open)

Last missing planes:
B+Y horizontal
installation in summer 2011



horizontal and
vertical pickups



B h+v pickups

Y h+v kickers

vertical
kicker
(closed)

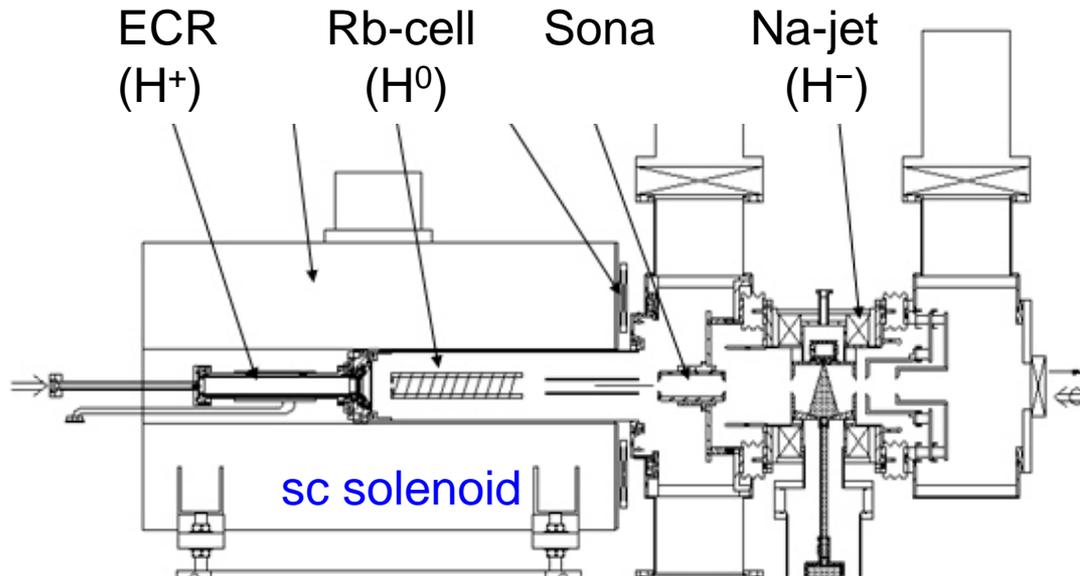


5-9 GHz, cooling times ~1 h

Optically Pumped Polarized H⁻ source (OPPIS)

Current OPPIS

A. Zelenski, PST2009



- 29.2 GHz ECR source used for primary H⁺ generation
- source was originally developed for dc operation

RHIC OPPIS produces reliably 0.5-1.0 mA polarized H⁻ ion current.

Polarization at 200 MeV:
P = 80-85%.

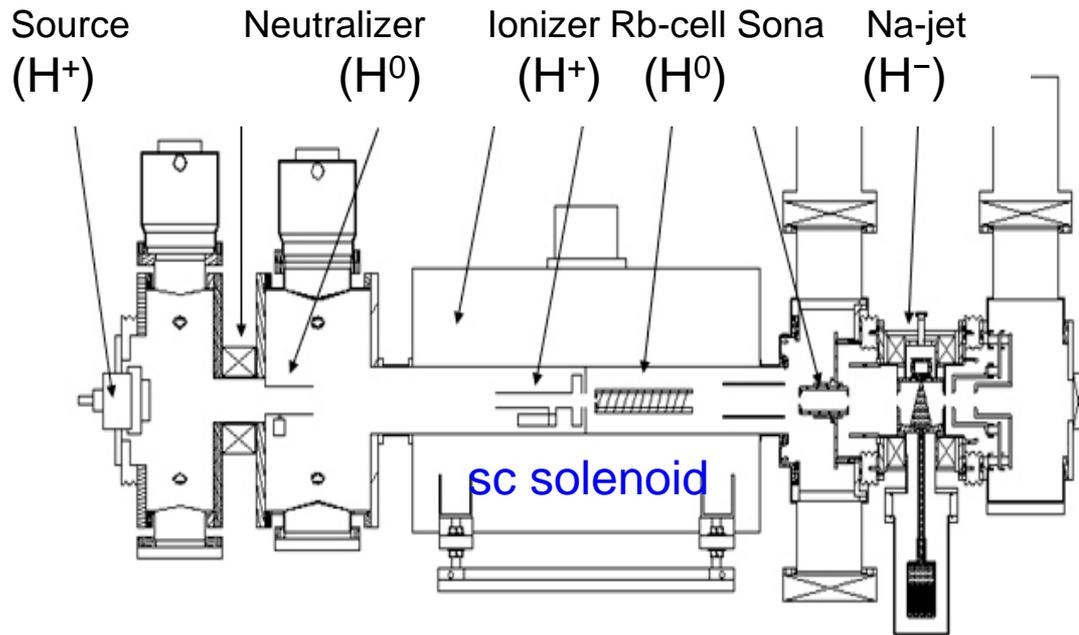
Beam intensity (ion/pulse)
routine operation:

