

# Measurement of Anti-Quark Polarization at PHENIX

Naohito Saito

*Radiation Laboratory*

*RIKEN (The Institute of Physical and Chemical Research)*

*Saitama 351-0198, Japan*

(<http://www.rhic.bnl.gov/phenix/WWW/publish/saito/>)

The measurement of the anti-quark polarization and its flavor decomposition is crucial in the study of the spin structure of the nucleon. The deep inelastic scattering of polarized lepton off polarized nucleon target is not sensitive to those, because photon couples only to electric charge squared. Because of this, the current study of the flavor structure of the quark/anti-quark polarization has to assume flavor SU(3) symmetry.

The parity violating asymmetry  $A_L$  for  $W$  production in polarized  $pp$  collision is very sensitive not only to helicity structure of the anti-quarks in the proton but also to the flavor structure of them. The asymmetry for  $W^+$  production can be written as

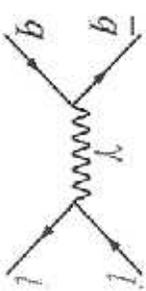
$$A_L^{W^+} = \frac{\Delta u(x_a, M_W^2) \bar{d}(x_b, M_W^2) - \Delta \bar{d}(x_a, M_W^2) u(x_b, M_W^2)}{u(x_a, M_W^2) \bar{d}(x_b, M_W^2) + \bar{d}(x_a, M_W^2) u(x_b, M_W^2)}$$

For  $W^-$  production, the  $u$  and  $\bar{d}$  should be exchanged. Obviously the asymmetry is just the linear combination of the quark and anti-quark polarization. Furthermore, the flavor in the reaction is almost fixed. Thus flavor decomposition is possible.

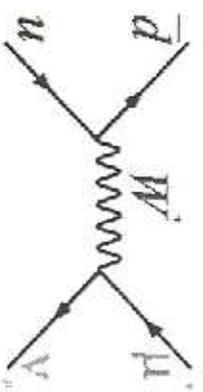
In the PHENIX detector at RHIC, the production of  $W$  can be identified with the lepton with high transverse momentum such as  $p_T > 20$  GeV/c. With this experimental cut in the PHENIX Muon Arm, we expect about 5,000 events for each of  $W^+$  and  $W^-$  productions with the integrated luminosity of  $800 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ . Reconstruction of partonic level kinematics is one of the key issues in the hadronic collisions. Using the correlation between muon momentum and  $x$  carried by the parton due to the decay angle distribution in  $V-A$  reaction, it is possible to extract the polarization as a function of  $x$ . The high momentum resolution expected from the detailed simulation and good muon identification proven in the beam test at KEK of the PHENIX detector system, will help this reconstruction very much.

# Anti-quark Helicity Distribution

- Drell-Yan Production of lepton pairs
  - maximal parton level asymmetry:  $a_{LL} = -1$
  - possible severe background from semi-leptonic decays of open charm productions



- W production
  - helicity of quarks definitely defined via V-A nature
  - flavor almost fixed: flavor analysis possible
  - PHENIX-Muon Arms, EMcal important



$$A_{LL}^{W^+} = \frac{\Delta u(x_a, M_W^2) \bar{d}(x_b, M_W^2) - \Delta \bar{d}(x_a, M_W^2) u(x_b, M_W^2)}{u(x_a, M_W^2) \bar{d}(x_b, M_W^2) + \bar{d}(x_a, M_W^2) u(x_b, M_W^2)}$$