Source	- 10 ¹² H ⁻ /pulse
Linac	- 5x10 ¹¹
AGS	- 1.8-2.0x10 ¹¹
RHIC	- 1.8x10 ¹¹ /bunch



Optically Pumped Polarized H⁻ source (OPPIS) – A. Zelenski

Upgraded OPPIS (Run-13)



10x intensity increase was demonstrated in a pulsed operation by using a very high-brightness Fast Atomic Beam Source instead of the ECR source

Goals:

1. H⁻ beam current increase to 10mA (order of magnitude)
2. Polarization to 85-90% (~5% increase)

Upgrade components:

1. Atomic hydrogen injector (collaboration with BINP Novosibirsk)
2. Superconducting solenoid (3 T)
3. Beam diagnostics and polarimetry

Electron lenses – partial head-on beam-beam compensation

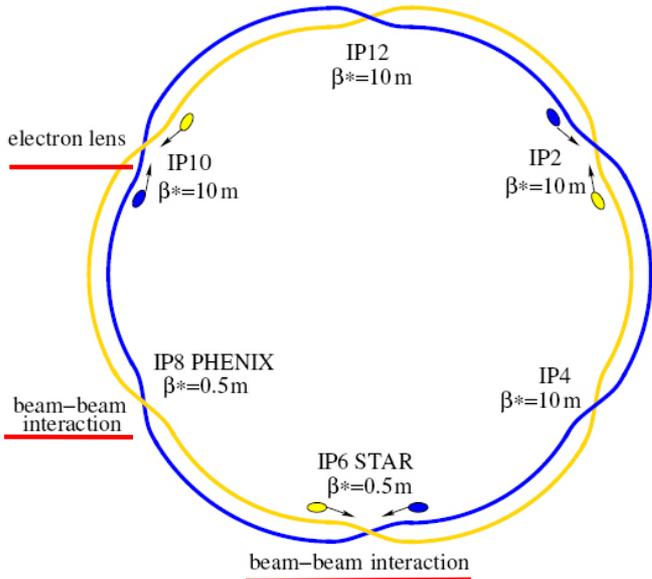
Polarized proton luminosity limited by head-on beam-beam effect ($\Delta Q_{bb,max} \sim 0.02$)

Basic idea:

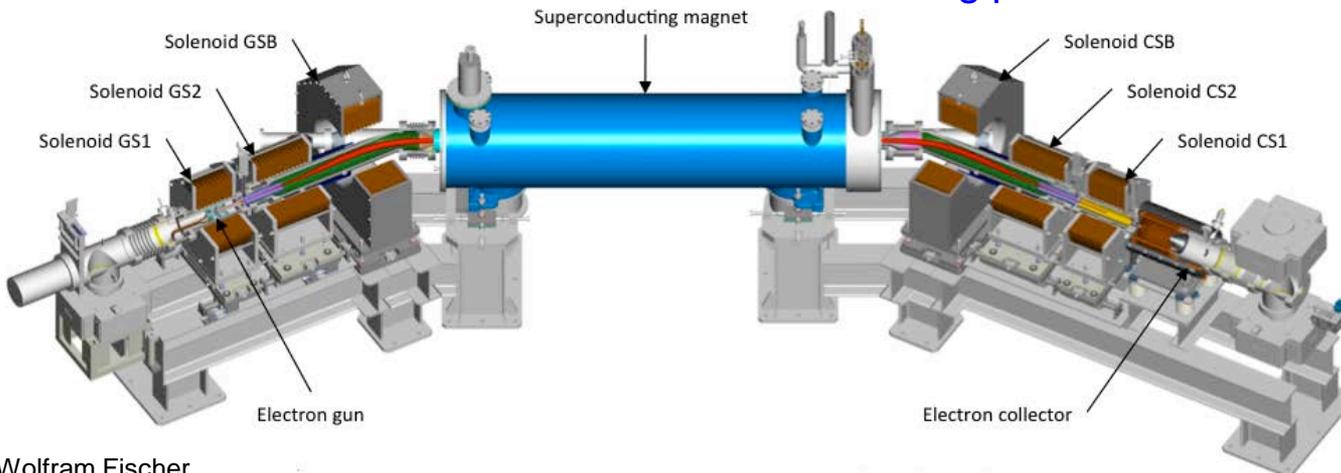
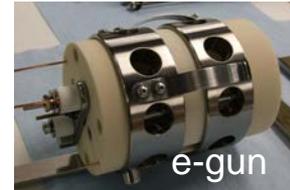
In addition to 2(3) beam-beam collisions with **positively** charged beam have another collision with a **negatively** charged beam with the same amplitude dependence.