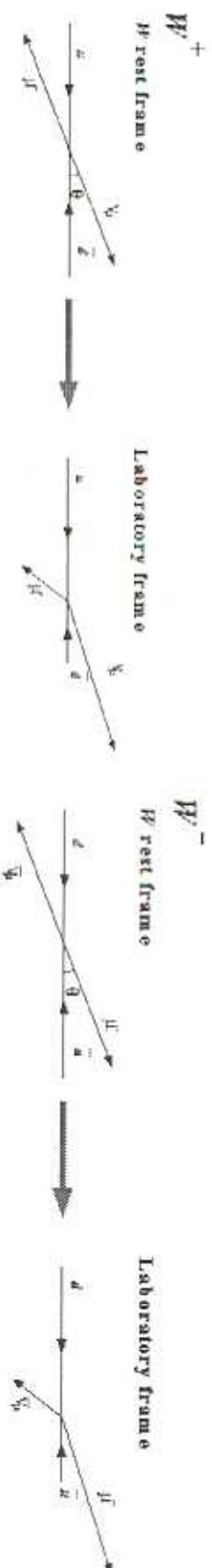
Naohito Saito, RIKEN

# $W$ yield with 800 pb<sup>-1</sup>

PYTHIA w/ GRV94LO checked against CDF data

|  | $W^-$       | $W^+$      |
|--|-------------|------------|
| acceptance for muon w/ $p_T > 20$ GeV/ $c$ | 14%         | 4%         |
| yield (both muon arms)                     | 5100        | 5600       |
| $\Delta A_L$ (statistical only)            | 2%          | 2%         |
| rapidity average                           | 0.78±0.34   | 0.71±0.41  |
| background from Z-decay                    | 1095(21.5%) | 984(17.6%) |

Acceptance difference between  $W^-$  and  $W^+$



Naohito Saito, RIKEN

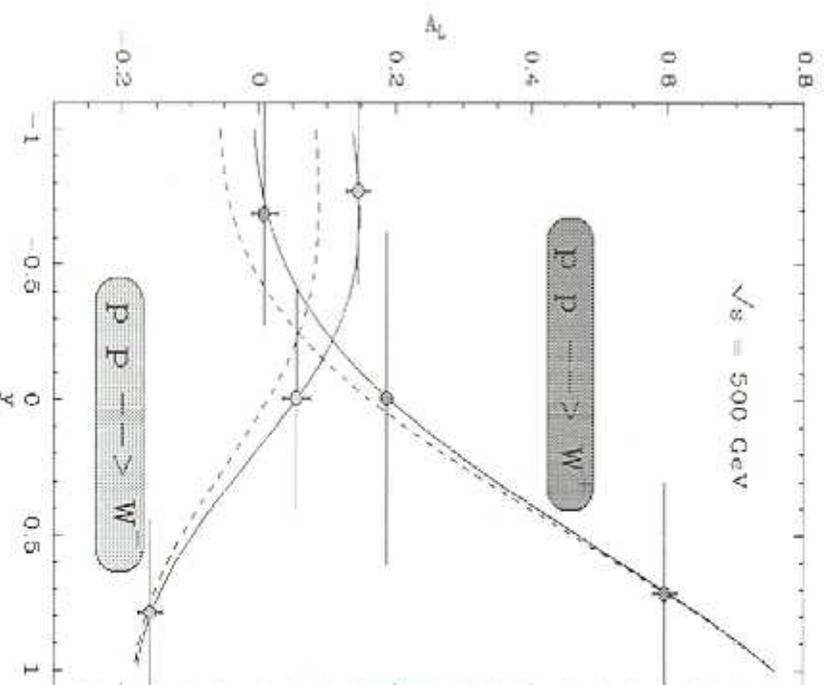
# Prediction and Projected Error

- C. Bourrely, J. Soffer Published in Nucl.Phys.B445:341-379,1995

Prediction for the  
parity violating  
asymmetry  $A_L$  as a  
function of  $y^W$