Exact compensation for:

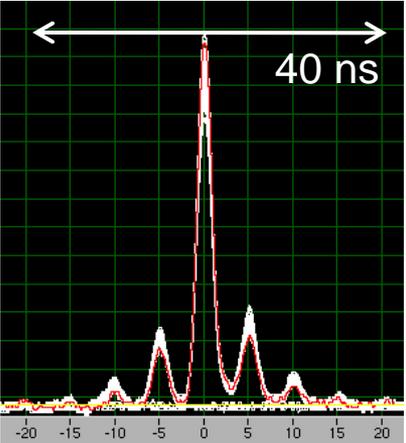
- short bunches
- $\Delta\psi_{x,y} = k\pi$ between p-p and p-e collision
- no nonlinearities between p-p and p-e
- same amplitude dependent kick from p-p, p-e
- only approximate realization possible



Expect up to 2x more luminosity with OPPIS upgrade
Commissioning planned for Run-13



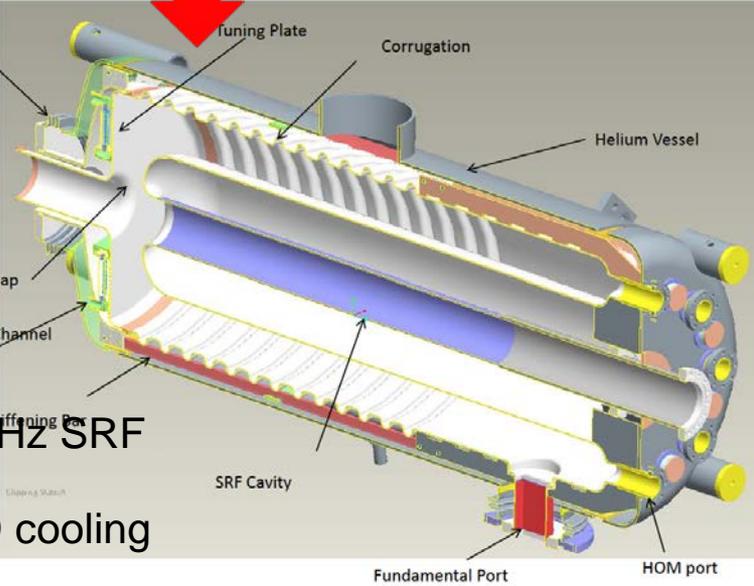
56 MHz SRF for heavy ions – under construction (I. Ben-Zvi et al.)



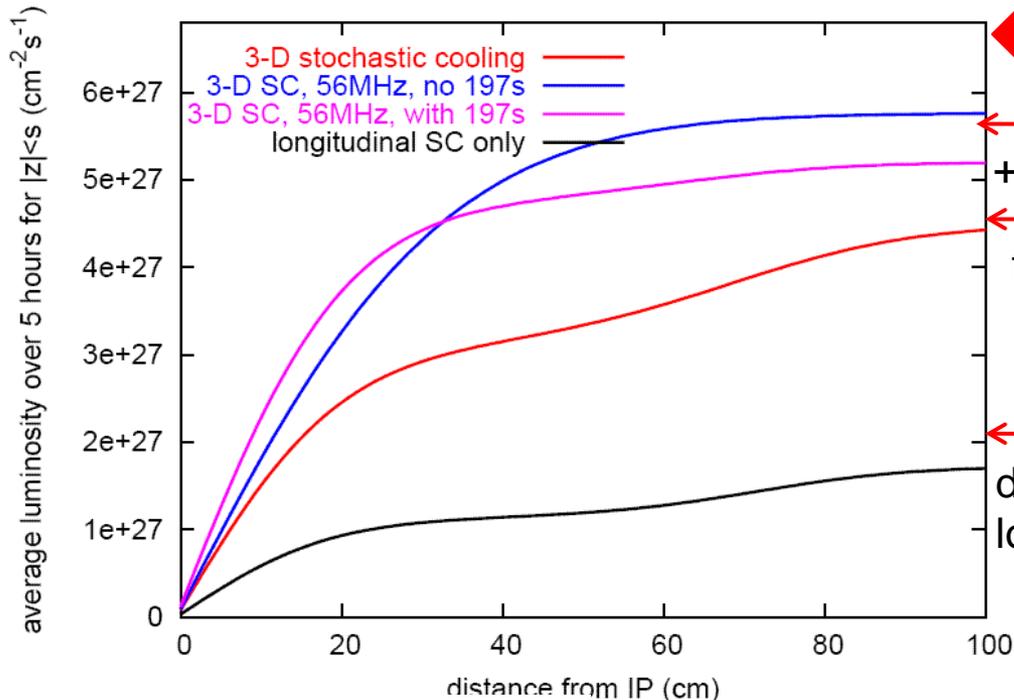
Longitudinal profile at end of store

- even with cooling ions migrate into neighboring buckets
- can be reduced with increased focusing

Commissioning in Run-14



Average luminosity vs. vertex size



+ 56 MHz SRF

full 3D cooling

demonstrated 2010 long. + ver. cooling

Summary – RHIC luminosity and polarization goals

Parameter	Unit	Achieved	Upgraded	
<u>Au-Au operation</u>		(2011)	(>=2012)	
Energy	GeV/nucleon	100	100	
No of bunches	...	111	111	
Bunch intensity	10^9	1.3	1.0	
Average L	$10^{26}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$	25	40	
<u>p↑- p↑ operation</u>		(2011)	(>=2012)	(>=2014)
Energy	GeV	100 / 250	100 / 250	250
No of bunches	...	109	109	109
Bunch intensity	10^{11}	1.3 / 1.65	1.3 / 1.7	2.0
Average L	$10^{30}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$	24 / 90	30 / 150	60 / 300
Polarization P	%	55 / 46	60	70

Run-12 and Run-13 working assumptions

(from Beam Use Proposals)