solid line: soft gluon

dashed line: hard gluon

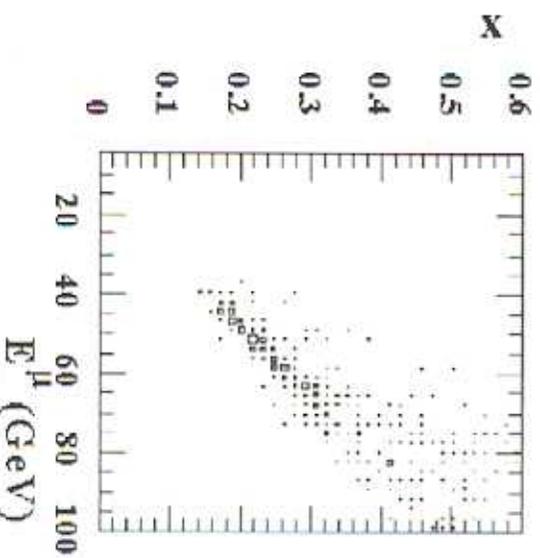


Naohito Saito, RIKEN

# Parton Level Kinematics

- Decay  $\nu$  cannot be detected:  $x$ -determination hard
- but good correlation  $x$  vs  $E^\mu$ :  $V$ - $A$  requires  $(1+\cos\theta)^2$

$$p_\mu = \frac{\sqrt{s}}{4} [(1+\cos\theta)x_u + (1-\cos\theta)x_d] M_W = \sqrt{x_u x_d s}$$

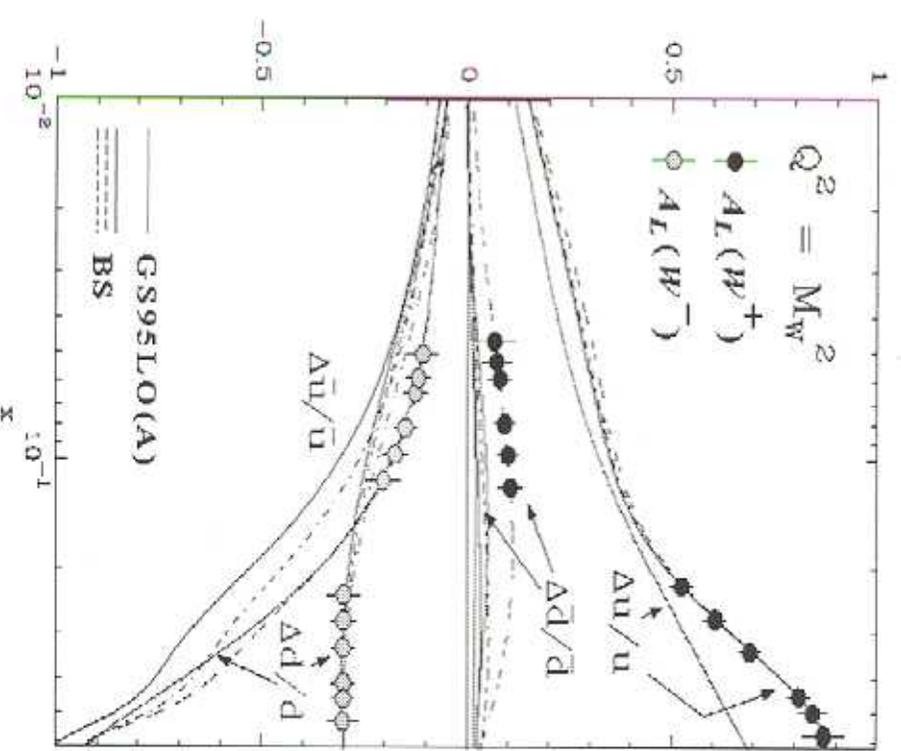


| $p^\mu$ region           | $x$ -average    | $M^+$ |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-------|
| $34 < p^\mu < 50$ GeV/c  | $0.22 \pm 0.08$ |       |
| $50 < p^\mu < 60$ GeV/c  | $0.27 \pm 0.08$ |       |
| $60 < p^\mu < 70$ GeV/c  | $0.33 \pm 0.09$ |       |
| $70 < p^\mu < 80$ GeV/c  | $0.44 \pm 0.11$ |       |
| $80 < p^\mu < 95$ GeV/c  | $0.49 \pm 0.10$ |       |
| $95 < p^\mu < 120$ GeV/c | $0.56 \pm 0.11$ |       |

Naohito Saito, RIKEN

# Sensitivity Goal - statistical limit

- Anti-quark polarization measured with  $A_L^W$
- More systematic studies are underway
  - background from  $\pi/K$  decays
  - background from  $Z^0$  decays



Naohito Saito, RIKEN