Requests for Run-12

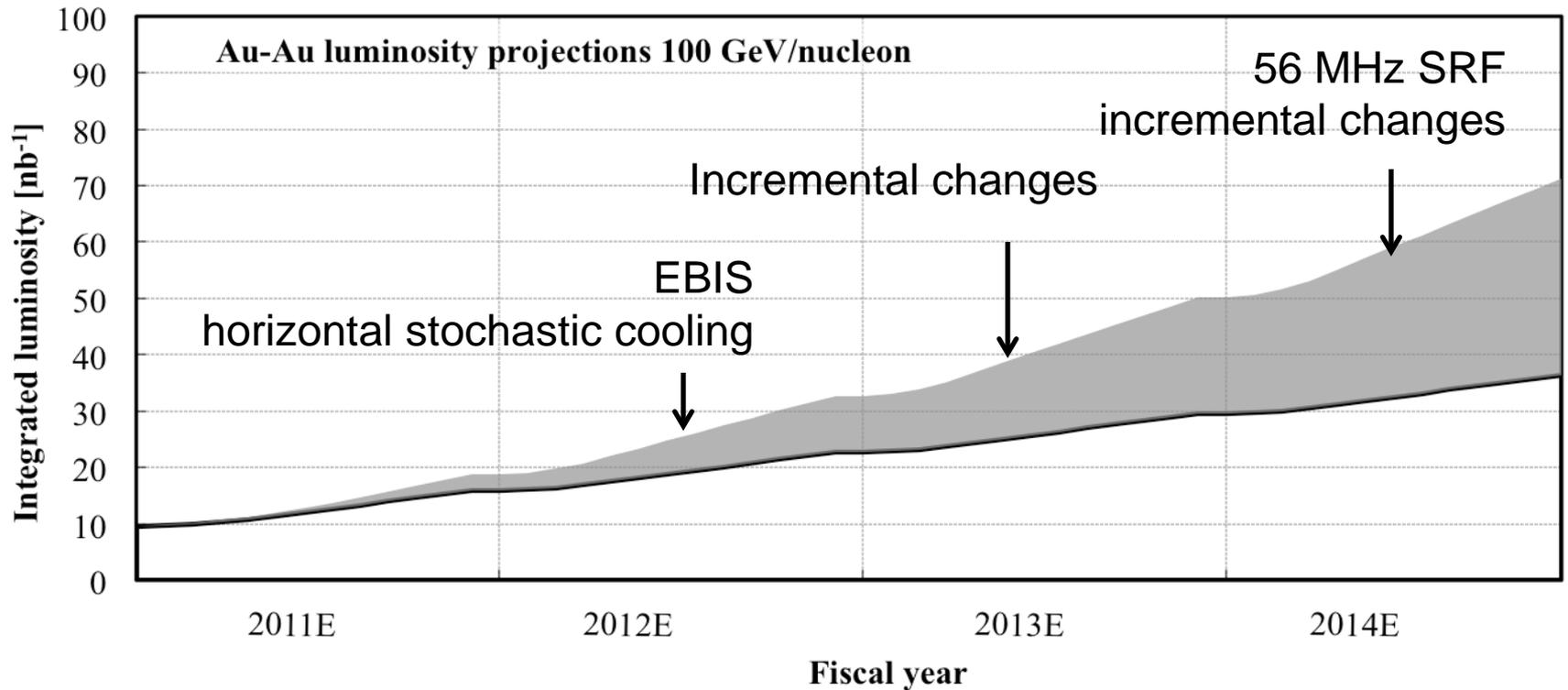
- Au-Au : $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 27 \text{ GeV}$ (STAR, PHENIX)
- Au-Au : $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ (PHENIX)
- U-U : $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 193 \text{ GeV}$ (STAR, PHENIX)
- p^{\wedge} - p^{\wedge} : $\sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV}$ (STAR, PHENIX)
- p^{\wedge} - p^{\wedge} : $\sqrt{s} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ (PHENIX)
- p - p (unpolarized) : $\sqrt{s} = 62.4, 39 \text{ GeV}$ (PHENIX)

Requests for Run-13

- Au-Au : $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ (STAR)
- Cu-Au : $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ (PHENIX)
- U-U : $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 193 \text{ GeV}$ (PHENIX)
- p^{\wedge} - p^{\wedge} : $\sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV}$ (STAR, PHENIX)
- p^{\wedge} - p^{\wedge} : $\sqrt{s} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ (STAR, PHENIX)

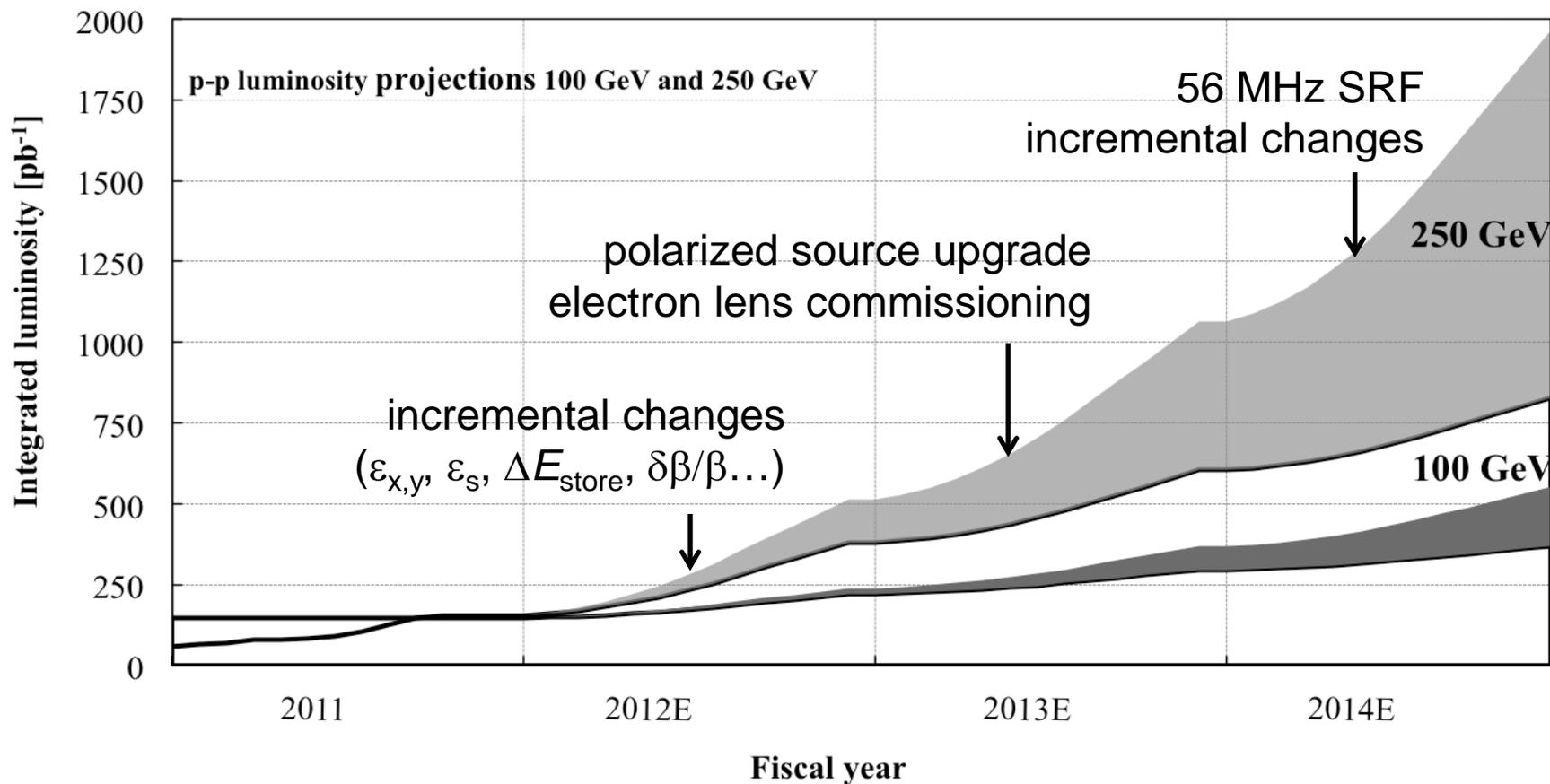
Preferred order for machine is: heavy ions first, polarized protons second.

Projections projection for Au-Au



[Note1 :assume 12 weeks of physics, 8 weeks of ramp-up, start at ¼ of max]
[Note 2: last projections from 11 May 2010 still valid – reached peak performance goals for both polarized protons and heavy ions, will update after Run-11]

Projections for p⁻p⁺



[Note1: assume 12 weeks of physics, 8 weeks of ramp-up, start at ¼ of max]

Note 2: last projections from 11 May 2010 still valid – reached peak performance goals for both polarized protons and heavy ions, will update after Run-11

Note 3: A_nDY operation with ~10 pb⁻¹/week after ramp-up

Summary

Performance in Run-11

- p⁻p⁺ at $\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV:
 $P \sim 45\text{-}50\%$, $L_{\text{avg}} = 90 \times 10^{30} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$, **25 pb⁻¹/week**
(all new records for peak performance, and all within Run-11 projections)
integrated luminosity lower than expected due to down time
 A_n DY tested, ran with relatively small impact on STAR/PHENIX
- Au-Au at $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 19.6$ GeV: **17.5 μb^{-1} /10 days** (175x Run-2 value for STAR)
- Au-Au at $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 200$ GeV: **$\sim 800 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$ /week** (still running)

Run-12

- Au-Au: EBIS, horizontal stochastic cooling ($L +30\%$, U)
- p⁻p⁺: incremental changes ($L +30\%$, $P +5\%$)
 A_n DY possible with $\sim 10 \text{pb}^{-1}$ /week after full ramp-up

Run-13

- Au-Au: incremental changes
- p⁻p⁺: source upgrade, electron lens commissioning